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Issue 190 November-December 2022

Prairie Grains

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 - **Annual Convention**
- ▶ Prairie Grains Conference Agenda

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ABOUT PRAIRIE GRAINS

Prairie Grains magazine is published six times annually and delivered free of charge to members of these grower associations, and to spring wheat and barley producers in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana. To subscribe or change address, please write or call our circulation department.

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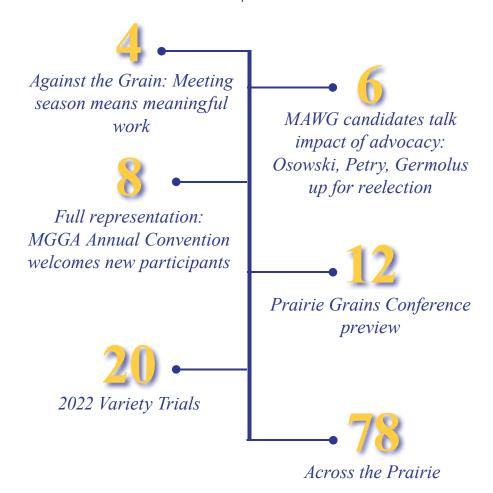


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Prairie Grains

November-December 2022 | Issue 190



Cover Story

This yearly special edition of Prairie
Grains highlights the results from the 2022
Variety Trials. Take a deeper dive into data
from each trial. Photo by North Dakota
State University researcher Clair Keene.

Against the Grain

Meeting season means meaningful work

Well folks, with a lot of hard work and a little bit of luck, we've made it through another harvest. As we close the books on the 2022 season and reflect on the year, I hope everyone is taking a well-deserved breath. In the coming months, there is still plenty of work on the docket, but rest assured, there is a healthy dose of excitement, too.

At the top of that list is the Prairie Grains Conference. Falling on Dec. 7 and 8, the Minnesota Association of Wheat Growers, North Dakota Grain Growers Association and Minnesota Barley are putting the final touches on the agenda, and I have no doubt that it will be two days stacked with content that you won't want to miss.

Every year, I look forward to this conference for multiple reasons. The speaker lineup is always impressive, and this year is no different. Paul Gerdes, Crop Nutrients Director of Sales at CHS Inc.; Mark Jirik, Director of Northern Crops Institute; and Daryl Ritchison, Meteorologist and Director of NDAWN with North Dakota State University are just a few of the speakers slated for this

year's conference.

Another integral aspect of the conference is the networking opportunities with industry partners. The conversations that occur nurture business and personal relationships, strengthening our organizations.

The final, and arguably most important, reason that I eagerly await the Prairie Grains Conference each year is getting to spend time with all of you. Without you, and your membership, MAWG wouldn't be the organization that it is today.

With that being said, I highly encourage all members to attend the conference. There is something for everyone with breakout sessions, exhibits, speakers and commodity organization meetings. Remember, meal tickets are guaranteed for those who register by Nov. 22. Registration, and other vital information, can be found



Mike Gunderson

on the Minnesota Wheat website.

As always, we are in frequent communication with the National Association of Wheat Growers (NAWG). By the time this issue has arrived in your mailboxes, NAWG's fall conference will have come and gone. As I'm

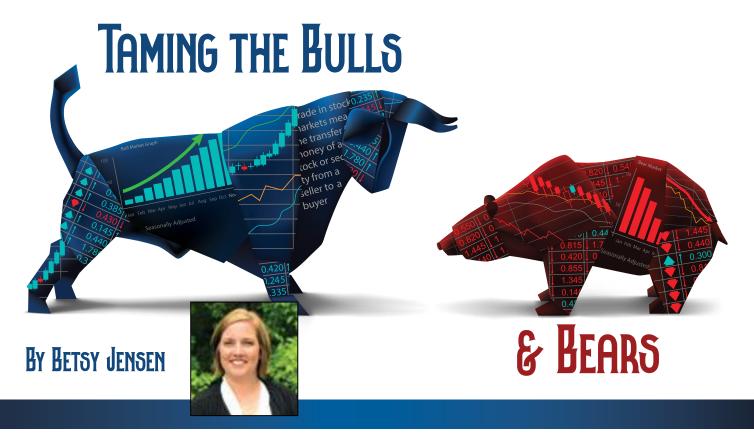
be seen whether I will be in attendance because, as all of you can relate, farm

work dictates my schedule. Either way, the content produced at the conference will set the stage for the coming year and with the 2023 Farm Bill approaching, it's more important than ever to remain vigilant in protecting Minnesota wheat growers.

As we transition into the new year, I am eager to embrace whatever challenge is thrown our way and tackle issues on your behalf.

But, before then, I hope that everyone's holiday season is filled with family, friends and an unreasonable amount of holiday treats. We'll see you in 2023.





Pretending to understand

I should update my resume. To pretend I have any educated advice on the commodity markets, I should add something about logistics, Russian politics, South American geography, the Federal Reserve bank and interest rates, and an expert on all things China. Maybe then I would have a little credibility about commodity prices.

Presently, I feel lost and confused. I was once a commodity broker and wrote the opening and closing commentary. It was easy. Big export sale to Country X, rain in one area, dryness in another, fund buying, article done. If I was lucky there was a USDA report to summarize.

That helped fill the required word count. We had the standard fundamentals we watched, add a sprinkle of technical indicators like resistance and moving averages, and that was our market summary.

Now a big market mover is Russian or North Korea military action. Recession fears, inflation, supply chain issues and unemployment rates end up in the wheat headlines. Commodity brokers need to know more than just USDA report days and crop progress ratings.

Instead of pretending to understand Russian military strategies, I am going to focus on what I do know. I do know interest rates have risen significantly and it makes holding grain much more expensive. We have been spoiled by several years of low interest rates and that changed this year. If you have a line of credit, it has probably risen by 4% during 2022. Use your new interest rate in your grain storage calculators and it adds up quickly.

I also know we are walking a tightrope of profitability. So far our high commodity prices are outpacing our high inputs costs, but someday the party will end. Input costs, including land values, will stay high longer than our commodity prices. There will be a correction and a few tough years. I cannot avoid the tough years, but I would like to minimize them. I expect to sell wheat below \$7 again. I hope I can raise my average by making some forward sales. Survive the tough years so I can celebrate when the good years reappear.

This is an impossible time to make commodity market projections. USDA releases a supply and demand report, but it is ignored when North Korea launches a missile or Russia bombs a grain port. We are well beyond the volatility of some dry weather in the winter wheat belt or delayed soybean plantings in South America.

As you make your plans for 2023, I hope you will peek at 2023 prices right now. Can you make money at these levels? Why not take advantage of a profitable opportunity? Once upon a time I considered soybeans a low input crop, but

rising seed and chemical expenses have increased our per acre expenses. There is so much at risk for 2023. Spring wheat prices for 2023 are already \$2 off the high we made in May 2022. Let me repeat that: September 2023 spring wheat prices are two dollars lower than they were in May 2022. Please do not think that we have any kind of price floor or profit guarantee. The only guarantee we have is volatility.

I hope you attend many crop marketing update meetings this winter. I hope to see you at some of the events – including the Prairie Grains Conference in December – where I will be on stage pretending I understand supply chain issues. As market analysts, we are doing our best. If you hear someone claiming to know the answers, proceed with caution. This is a volatile time.

I have watched a few YouTube videos about the Mississippi River levels and listened to some podcasts about interest rates. Not sure that is a credible reason to add "logistics and macroeconomic expertise" to my resume, but I am trying to understand the impacts on commodity markets. I will keep my focus on making money and minimizing risk. If you are in the audience while I'm presenting, keep the questions simple. I remember the good old days when the hardest question was about protein discounts and not Russian military strategy. Welcome to 2023.

MAWG candidates talk impact of advocacy

Osowski, Petry, Germolus up for reelection

By Sydney Harris

Ag Management Solutions

Organizations need strong leaders at the helm to guide them through the waters – both rough and calm. The Minnesota Association of Wheat Growers (MAWG) is no different.

Serving three-year terms, the MAWG Board of Directors comprises seven members – two representing District 1; a pair representing District 2; and three at-large positions serving the entire state. Farmer-directors meet six times annually to discuss important projects and policies.

Along with board meetings, directors can participate in lobbying trips to St. Paul and Washington, D.C., attend the MAWG Annual Convention during the Prairie Grains Conference and travel to National Association of Wheat Growers (NAWG) meetings. Though there are endless involvement opportunities, MAWG embraces that family and farming are top priorities for directors, meaning the time commitment outside of regular board meetings is up to each individual board member.

This year, three directors are running for reelection: Justin Osowski, Tate Petry and Austen Germolus.



Justin Osowski - District 1

Lucky for Minnesota wheat growers, Justin Osowski, who is running for reelection as a MAWG Director, isn't afraid of stepping up to the plate.

"I like to be involved and I have an interest in politics," said Osowski, who farms in Kittson County. "As Minnesota wheat growers, we need to have a voice that is heard and people who will give input on issues that will impact growers and their farming operations."

Osowski and his wife, Jamie, are currently partaking in the Minnesota Emerging Leadership program, developing attributes that will help grow his role as a MAWG director.

"I'm excited to hone my leadership skills and apply that to the organizations that I'm involved in, especially MAWG," said Osowski, who graduated with an

associate's degree in John Deere Agricultural Technology from NDSCS Wahpeton.

While farmers are busy raising their crops and livestock, lawmakers are busy creating legislation. Fortunately, after long days, Minnesota wheat growers can rest assured that MAWG has their back at the Capitol.

"Farm policy is ongoing," said Osowski, who has three children with his wife – Lucas, Madison and Lauren. "There is always something new coming up, so it's important to have somebody going to bat for you. We have to work together as a group to have an impactful voice."

Tate Petry - At-Large

Look inside any farmers' toolbox and you'll find every tool under the sun. Wrenches, screwdrivers, hammers, the list goes on and on. It might not be found on the back of their service truck, but some of the most important tools that farmers have are legislative policies. Tate Petry knows the worth of having a group dedicated to protecting those tools, which is why he is running for reelection as a MAWG director.

"I want to continue representing Minnesota wheat growers to ensure that state and federal policy has a strong voice of agriculture," said Petry, who farms near Ada and represents Minnesota on the NAWG board. "We need to make sure we retain a lot of the important tools that we need when we're farming, so we are paying close attention to the 2023 Farm Bill."

After graduating from NDSU with a degree in Agricultural and Biosystems Engineering,
Petry returned to the farm, where he grows corn, soybeans and wheat with his wife and parents. It didn't take him long to recognize the value of MAWG.

"Membership ensures that we have the resources to protect farmers when it comes to policy making," Petry said. "MAWG makes sure that our needs are addressed, and policy isn't written that can hurt our bottom line without at least having a say in it." Petry and his wife, Katherine, have two children – Charlotte and Oliver.



AUSTEN GERMOLUS



Austen Germolus - At-Large

Growing wheat, barley, corn and soybeans and raising 30 head of registered British white cattle has made Austen Germolus appreciate agriculture's holistic nature. This mindset is what guides him, especially as he runs for reelection as a MAWG director.

"Everything in agriculture affects other aspects of agriculture – whether it's direct or indirect," said Germolus, who farms near Borup in Norman County. "That trickles into legislation. We look at the whole picture, whether that be animal welfare, commodity prices or foreign relationships."

With the 2023 Farm Bill at the forefront of minds, Germolus, who graduated from NDSU with a degree in Agricultural Economics and a Masters in Meat Science, is ready to protect Minnesota wheat growers.

"The biggest thing on the docket is the Farm Bill," Germolus said. "Our number one priority is preserving what we currently have in the Farm Bill, including crop insurance. Thanks to MAWG and membership investments, we have boots on the ground in St. Paul and Washington, D.C., ensuring that we have a seat at the table in these discussions."

Along with serving as a MAWG Director, Germolus is vice president of the Norman County Corn and Soybean Growers, sits on the Perley Community Co-op board and is active in Norman County Farm Bureau. Germolus and his wife, Amy, have three sons – Oden, Thorin and Ronan.

To become a candidate and place your name on the ballot, call the Minnesota Wheat office at 218-253-4311 by Dec. 7.

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ENTATION



MGGA Annual Convention welcomes new participants

By Sydney Harris

Ag Management Solutions

Every year, people wait in anticipation for the holiday season, dreaming of nostalgic traditions. With the giving season knocking on the door, the Montana Grain Growers Association (MGGA) is waiting patiently to give producers an annual convention they won't forget.

MGGA's Annual Convention will be held Tuesday, Nov. 29 through Thursday, Dec. 1, with the Welcome Reception kicking off the festivities on Monday evening. Full registration, which includes all meetings and meals for Tuesday through Thursday, is \$200 for members and \$250 for non-members. Though walk-in registration is welcome, early bird pricing is available through Nov. 25, after which prices increase \$50. For those who only plan to attend for one day, registration costs \$100. Attendees can register at www.mgga.org/events/convention/.

For the 2022 Convention, Chairman and Vice President of the MGGA Board of Directors, Nathan Keane, was tasked with curating an agenda that is sure to impress. While keeping its longstanding tradition of providing producers with applicable knowledge, the 67th MGGA Annual Convention and Tradeshow is welcoming two new organizations into the fold.

"MGGA represents all grains, not just wheat and barley, so this year we decided that we want more representation," said Keane, who farms near Loma, Mont. "Therefore, we invited Northern Pulse Growers and Pacific Northwest Canola to be featured."

Each year, the theme sets the tone for the entire

convention and is no small task to select. This year's prevailing message is "Farmers Helping Farmers," and the program's content reflects that concept.

"We're really excited to work together to put on a convention that will help our producers," said MGGA Executive Director Alison Vergeront. "The population of agricultural producers is so small, and they're feeding such a large population."

Throughout the three days, attendees will have the opportunity to browse the tradeshow floor with over 80 booths and listen to captivating speakers and panels. Panel topics were carefully selected to reflect the theme and include insurance, research, crop rotation and technology.

After days packed with educational content, the keynote speakers slated for Tuesday and Wednesday evening will be the perfect way to cap off the day. Tuesday evening will offer comedic relief with Damian Mason, an ag commentator and comedian, who is a leading voice on issues impacting the agriculture industry.

On Wednesday night, John O'Leary will take the stage. An inspirational speaker, O'Leary suffered severe burns on 100% of his body when he was nine years old. Doctors gave him a 1% chance of survival and he defied the odds. Today,



he travels across the world, sharing his perspective and encouraging his audiences to rediscover their lives. Though O'Leary isn't an agricultural speaker, his message is relevant to anyone who encounters adversity – of which farmers deal with more than their fair share.

"In some ways it doesn't have anything to do with agriculture but in a lot of ways, it has a lot to do with agriculture," Keane said. "We'll be able to apply a lot of his talk to what we're facing in agriculture right now."

For more than 60 years, MGGA has championed on behalf of Montana grain producers. From its humble beginnings in 1956, the organization has blossomed to encompass a membership that represents over 5 million acres in the state of Montana. Without education, this feat

wouldn't have been possible, which is why everyone is welcomed at the convention.

"We push two elements when it comes to education," Vergeront said. "The first is educating producers on technologies, research and federal programs and the second is educating the general public."

So, if you aren't directly involved in the agriculture industry, don't think that you don't belong at this convention.

"I invite anyone interested in agriculture to attend," Keane said. "There has been a lot of interest in where food comes from and how it's made and the work it takes to provide food for the world."

By the time the convention wraps up on Thursday, attendees will be equipped with information that will benefit their operations and their outlook. And, after three jam-packed days, they'll be ready to hit the ground running.

"I'm really hoping that people will learn and come away from this convention with something new that they can take into the next growing season," Keane said.

The Northern Pulse Growers and
Pacific Northwest Canola associations
are joining the 2022 Montana
Grain Growers Association's Annual
Convention in Great Falls, Mont.







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Prairie Grains conference







December 8, 2022 Alerus Center, Grand Forks, ND

Keynote Speakers



PAUL GERDES
Crop Nutrients Director of Sales
CHS, Inc.
9:10 a.m.



MARK JIRIK
Director
Northern Crops Institute
10:00 a.m.



DARYL RITCHISON

Meteorologist/Director of NDAWN

North Dakota State University

1:00 p.m.

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Wednesday, December 7th

Registration by November 22, 2022 is required for all meal ticket guarantees. Don't delay!

Morning Sessions



10th Annual On-Farm Research Summit

Listen to updates on this year's on-farm research results and participate in group discussions about what the data could mean for wheat and soybean production in our region.

8:00 a.m. Registration, Breakfast and Social

8:30 a.m. Welcome

- Copper at Tillering on Wheat
- Polyhalite: A New Source of S Fertility?
- Elevated P and K Application in Wheat & Soybeans
- N Rates on High Yielding Wheat Varieties
- Timing Termination when Greenseeding Soybeans into Cereal Rye
- Soybean and dry bean trials from the Manitoba Pulse & Soybean Growers On-Farm Network™

10:45 a.m. **Farmer Cover Crop Panel Discussion** 11:45 a.m. **Wrap-up**





9:30 a.m. - 12:00 p.m. North Dakota Barley Council County Representatives Meeting

10:00 a.m. - 12:30 p.m. **Red River Basin Flood Damage Reduction Work Group**

The Flood Damage Reduction Work Group provides funding, technical support and organizational resources to assist watershed-led teams develop projects to reduce flooding and improve natural resource conditions in Minnesota's portion of the Red River Basin. Leaders from NW Minnesota farm organizations will also be attending. *Growers are encouraged to attend*.

Lunch & Afternoon Sessions

12:00 p.m. **Lunch**

(guaranteed for those registered prior to Nov. 22, 2022)

12:00 - 5:00 p.m. **Minnesota Wheat Research Committee**

The committee will be hearing presentations from researchers who have submitted research pre-proposals for funding by the Minnesota Wheat check-off. *Growers are welcome & encouraged to attend.*

1:30 - 4:00 p.m. **Minnesota & North Dakota Malting Barley Program**

All growers and industry representatives interested in barley markets and production are welcome.

1:30 p.m. **Welcome** *Ryan Hough, MN Barley, & Nathan Boll, ND Barley*

1:35 p.m. **Barley Variety Selections** *Dr. Rich Horsley, Barley Breeder, NDSU*

2:00 p.m. **2022 Cropping Reviews** *Brian Schaetz, Agronomist, Rahr Malting*

2:30 p.m. **Production Management of Malting Barley**Nitrogen Trials - *Brady Goettl, NDSU*Herbicides & Growth Regulators - *Paul Schroden, Busch Aq*

3:00 p.m. **Pet Food Market** *Tony Rosing, Anchor Ingredients*

3:30 p.m. **Malting Barley Market** *Mark Black, Malteurop, Great Falls, MT*



















Wednesday, December 7th

Afternoon Sessions continued

2:00 - 3:00 p.m. MAWG Resolutions Committee Meeting

The MAWG Resolutions Committee is made up of members who attended the November 22nd meeting in Red Lake Falls. The committee will address unresolved resolutions and new resolutions presented in writing by MAWG members. The final resolutions will be presented at the Annual Business Meeting at 4:00 p.m.

2:00 - 4:00 p.m. **North Dakota Certified Crop Adviser Annual Meeting**

The NDCCA will hold their annual business meeting, recognize outgoing board members, welcome new board members, and provide an update on CCA activities. All current and prospective CCAs are welcome to attend.



3:00 – 4:00 p.m. **Minnesota Soybean Growers County Association Meeting**



County leaders from the region will get together to discuss county and regional projects and promotional programs. This is an open meeting and everyone is encouraged to attend to learn more about your soybean organization.

3:00 – 4:00 p.m. Northern Canola Growers Association Annual Business Meeting

The Northern Canola Growers Association will report on its activities, conduct director elections and discuss hail rates. This is an open meeting, and everyone is encouraged to attend and learn more about the Northern Canola Growers.





4:00 - 5:00 p.m. North Dakota Grain

Growers Annual Meeting





4:00 - 5:30 p.m. MN Assn of Wheat Growers & MN Barley Growers Assn Annual Business Meeting

The associations will report on their activities, discuss and vote on resolutions and conduct the annual business of the association. This will include the election of board positions. *All members are encouraged to attend.*

Meal tickets are guaranteed for those who register by Tuesday, November 22, 2022. Don't delay - Register TODAY!

Pre-Conference Social, Banquet, and Live Auction

People with a passion for our region's agriculture - Coming together to celebrate and build relationships

5:30 p.m. Social – Hors d'oeuvres & Refreshments

6:15 p.m. Welcome and Dinner

7:00 p.m. Minnesota Assocation of Wheat Growers &

North Dakota Grain Growers recognition

and awards

7:30 p.m. Concluding Remarks, Hospitality and

Live Auction

Hospitality hosted by:







Thursday, December 8th

Prairie Grains conference

6:30 a.m. Registration & Breakfast

7:00 a.m. Wheat & Soybean Research Reporting Sessions (see next page)

8:00 a.m. Exhibits open

8:50 a.m. Break in Exhibit Hall

Don't forget to register for meal ticket guarantees!
See last page for details!

9:05 a.m. Welcome by Don Wick, *Red River Farm Network*

9:10 a.m. Navigating the Pre-Pay Landscape: How to Prepare for 2023 Input Price Volatility,

Supply Risk, and Logistics

Paul Gerdes

Crop Nutrients Director of Sales, CHS, Inc.

How is the landscape for 2023 inputs taking shape? Paul will review geopolitical complications, railroad labor issues, and historically low river flows impeding barge traffic to help you prioritize your

pre-pay options on a limited budget.

10:00 a.m. The Next Five Years

Mark Jirik
Director, Northern Crops Institute

The Northern Crops Institute recently hosted "The Next Five Years" conference which focused on major trends impacting agricultural markets for our region which included geopolitics, food production, sustainability, and energy transitions. This presentation will highlight some of the situations, opportunities, and challenges facing the region in the Next Five Years.

10:45 a.m. Break in Exhibit Hall

11:15 a.m. **Breakout Sessions** - (see next page)

12:00 p.m. Lunch & Visit Exhibit Hall

1:00 p.m. A Look at the Growing Season Weather in 2023

Daryl Ritchison

Meteorologist & Director of the ND Agricultural Weather Network (NDAWN)

Daryl Ritchison will give updates to what's new in NDAWN, look back at the weather in 2022, then he will look forward to what he thinks will be happening to the weather for the remainder of the 2022-2023 growing season in South America and finish with his thoughts on the expected weather patterns over North America during the 2023 growing season.

2:00 p.m. Break in Exhibit Hall2:30 p.m. Breakout Sessions

3:15 p.m. Visit Exhibits & Closing Reception in Exhibit Hall

3:45 p.m. Conference Closes

See you next year - December 13-14, 2023!

Thursday, December 8th

Research & Reporting Sessions

WHEAT



6:30 a.m. Continental Breakfast

Sponsored by MN Wheat Check-off

7:00 a.m. Minnesota Small Grains Pest Survey - Dr. Jochum Wiersma, Small Grains Specialist, U of MN

7:20 a.m. Evaluating the Impact of Drain Spacing and Fungicide Seed Treatment on Common Root Rot and Fusarium Crown Rot in Wheat – Ashok Chanda, Extension Sugarbeet Pathologist, U of MN

7:40 a.m. Bacterial Seed Inoculation to Improve Nitrogen Uptake and Use Efficiency in Wheat – Lindsay Pease, Extension Specialist, U of MN Nutrient Management Specialist, U of MN Extension

8:00 a.m. A Novel High-Throughput Phenotyping Pipeline to Deliver More Productive and Stress Resilient Minnesota Wheat Varieties – Walid Sadok, Associate Professor, U of MN

8:20 a.m. Provision of Rapid End-Use Quality
Characterization – George Annor, Assistant Professor, U of MN

8:40 a.m. Wheat Multi-Trait Predictions: A Quantitative, Genotype x Environment (GxE) Approach to Supporting Minnesota Wheat Breeding and Farmer Varietal Selections – Kevin Silverstein, Scientific Lead and RIS Informatics Analyst, U of MN

Concluding Remarks

SOYBEANS



6:30 a.m. Continental Breakfast Sponsored by MN Soybean Check-off

7:15 a.m. P&K in a Long Term Wheat and Soybean Crop Rotation – Dr. Dave Grafstrom, Research

Agronomist, U of MN - Magnusson Research Farm, Roseau, MN

7:35 a.m. An Abundance of MN Soybean Research: Disease, Pest and Crop Management – Dr. Angie Peltier, Extension Educator - Crops, U of MN

8:00 a.m. Evaluating Soybean Varieties to Identify Genetic and Architectural Sources of Resistance Against White Mold – Megan McCaghey, Assistant Professor of Plant Pathology & Dr. Ashish Ranjan, Research Assistant Professor, U of MN

8:25 a.m. Soybean Weed Management Research Update – David Kee, Director of Research, MN Soybean Research & Promotion Council

Concluding Remarks

11:15 a.m. Breakout Sessions

45 minutes sessions

2022 Spring Wheat Variety Selection and New Variety
Update – Dr. Jochum Wiersma, Small Grains Specialist, U of MN

Cost of Production – Ron Dvergsten and Betsy Jensen, Farm Business Management Instructors, Northland Community & Technical College

Best Pest Management for Flea Beetles in Canola – Janet J. Knodel, PhD, Professor & Extension Entomologist, North Dakota State University

Soybean Architecture, Environmental Drivers of Disease, and New Research Considerations in Soilborne Pathogen Management – Megan McCaghey, Assistant Professor of Plant Pathology, U of MN

What's New? Using a Plant Growth Regulator and Micronutrients to Increase Northern Plains Small Grain Yields – Travis Jones, Technology Development Manager, Stoller USA

Tillage, Weed Control and Cover Crops - a Crop Consultant's Perspective – Jason Hanson, Agronomist, Rock and Roll Agronomy

Cost of Wind Erosion & Strategies to Stop the Hemorrhaging
– Dave Franzen, Professor and Extension Soil Specialist, NDSU

Managing Soybean IDC with Soil Testing – *John Breker, Soil Scientist, AGVISE Laboratories*

2:30 p.m. Breakout Sessions

45 minutes sessions

2022 Spring Wheat Variety Selection and New Variety Update – Dr. Jochum Wiersma, Small Grains Specialist, U of MN

Regrets, I've Had a Few – Josh Tjosaas and Betsy Jensen, Farm Business Management Instructors, Northland Community & Technical College

New Tools for Flea Beetle Control in Canola – *Venkat R* Chapara, PhD, Plant Pathologiest, North Dakota State University/ Langdon Research Extension Center

Prairie Grains Conference Registration Details

Join us for the 2022 Prairie Grains Conference!

From weather and marketing to research and business management, you will be sure to walk away with some new and valuable information. Our wide variety of speakers are sure to answer the questions you may have.

NEW THIS YEAR

Registration is required for meal ticket guarantees.

Due to rising food costs, meal tickets for those registering after the deadline will be available on a first-come, first-served basis until gone.

Don't miss out - Register by November 22, 2022 Sign up now!

Registration for both days of programming and meals are FREE for members of:

Minnesota Association of Wheat Growers Minnesota Barley Growers Association Minnesota Soybean Growers Association North Dakota Grain Growers Association

Registration is open through the day of the conference - walk-ins are welcome.

Meals only guaranteed if registered by deadline.

Registration fee for non-members - prior to the Nov 22nd deadline:

- Wednesday programming/lunch \$30 (\$35 after deadline if available)
- Wednesday banquet tickets \$35 (\$40 after deadline if available)
- Thursday conference programming/lunch \$30 (\$35 after deadline if available)

Visit mnwheat.org to register online, scan the code or call the MN Wheat office at 218-253-4311 ext 4.

HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS

Canad Inn, 701-772-8404, \$103.00/night, Block #319613, ask for Prairie Grains Conference (based on availability, cutoff Nov 22, 2022)



We hope you will join us!





Small Grains Update Meetings Wheat, Soybean & Com

JANUARY 10-13, 2023

Visit mnwheat.org for more details.

Meetings are free - No pre-registration required.



Dr. Jim Anderson Spring Wheat Breeder University of MN

Spring Wheat Variety Selections for 2023



Alex Trunnell **Public Policy Specialist** MN Corn Growers Association

2023 Minnesota Legislative Session - What Can Farmers Expect?



Allison Thompson Market Analyst The Money Farm

Grain Markets - A New Era of Volatility (Uncertainty?)



Melissa Carlson VP of Research MN Wheat Research & Promotion Council

Latest Results in Wheat & Soybean On-farm Research



Dr. David Kee Director of Research MN Soybean Research & **Promotion Council**

Minnesota Soybean Checkoff Update





MN Association of Wheat Growers and the MN Wheat **Research & Promotion Council** Update

County Soybean and/or Corn Grower Association Annual Meetings will take place in: Dilworth, Ada, Crookston, Lancaster & St. Hilaire (TBD)

Sponsored in part by:











LOCATIONS

DILWORTH

Tuesday, January 10th 12:00 p.m. Dilworth Community Center (Lunch served)

ADA

Wednesday, January 11th 8:00 a.m. Ada Event Center (Lunch served) (In conjunction with Norman County Ag Day)

CROOKSTON

Wednesday, January 11th 1:00 p.m. NEW TIME & N TIME & Crookston Inn West Polk County Crop Improvement)

LANCASTER

Thursday, January 12th 8:30 a.m. **Community Center** (Lunch served) (In conjunction with Kittson County Crop Show)

ROSEAU

Thursday, January 12th 3:30 p.m. Gene's Bar & Grill (Dinner served)

ST. HILAIRE

Friday, January 13th 8:30 a.m. Community Center (Lunch served)

OTHER AREA MEETINGS:

Small Grains Update MORRIS

Monday, January 16th 12:00 - 3:00 p.m. **WCROC** (Lunch served)

Clay County Crops Update DILWORTH

Tuesday, January 17th TAK Music Venue 9:00 a.m. (Lunch served)

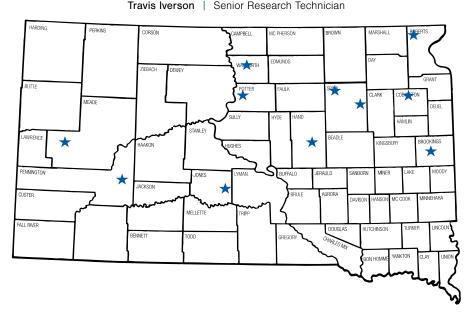




South Dakota State University Extension South Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station at SDSU

2022 South Dakota Spring Wheat Variety Trial Results Regional Summaries

Jonathan Kleinjan | SDSU Extension Agronomist
Christopher Graham | SDSU Extension Agronomist
Karl Glover | SDSU Spring Wheat Breeder
Shaukat Ali | SDSU Small Grains Pathologist
Kevin Kirby | Agricultural Research Manager
Shawn Hawks | Agricultural Research Manager
Bruce Swan | Agricultural Research Manager
Christopher Nelson | Agricultural Research Assistant



Eastern trial locations: Claire City, Frankfort (no data), South Shore, Volga

Central trial locations: Gettysburg, Miller, Northville, Selby

Western trial locations: Draper, Sturgis, Wall

Individual trial location results can be accessed online at: https://extension.sdstate.edu/spring-wheat-variety-trial-results

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2022 South Dakota Spring Wheat Variety Trial Results Variety List

Table 1. List of spring wheat varieties tested in 2022 along with origin, agronomic, and grain quality characteristics.

	Testing a	nd Origin	Agron	omic Characte	ristics	Grain Quality		
Variety	Years tested in SD trials	Origin†- Year	Relative Heading‡ (days)	Height (inches)	Lodging Score§	Test Wt. (lb/bu)	Protein (%)	
AP Gunsmoke CL2	2	AP-21	3	27	2.2	57.1	16.0	
AP Murdock	4	AP-19	3	26	1.3	57.6	15.4	
AP Revolution	2	AP-22	2	26	1.3	57.9	15.5	
Ascend-SD	3	SD-21	5	29	1.3	58.5	15.5	
CAG Justify	new	CAG-21	6	28	2.1	55.8	15.1	
CAG Reckless	new	CAG-21	4	29	1.7	58.8	15.3	
CP3099A	3	WF-20	9	29	1.5	54.0	14.3	
CP3530	5+	WF-16	6	30	2.2	57.1	15.8	
Driver	5+	SD-19	5	29	1.4	58.8	15.0	
Lang-MN	5+	MN-17	5	28	1.3	58.3	15.9	
LCS Ascent	new	LCS-21	1	27	1.8	58.5	14.8	
LCS Buster	3	LCS-20	9	28	1.4	55.0	13.9	
LCS Cannon	5+	LCS-18	-1	27	1.3	59.2	15.3	
LCS Dual	new	LCS-21	3	28	2.1	57.8	14.8	
LCS Hammer AX	new	LCS-22	4	26	1.4	57.0	15.1	
LCS Rebel	5+	LCS-17	1	29	2.1	58.9	15.8	
LCS Trigger	5+	LCS-15	9	27	1.3	57.4	14.1	
MN-Rothsay	3	MN-21	8	25	1.1	57.8	15.3	
MS Charger	new	MS-23	2	27	1.6	57.5	13.9	
MS Cobra	2	MS-22	3	26	1.3	57.5	15.5	
MS Ranchero	3	MS-20	4	28	1.3	56.9	15.3	
ND Frohberg	3	ND-20	4	29	1.7	57.9	15.6	
Prevail	5+	SD-13	2	27	1.4	57.9	14.8	
Surpass	5+	SD-15	0	28	2.1	57.3	15.4	
SY Ingmar	5+	AP-14	6	26	1.2	57.7	15.9	
SY Rustler	5+	AP-16	3	27	1.6	57.2	15.2	
SY Valda	5+	AP-15	5	27	1.4	57.6	15.1	
WB9606	3	WB-20	5	28	1.2	57.7	14.5	
WB9719	5+	WB-18	6	27	1.2	58.9	15.2	
Trial Averages	-	-	-	28	1.5	57.6	15.1	

[†] AP, AgriPro; CAG, Champion Alliance Group; LCS, Limagrain Cereal Seeds; MN, Minnesota; MS, Meridian Seeds; ND, North Dakota; SD, South Dakota, WI, Winfield; WB, WestBred; and – (Year of Release).

[‡] Difference in days to heading compared to Surpass (2022 eastern and central locationss - Julian date 172 - June 21st).

[§] Lodging score: 1, perfectly standing; to 5, completely flat (eastern and central locations).

[¶] Test weight and protein are statewide averages.





SOUTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION

Table 2. Spring wheat variety disease ratings.

2022 South Dakota Spring Wheat Variety Trial Results Regional Summaries

P Murdock P Revolution Cend-SD AG Justify AG Reckless P Revolution AG Justify AG Reckless P Revolution AG Justify AG Justify AG Reckless P Reckless P Reckless P Reckless P Reckless P Revolution AG Justify AG Justify AG Justify AG Justify AG Justify AG Reckless P Re			Disease Ratings†		
Variety	Stem Rust	2022 Leaf Rust	2022 Tan Spot	2022 Bacterial Leaf Streak	2022 Fusarium Head Blight
AP Gunsmoke CL2	(MR)§	4	8	9	1
AP Murdock	(MR)	4	7	7	6
AP Revolution	(R)	4	4	6	2
Ascend-SD	MR	2	7	4	3
CAG Justify	(MS)	7	8	8	3
CAG Reckless	(R)	4	8	6	6
CP3099A	(MR)	8	4	6	9
CP3530	(R)	8	5	8	6
Driver	MR	2	7	6	2
Lang-MN	(R)	4	4	6	3
LCS Ascent	(R)	4	3	7	4
LCS Buster	(R)	7	5	5	6
LCS Cannon	(R)	5	5	8	3
LCS Dual	(R)	3	6	7	6
LCS Hammer AX	-‡	8	7	8	8
LCS Rebel	(R)	5	5	7	2
LCS Trigger	(R)	5	3	4	5
MN-Rothsay	(R)	4	4	5	7
MS Charger	(R)	5	5	7	3
MS Cobra	(R)	4	6	8	6
MS Ranchero	(R)	5	7	8	8
ND Frohberg	(R-MR)	8	3	8	4
Prevail	MR	4	4	4	2
Surpass	MR	4	3	5	1
SY Ingmar	(R)	3	4	2	6
SY Rustler	(MR)	5	3	6	3
SY Valda	(R)	3	2	8	3
WB9606	(MR)	7	3	7	7
WB9719	(R)	5	4	7	7

[†] Disease ratings: R, resistant; MR, moderately resistant; MS, moderately susceptible; S, susceptible; or 1, most resistant to 9, most susceptible. Note: SDSU does not perform nursery screenings for all listed pathogens in each growing season.

[‡] A dash (-) signifies no rating provided/available.

[§] Parenthesis denote estimated ratings/rankings (X) based on information provided by the program that submitted the variety.





2022 South Dakota Spring Wheat Variety Trial Results Regional Summaries

Table 3. 2022 spring wheat variety performance trial results for testing sites in eastern South Dakota. Varieties ranking in the top 1/3 of each trial category are bolded and shaded light blue.

	2020	2021		2022			2-year		3-year			
Variety	Yield (bu/a)	Yield (bu/a)	Yield (bu/a)	Test Wt (lbs)	Protein %	Yield (bu/a)	Test Wt (lbs)	Protein %	Yield (bu/a)	Test Wt (lbs)	Protein %	
LCS Trigger	72.3	59.9	49.1	55.7	14.5	55.2	59.0	14.1	61.5	59.6	13.8	
LCS Buster	68.8	58.1	45.8	53.4	14.6	52.8	57.4	14.1	58.6	58.0	13.8	
Ascend-SD	66.5	54.5	51.0	57.9	16.2	53.0	59.4	15.7	57.9	59.6	15.5	
Driver	65.1	56.6	47.7	57.9	15.7	52.8	60.4	15.5	57.3	60.8	15.3	
WB9606	62.4	58.4	42.8	56.9	15.3	51.7	59.7	14.7	55.6	59.8	14.3	
SY Valda	63.8	54.1	45.8	56.8	16.0	50.5	59.0	15.4	55.3	59.7	15.2	
CP3530	65.9	51.6	45.0	56.8	16.4	48.8	58.6	15.8	55.0	59.4	15.5	
WB9719	61.1	54.0	46.8	58.2	16.2	51.0	60.8	16.0	54.7	61.1	15.7	
CP3099A	56.9	58.5	41.8	53.6	14.8	51.3	56.9	14.0	53.4	56.4	13.7	
MN-Rothsay	63.9	50.9	42.1	56.5	16.2	47.1	59.1	15.9	53.2	59.6	15.6	
LCS Cannon	60.2	51.0	44.8	58.6	16.1	48.3	60.2	15.6	52.6	60.7	15.3	
Prevail	61.5	49.3	45.2	57.5	15.3	47.6	59.2	15.2	52.6	59.4	14.9	
AP Murdock	63.4	47.8	43.8	56.6	15.9	46.1	57.8	15.8	52.4	58.4	15.4	
Lang-MN	59.4	50.6	44.2	57.4	16.4	47.9	58.9	15.9	52.1	59.6	15.7	
ND Frohberg	58.2	52.8	40.8	57.0	16.3	47.6	59.2	16.0	51.5	59.7	15.7	
SY Rustler	59.2	48.2	45.1	56.6	15.9	46.9	57.4	15.5	51.3	58.1	15.3	
LCS Rebel	54.9	51.7	44.7	57.6	16.6	48.7	60.0	16.3	50.9	60.2	16.1	
SY Ingmar	58.6	50.3	40.0	57.5	16.8	45.9	59.4	16.0	50.5	59.9	15.9	
Surpass	59.1	47.7	42.6	56.6	16.2	45.5	59.1	15.8	50.5	59.1	15.6	
MS Ranchero	56.9	49.6	39.2	55.9	16.3	45.1	57.8	15.4	49.4	57.9	15.2	
AP Gunsmoke CL2	-	53.8	43.7	55.3	16.9	49.5	57.8	16.5	-	-	-	
MS Cobra	-	50.2	41.9	56.3	16.4	46.7	58.8	16.0	-	-	-	
AP Revolution	-	47.8	42.3	57.0	16.2	45.4	58.2	15.6	-	-	-	
CAG Reckless	-	-	46.3	58.1	16.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CAG Justify	-	-	46.2	54.7	15.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MS Charger	-	-	46.1	57.0	14.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LCS Ascent	-	-	45.6	57.8	15.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LCS Dual	-	-	44.2	56.7	15.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LCS Hammer AX	-	-	42.6	56.1	15.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Trial Average#	62.1	53.1	44.8	56.5	16.0	49.6	58.9	15.5	54.2	59.3	15.2	
LSD(0.05)†	1.9	2.5	1.8	0.6	0.4	4.3	1.4	0.5	3.3	1.0	0.4	
C.V.%‡	4.4	6.8	4.9	-	-	6.0	-	-	5.2	-	-	

[#] Trial averages may include values from experimental lines that are not reported.

[†] Value required (≥LSD) to determine if varieties are significantly different from one another.

[‡] C.V. is a measure of variability or experimental error, 15% or less is considered acceptable.





SOUTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION

2022 South Dakota Spring Wheat Variety Trial Results Regional Summaries

Table 4. 2022 spring wheat variety performance trial results for testing sites in central South Dakota. Varieties ranking in the top 1/3 of each trial category are bolded and shaded light blue.

	2020	2021		2022			2-year			3-year	
Variety	Yield	Yield	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein
	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%
LCS Trigger	81.5	44.3	64.4	60.6	13.8	54.3	60.3	14.3	63.4	60.1	14.3
LCS Buster	81.1	45.3	62.3	58.4	13.6	53.8	58.7	14.1	62.9	58.5	14.2
SY Valda	72.1	41.6	60.2	59.9	14.8	50.9	60.2	15.3	58.0	59.7	15.7
Ascend-SD	73.4	39.3	60.8	60.2	15.1	50.1	60.1	15.7	57.9	59.8	16.0
CP3099A	74.5	44.5	53.8	56.6	14.1	49.1	57.1	14.2	57.6	56.9	14.4
Driver	70.8	41.1	58.0	61.0	15.0	49.6	61.1	15.6	56.7	60.6	15.8
WB9606	70.3	39.8	58.4	59.8	14.4	49.1	60.2	15.2	56.2	59.7	15.2
CP3530	72.7	38.9	56.7	59.2	15.6	47.8	59.1	15.9	56.1	58.9	16.1
LCS Cannon	68.3	39.1	58.7	60.7	15.4	48.9	61.1	16.0	55.4	60.9	16.1
WB9719	70.4	39.1	55.4	60.7	15.1	47.3	60.9	16.3	55.0	60.3	16.3
MN-Rothsay	68.9	35.8	56.0	59.7	15.1	45.9	59.8	15.9	53.6	59.3	16.0
LCS Rebel	64.2	39.1	55.5	60.5	15.8	47.3	60.6	16.5	52.9	60.1	16.8
AP Murdock	67.5	33.5	57.7	59.4	15.2	45.6	59.3	16.1	52.9	59.0	16.1
SY Ingmar	64.5	38.4	54.6	59.7	15.9	46.5	60.1	16.4	52.5	60.0	16.6
MS Ranchero	64.9	36.8	53.5	58.4	15.2	45.1	58.6	15.7	51.7	58.2	15.7
Lang-MN	62.5	36.5	56.0	59.9	15.7	46.3	59.6	16.2	51.7	59.2	16.6
Surpass	63.3	34.0	56.5	59.3	15.4	45.3	59.9	16.3	51.3	59.1	16.5
SY Rustler	63.9	34.8	54.9	58.7	15.1	44.8	58.4	15.9	51.2	58.2	16.2
Prevail	63.3	32.0	56.0	59.5	14.9	44.0	59.3	16.0	50.4	59.0	16.0
ND Frohberg	63.4	30.6	51.1	59.4	15.6	40.8	59.3	16.5	48.4	59.2	16.5
AP Gunsmoke CL2	-	41.5	58.0	59.6	15.6	49.8	59.6	16.3	-	-	-
AP Revolution	-	36.4	58.6	59.9	15.3	47.5	59.9	15.9	-	-	-
MS Cobra	-	35.2	55.4	59.0	15.4	45.3	59.3	16.1	-	-	-
MS Charger	-	-	62.6	59.0	13.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAG Justify	-	-	59.9	58.1	14.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAG Reckless	-	-	58.5	60.4	15.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
LCS Ascent	-	-	58.3	59.9	14.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
LCS Dual	-	-	57.7	59.5	14.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
LCS Hammer AX	-	-	55.4	58.8	15.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trial Average#	69.3	37.2	57.6	59.4	15.1	47.7	59.6	15.7	55.0	59.3	15.8
LSD(0.05)†	1.9	1.9	1.4	0.4	0.3	4.0	0.8	0.5	3.5	0.7	0.4
C.V.%‡	4.0	6.9	3.3	_	-	4.8	_	-	4.4	-	-

[#] Trial averages may include values from experimental lines that are not reported.

[†] Value required (≥LSD) to determine if varieties are significantly different from one another.

[‡] C.V. is a measure of variability or experimental error, 15% or less is considered acceptable.





2022 South Dakota Spring Wheat Variety Trial Results Regional Summaries

Table 5. 2022 spring wheat variety performance trial results for testing sites in western South Dakota. Varieties ranking in the top 1/3 of each trial category are bolded and shaded light blue.

	2020	2021		2022			2-year			3-year	
Variety	Yield	Yield	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein
	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%
LCS Cannon	49.1	45.0	55.1	58.3	14.5	50.0	59.4	15.5	49.8	59.5	15.3
LCS Trigger	55.3	42.6	51.2	55.9	14.1	46.9	57.9	15.3	49.0	57.9	15.0
WB9606	51.0	41.3	55.2	56.3	13.7	48.2	58.3	15.1	48.9	58.4	15.0
Lang-MN	52.6	39.9	53.5	57.7	15.5	46.7	58.5	16.2	48.2	58.6	16.0
Ascend-SD	50.7	41.3	52.0	57.5	15.1	46.6	59.0	16.1	47.7	59.0	15.7
LCS Buster	56.7	37.8	51.2	53.1	13.7	44.5	55.8	15.2	47.6	55.9	14.9
CP3099A	60.2	33.8	51.9	51.9	14.0	42.9	54.6	15.3	47.2	55.1	14.8
Surpass	48.1	41.1	50.8	56.1	14.5	46.0	57.3	15.7	46.5	57.8	15.5
SY Valda	46.3	41.1	51.8	56.2	14.7	46.5	58.0	15.7	46.4	58.4	15.5
CP3530	50.1	40.6	49.1	55.5	15.4	44.9	57.3	16.1	46.2	57.3	16.1
LCS Rebel	52.2	41.6	46.7	58.5	14.9	44.1	59.2	15.9	46.2	59.3	15.8
WB9719	49.5	37.2	52.6	57.8	14.4	44.9	58.7	15.4	46.0	59.2	15.3
Driver	53.2	39.4	47.9	57.3	14.4	43.6	58.2	15.4	46.0	58.3	15.1
MS Ranchero	48.6	42.3	47.3	56.5	14.2	44.8	57.7	15.4	45.7	57.8	15.1
SY Rustler	47.8	40.3	49.1	56.3	14.7	44.7	57.1	15.7	45.5	57.2	15.5
Prevail	45.4	42.3	48.1	56.8	14.3	45.2	57.8	15.4	45.2	58.0	15.3
ND Frohberg	47.1	35.6	50.5	57.2	14.9	43.1	57.7	15.9	44.1	57.8	15.8
MN-Rothsay	44.2	39.1	48.9	57.1	14.7	44.0	58.7	15.9	44.0	58.5	15.8
SY Ingmar	50.3	36.7	46.2	55.8	15.0	41.4	57.8	16.0	43.7	57.9	15.9
AP Murdock	43.5	35.5	50.7	56.8	15.1	43.1	57.3	16.1	43.2	57.3	16.0
AP Gunsmoke CL2	-	40.3	50.4	56.3	15.4	45.4	57.7	16.5	-	-	-
MS Cobra	-	40.3	47.8	57.2	14.7	44.1	57.9	15.9	-	-	-
AP Revolution	-	36.5	45.3	56.7	14.9	40.9	56.5	15.8	-	-	-
CAG Justify	-	-	53.0	54.7	14.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
LCS Ascent	-	-	52.3	57.7	14.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
LCS Hammer AX	-	-	51.3	56.2	14.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAG Reckless	-	-	50.5	57.8	14.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
MS Charger	-	-	50.5	56.5	13.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
LCS Dual	-	-	49.9	57.1	13.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trial Average#	49.8	40.0	50.3	56.4	14.6	45.1	57.8	15.7	46.4	58.0	15.5
LSD(0.05)†	4.6	3.0	4.0	0.7	0.4	4.5	1.6	0.6	4.7	1.2	0.5
C.V.%‡	9.4	9.2	9.7	-	-	9.6	-	-	9.4	-	-

[#] Trial averages may include values from experimental lines that are not reported.

[†] Value required (≥LSD) to determine if varieties are significantly different from one another.

[‡] C.V. is a measure of variability or experimental error, 15% or less is considered acceptable.



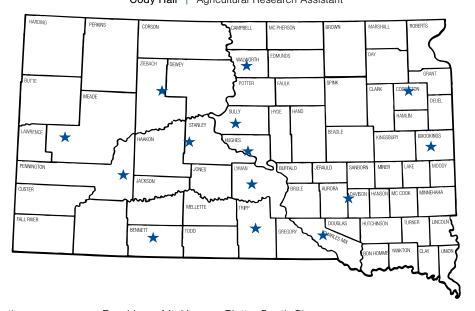




South Dakota State University Extension South Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station at SDSU

2022 South Dakota Winter Wheat Variety Trial Results Regional Summaries

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Eastern trial locations: Brookings, Mt. Vernon, Platte, South Shore

Central trial locations: Hayes, Onida, Pierre, Selby, Vivian, Winner

Western trial locations: Faith/Lantry, Martin, Sturgis, Wall

Individual trial location results can be accessed online at: extension.sdstate.edu/winter-wheat-variety-trial-results

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2022 South Dakota Winter Wheat Performance Trial Highlights

Jonathan Kleinjan | SDSU Extension Agronomist

The winter wheat growing season of 2021-2022 in South Dakota was characterized by a relatively dry planting season in the fall of 2021 followed by an open winter. There were concerns about the dry conditions lasting into 2022 but several areas of the state received decent rainfall in late spring. Drought conditions persisted in some areas, predominately west and northwest of Pierre. Heat during flowering and grain fill was also a concern and reduced yields in a few production areas. On the upside, the dry conditions prevalent in 2022 resulted in essentially no disease issues. At harvest, yield reports ranged from 25 bu/acre in areas affected by drought and heat to 100+ bu/acre in areas with ideal growing conditions. Overall, the quality of the crop was very good with high test weights and above average grain protein content.

Albert Lea Seed was a new participant in the South Dakota State University Crop Performance Testing (CPT) winter wheat trials for 2021-2022. Testing continued on several CoAXium[®] varieties from four separate companies/public programs. These varieties have a natural mutation that confers tolerance to Aggressor[®] herbicide, providing a new grass control option for wheat producers. There were also two Clearfield[®] varieties tested from two separate entities.

South Dakota State University CPT winter wheat trials in eastern SD locations (Bookings, Mt. Vernon, Platte, and South Shore) yielded an average of 60 bu/acre, ranging from 49 bu/acre at Platte to 67 bu/acre in Brookings. Varieties yielding in the top ½ of the eastern SD trials over three years (2020-2022) were **SD Andes, SD Midland, Winner, SY Wolverine, and Ideal**. A promising variety yielding in the top ½ over two years was **AP Clair**.

Yields in central SD (Hayes, Onida, Pierre, Selby, Vivian, and Winner) averaged 67 bu/acre, ranging from 34 bu/acre at Hayes to 90 bu/acre at Vivian. Varieties yielding in the top ⅓ of the central SD trials for 2020-2022 were CP7017AX, SY Wolverine, WB4309, Winner, and Draper. Promising varieties yielding in the top ⅓ over two years include AP Clair, LCS Steel AX, and AP Bigfoot.

Western SD trial locations (Faith, Sturgis, and Wall) averaged 43 bu/acre, ranging from 30 bu/acre at Faith to 64 bu/acre at Wall. Varieties yielding in the top ½ over three years in the western trial locations were **Winner**, **SD Andes**, **SD Midland**, **Ideal**, **and CP7909**.

The protein content of the crop was very good statewide, averaging 13.8%, 14.1%, and 14.2% in eastern, central and western SD, respectively. Complete trial results, including yield, test weight, protein content, height, and lodging (where measured) for each location are available at: extension.sdstate.edu/winter-wheat-variety-trial-results.

Consider as much performance information as possible when selecting a variety, and give more weight to information from trials close to home, as some varieties may be better suited to certain geographic areas. Also pay close attention to relative performance over many locations. This type of performance is an indication of "yield stability". Good yield stability refers to the ability of a variety exhibit high yield potential at many locations over years. For example, a variety that ranks in the upper 40% at all locations exhibits better yield stability than a variety that is number one for yield at one location but ranks in the lower 40% at some other locations. Performance over multiple years is also very important. Growing conditions in a single season may favor certain varieties, providing a poor representation of yield potential over time. For example, heat during the growing season in 2022 affected some mid-to-late maturing varieties and the absence of significant disease pressure allowed some varieties to perform better than average. A good rule of thumb is to plant 65%-75% of your acres to varieties with a proven track record (i.e. a good multi-year average) and plant the remaining 25%-35% to a promising new variety.

It is important to remember that varieties may differ by 5 bu/acre or even more and still be statistically similar. This is due to inherent variability in the environment and the yield testing process. Varieties that are statistically similar to the top performing variety at each location can be calculated by subtracting the least significant difference (LSD) value from the top performing variety. The LSD is a statistic used to determine if varieties are truly different from one another.

The coefficient of variation (CV) listed at the bottom of each data column, which is often expressed as a percentage of a given trait mean, is a relative measure of the amount of test variation for that trait. Generally, in yield trials, a CV of 15% is considered acceptable and a CV of 10% or less indicates good quality data. Higher variability (and thus higher CVs) can be caused by several environmental factors, such as stand loss due to winterkill or drought, and reduces the ability to detect true differences between varieties.

"I've tested seed treatments for many years. I've never seen a seed treatment perform like Stoller® Bio-Forge® Advanced."

Chad Rubbelke Rubbleke Farms Des Lacs, ND



2022 was a tough growing season at Rubbelke Farms near Des Lacs, ND. Chad explains, "We started with spring blizzards. We were late getting the crops planted. Some were 'mudded in' and didn't get a chance to get a good root system established."

In addition to farming, , Chad does contracted trials for various products. He says, "I've never seen a seed treatment improve the root system like we saw the Bio-Forge® Advanced on our 2022 durum wheat trials. Depending on soil type, we saw a three to four bushel yield advantage with just the Bio-Forge Advanced seed treatment."

"Bi-Forge Advanced seed treat combined with early heading Stoller Xcyte ™ and Harvest More® Urea Mate gave us a 14-bushel yield advantage over untreated. Both early season and late season results were impressive." says Chad.

Learn how you can improve yields on your farm by visiting with Chad at the Prairie Grains Conference in Grand Forks on December 8.





Steve Spitler 605 280 2003

Fred Lukens 701 739 0240





2022 South Dakota Winter Wheat Variety Trial Results Variety List

SOUTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION

Table 1. List of winter wheat varieties tested in 2021-22 along with origin, agronomic, and grain quality characteristics.

	Testing a	nd Origin	Agro	onomic Ch	aracterist	ics	(rain Qual	ity
Variety	Years tested in SD trials	Origin†- Year	Relative Heading (days)‡	Height (inches)	Lodging Score (1-5)§	Winter Hrd.¶	2021 Test Wt. (lb/bu)#	2021 Protein (%)#	Baking Quality††
AP 18AX	3	AP-18	0	31	1.4	Α	57.9	13.7	(A)
AP Bigfoot	2	AP-20	2	31	1.2	Α	58.8	14.0	(A)
AP Clair	2	AP-18	3	30	1.3	G	58.9	14.1	(G)
Byrd CL Plus	new	PG-18	2	32	1.8	(G-E)‡‡	57.6	13.4	(G)
CP7017AX	3	CP-20	1	30	1.9	Α	58.6	13.3	(NR)
CP7050AX	3	CP-20	0	32	1.2	G-E	59.8	14.3	(NR)
CP7869	2	CP-17	1	30	1.7	А	58.7	13.7	(NR)
CP7909	3	CP-18	-2	30	2.0	G	59.1	13.8	(NR)
CP7266AX	new	CP-22	1	32	1.9	(NR)	58.0	13.6	(NR)
Crescent AX	3	PG-18	0	33	2.1	А	58.6	13.7	(G)
Draper	5+	SD-19	2	32	1.4	G-E	57.9	14.1	G
Expedition	5+	SD-02	0	32	1.9	G	58.7	14.5	G
Ideal	5	SD-11	5	32	1.7	G-E	59.1	14.1	А
Kivari AX	new	PG-20	2	31	2.5	(E)	57.6	12.8	(G)
LCS Chrome	2	LCS-15	2	33	1.4	G	58.2	14.6	(G)
LCS Helix AX	3	LCS-19	1	32	1.5	G	59.1	13.5	(E)
LCS Julep	2	LCS-19	1	31	1.3	G	60.3	14.4	(E)
LCS Photon AX	2	LCS-18	-1	31	1.4	Α	59.7	14.6	(E)
LCS Steel AX	2	LCS-21	5	33	1.2	А	57.9	13.5	(NR)
MS Iceman	2	MS-21	2	30	1.1	Α	59.8	14.8	(A)
MS Maverick	new	MS-20	3	32	2.1	(NR)	58.4	14.1	(NR)
Redfield	5+	SD-13	4	31	1.6	А	58.1	14.5	G
SD Andes	5+	SD-20	5	32	1.3	E	59.1	13.7	А
SD Midland	5+	SD-21	5	33	1.2	Е	58.9	14.0	Е
SY Wolverine	4	AP-19	1	29	1.2	G-E	59.0	13.8	(G)
Viking 211	new	ALS-20	2	31	2.1	(G)	58.3	13.9	(G)
WB4309	3	WB-19	1	31	1.5	G-E	58.1	14.1	(E)
WB4422	new	WB-22	2	32	1.2	(E)	59.5	14.4	(G)
WB4510CLP	new	WB-20	3	32	1.3	(E)	59.0	14.1	(A)
Winner	5+	SD-19	2	32	1.4	G-E	58.6	14.1	G
Trial Average	-	-	-	30	1.6	-	58.7	14.0	-

[†] AP - AgriPro; ALS - Albert Lea Seed; CP - Croplan; LCS - Limagrain Cereal Seeds; MS - Meridian Seeds; PG - PlainsGold; SD - South Dakota; WB - WestBred; and – (Year of Release).

[‡] Relative heading compared to Expedition (157 days Julian or June 6) in 2022.

[§] Lodging score: 1, perfectly standing; to 5, completely flat.

[¶] Winter hardiness: E - excellent; G - good; F - fair; P - poor, NR - not reported.

[#] Test weight (lbs/bu) and protein (%) as averaged from central and eastern SD testing sites.

^{††} Baking quality: E, excellent; G, good; A, acceptable; P, Poor. Note: SDSU does not typically perform baking quality analysis.

^{‡‡} Parenthesis designate estimated ratings (X), based on information provided by entity that submitted the variety.





2022 South Dakota Winter Wheat Variety Trial Results Disease Ratings

Table 2. Winter wheat variety disease ratings.

			Di	sease Rating	s†		
Variety	Stripe Rust	Stem Rust	Leaf Rust	WSMV§	Tan Spot	Bacterial Leaf Streak	FHB¶ (Scab)
AP 18AX	2	(NR)‡	7	(4)	3	(5)	7
AP Bigfoot	(3)	(2)	7	(4)	3	(3)	7
AP Clair	(R)	(S)	7	(NR)	7	(NR)	8
Byrd CL Plus	(7)	(8)	8	(3)	8	(NR)	8
CP7017AX	(MR)	(R)	6	(NR)	8	(MR)	7
CP7050AX	(R)	(S)	7	(NR)	8	(MS)	5
CP7869	(R)	(R)	6	(NR)	4	(MS)	7
CP7909	(S)	(MS)	7	(NR)	5	(NR)	3
CP7266AX	(NR)	(NR)	6	(NR)	8	(NR)	6
Crescent AX	(4)	(NR)	7	(2)	7	(NR)	6
Draper	5	MR-MS	7	(NR)	8	7	6
Expedition	7	R	6	S	8	7	4
Ideal	8	MR	4	S	8	5	5
Kivari AX	(8)	(8)	8	(3)	8	(NR)	8
LCS Chrome	(1)	(NR)	7	(NR)	7	(NR)	7
LCS Helix AX	(2)	(1)	7	(1)	4	(NR)	5
LCS Julep	(2)	(4)	4	(1)	7	(NR)	7
LCS Photon AX	(2)	(9)	8	(3)	8	(NR)	4
LCS Steel AX	(7)	(9)	7	(NR)	6	(NR)	6
MS Iceman	(7)	(5)	8	(NR)	7	(NR)	7
MS Maverick	(1)	(5)	6	(NR)	6	(NR)	9
Redfield	5	MR	6	S	8	6	5
SD Andes	1	(NR)	8	(NR)	7	(NR)	4
SD Midland	1	(7)	8	(6)	7	(NR)	4
SY Wolverine	(6)	(2)	7	(4)	4	(3)	6
Viking 211	(NR)	(NR)	NR	(NR)	4	(NR)	7
WB4309	(MR-MS)	(MR-MS)	8	(MS)	8	(MS)	5
WB4422	(8)	(6)	6	(6)	4	(NR)	6
WB4510CLP	(2)	(NR)	NR	(6)	4	(NR)	7
Winner	5	MR	NR	(NR)	6	7	4

[†] Disease ratings: R, resistant; MR, moderately resistant; MS, moderately susceptible; S, susceptible; or 1, most resistant to 9, most susceptible. Note: SDSU does not perform nursery screenings for all listed pathogens in each growing season. § Wheat Streak Mosaic Virus; ¶ Fusarium Head Blight

[‡] Parenthesis denote estimated rankings (X) provided by the program that submitted the variety, NR - not reported.





2022 South Dakota Winter Wheat Variety Trial Results Eastern Summary

Table 3. 2020-2022 winter wheat variety performance trial results for testing sites in eastern South Dakota. Varieties ranking in the top $\frac{1}{3}$ of each trial category are shaded light blue and bolded.

	2020	2021		2022		2-year				3-year	
Variety	Yield	Yield	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein
	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%
SD Andes	81.0	71.8	61.3	58.9	13.5	66.6	60.1	13.1	71.0	60.2	12.9
SD Midland	77.4	72.3	62.4	59.0	13.6	67.4	59.9	13.1	70.7	59.7	13.0
Winner	81.2	69.7	60.8	58.4	13.8	65.2	59.5	13.3	70.4	59.6	13.0
SY Wolverine	79.8	69.0	60.6	58.8	13.6	64.8	59.6	13.4	69.5	59.4	13.2
Ideal	78.3	71.4	59.4	58.9	13.9	65.4	60.3	13.3	69.4	59.9	13.0
WB4309	76.9	71.0	59.5	58.3	13.7	65.3	59.3	13.4	69.2	59.2	13.5
CP7017AX	77.5	66.8	63.0	58.1	12.9	64.9	59.1	12.6	69.0	58.9	12.5
Draper	79.5	66.9	60.6	57.8	13.9	63.7	59.2	13.6	68.6	59.0	13.3
LCS Helix AX	79.2	65.6	60.7	58.8	13.3	63.2	60.2	12.8	68.3	60.4	12.6
Redfield	78.0	67.9	58.8	58.5	14.4	63.4	59.6	14.0	68.1	59.6	13.7
CP7909	76.3	64.7	59.4	59.8	13.3	62.0	60.4	13.1	67.0	60.0	12.8
AP 18AX	75.4	64.0	58.4	57.8	13.6	61.2	58.9	13.3	65.9	58.8	13.0
Crescent AX	77.9	60.8	58.6	58.7	13.4	59.7	59.8	13.4	65.5	59.9	13.2
Expedition	70.2	59.5	57.4	58.9	14.5	58.5	60.0	14.1	62.5	60.0	13.8
CP7050AX	70.1	56.4	56.6	59.3	14.2	56.5	60.2	14.1	61.0	60.3	14.0
AP Clair	-	71.4	60.9	58.9	13.9	66.2	59.7	13.4	-	-	-
AP Bigfoot	-	66.9	61.3	58.6	13.5	64.1	59.5	13.3	-	-	-
LCS Steel AX	-	68.4	59.8	58.3	13.0	64.1	58.8	12.6	-	-	-
CP7869	-	67.5	60.0	58.9	13.2	63.7	59.6	12.7	-	-	-
LCS Julep	-	64.1	59.5	60.1	14.1	61.8	61.4	13.8	-	-	-
LCS Photon AX	-	57.2	59.9	59.5	14.5	58.6	60.3	14.2	-	-	-
MS Iceman	-	60.2	56.8	60.2	14.9	58.5	61.1	14.5	-	-	-
LCS Chrome	-	61.4	55.0	58.2	14.6	58.2	59.3	14.2	-	-	-
WB4422	-	-	63.9	59.4	14.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Byrd CL Plus	-	-	59.2	57.5	13.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Viking 211	-	-	59.0	58.2	13.7	-	-	-	_	_	-
MS Maverick	-	-	57.3	58.0	14.0	-	_	-	_	_	-
Kivari AX	-	-	55.2	57.0	12.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
WB4510CLP	-	-	54.7	58.3	13.6	-	_	-	-	-	-
CP7266AX	-	-	54.5	58.0	13.5	-	_	_	-	_	-
Trial Average#	77.6	66.9	59.8	58.7	13.8	63.6	59.9	13.5	68.1	59.7	13.2
LSD(0.05)†	2.2	3	1.7	0.5	0.3	1.7	0.3	0.2	1.4	0.4	0.2
C.V.%‡	4.6	7	4.6	1.2	3.6	6.1	1.2	3.7	5.6	1.6	4.3

[#] Trial averages may include values from experimental lines that are not reported.

[†] Value required (≥LSD) to determine if varieties are significantly different from one another.

[‡] C.V. is a measure of variability or experimental error, 15% or less is considered acceptable.

Note: Eastern trial sites include Brookings, Mt. Vernon, Platte, and South Shore.





2022 South Dakota Winter Wheat Variety Trial Results Central Summary

SOUTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION

Table 4. 2021-2022 winter wheat variety performance trial results for testing sites in central South Dakota. Varieties ranking in the top 1/3 of each trial category are shaded light blue and bolded.

	2020	2021		2022			2-year			3-year	
Variety	Yield	Yield	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein
	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%
CP7017AX	92.3	71.5	71.4	59.1	13.4	71.4	59.3	13.3	78.8	59.7	12.8
SY Wolverine	88.3	76.3	71.3	59.6	13.9	73.6	60.0	13.9	78.8	60.2	13.5
WB4309	89.6	73.4	69.4	58.4	14.1	71.2	58.9	14.1	77.7	59.4	13.7
Winner	92.5	74.4	64.7	59.3	14.5	69.1	59.7	14.2	77.4	60.1	13.6
Draper	88.8	72.3	68.0	58.3	14.2	69.9	58.6	14.2	76.6	59.1	13.7
SD Andes	85.1	71.8	70.4	60.0	14.0	71.1	60.6	14.0	76.0	60.8	13.5
CP7909	88.3	69.3	69.0	58.9	13.7	69.1	59.0	13.7	75.9	59.7	13.0
SD Midland	88.4	70.8	67.2	59.4	14.3	68.9	59.9	14.1	75.8	60.2	13.6
LCS Helix AX	89.6	66.5	69.5	60.2	13.5	68.1	60.8	13.5	75.7	61.0	13.0
Ideal	88.7	71.9	63.7	59.4	14.3	67.5	59.7	14.3	74.9	60.1	13.7
AP 18AX	88.2	68.7	66.5	58.8	13.6	67.5	58.9	13.7	74.8	59.3	13.2
Crescent AX	88.9	62.3	68.6	59.3	13.5	65.7	60.0	13.9	73.9	60.5	13.3
Redfield	86.0	64.1	66.4	58.3	14.6	65.4	59.2	14.6	72.7	59.8	14.1
Expedition	81.7	65.0	63.2	59.0	14.6	64.0	59.6	14.5	70.3	59.9	14.0
CP7050AX	81.9	62.6	64.0	60.4	14.5	63.4	60.9	14.4	69.9	61.3	13.9
AP Clair	-	73.4	69.8	59.4	14.2	71.5	59.8	14.1	-	-	-
LCS Steel AX	-	72.7	68.7	58.6	13.4	70.5	59.1	13.4	-	-	-
AP Bigfoot	-	72.4	68.3	58.8	14.0	70.2	59.1	14.0	-	-	-
LCS Julep	-	69.2	67.1	60.3	14.4	68.1	61.2	14.5	-	-	-
MS Iceman	-	69.2	64.6	60.2	14.7	66.7	60.7	15.0	-	-	-
CP7869	-	67.2	64.0	59.2	14.0	65.5	59.4	13.9	-	-	-
LCS Chrome	-	67.0	64.2	58.1	14.8	65.5	59.0	14.8	-	-	-
LCS Photon AX	-	62.0	63.0	60.4	14.7	62.5	60.9	14.6	-	-	-
WB4422	-	-	74.2	60.2	14.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Byrd CL Plus	-	-	66.6	57.9	13.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kivari AX	-	-	65.5	58.4	12.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Viking 211	-	-	65.5	58.5	14.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
MS Maverick	-	-	64.8	58.6	14.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CP7266AX	-	-	62.7	58.3	13.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
WB4510CLP	-	-	58.6	59.7	14.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trial Average#	87.9	69.7	66.5	59.1	14.1	68.2	59.7	14.2	75.3	60.1	13.5
LSD(0.05)†	3.0	3.5	2.9	0.9	0.3	2.3	0.4	0.2	1.7	0.3	0.2
C.V.%‡	5.9	8.1	7.8	1.9	3.2	7.9	1.6	3.5	6.9	1.5	3.7

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\#}}$ Trial averages may include values from experimental lines that are not reported.

[†] Value required (≥LSD) to determine if varieties are significantly different from one another.

[‡] C.V. is a measure of variability or experimental error, 15% or less is considered acceptable.

Note: Central trial sites include Hayes, Onida, Pierre, Selby, Vivian, and Winner.





SOUTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION

2022 South Dakota Winter Wheat Variety Trial Results Western Summary

Table 5. 2021-2022 winter wheat variety performance trial results for testing sites in western South Dakota. Varieties ranking in the top 1/3 of each trial category are shaded light blue and bolded.

	2020	2021		2022			2-year			3-year			
Variety	Yield	Yield	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein	Yield	Test Wt	Protein		
	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%	(bu/a)	(lbs)	%		
Winner	68.6	66.6	43.5	58.0	14.1	55.1	58.1	13.2	59.6	58.1	13.0		
SD Andes	67.9	66.5	45.8	58.5	13.8	55.3	58.9	13.4	59.5	58.9	13.0		
SD Midland	65.9	67.2	44.7	58.2	14.0	55.6	58.3	14.2	59.0	58.2	13.1		
Ideal	70.1	59.1	44.7	59.1	14.0	52.1	58.0	13.9	58.1	58.1	13.5		
CP7909	62.2	67.1	44.2	58.7	14.3	55.4	58.0	13.8	57.7	57.8	13.4		
Draper	63.2	63.2	46.6	57.7	14.1	54.7	57.7	13.7	57.6	57.8	13.4		
LCS Helix AX	62.9	64.8	41.6	58.3	13.8	53.4	58.3	13.2	56.6	58.1	12.9		
Redfield	59.2	64.5	44.1	57.7	14.5	54.3	58.0	13.2	55.9	57.8	13.8		
WB4309	62.1	66.1	40.6	57.6	14.5	52.8	57.8	13.2	55.9	57.6	13.4		
CP7017AX	67.5	54.1	45.7	58.6	13.5	49.8	57.3	13.7	55.7	57.1	13.2		
Crescent AX	64.2	61.2	38.3	57.8	14.0	49.6	57.9	13.6	54.5	57.7	13.2		
SY Wolverine	57.4	61.5	44.4	58.7	13.9	53.0	58.0	13.7	54.4	57.6	13.3		
AP 18AX	61.5	58.6	43.5	57.1	13.9	50.9	56.6	13.7	54.4	56.7	13.2		
CP7050AX	58.9	57.9	40.4	59.7	14.2	48.5	59.4	14.2	51.9	59.4	13.9		
Expedition	46.2	57.7	41.0	58.1	14.4	49.4	58.0	14.1	48.3	57.9	13.7		
AP Clair	-	62.9	41.9	58.4	14.2	52.1	57.8	14.0	-	-	-		
LCS Steel AX	-	61.8	42.5	56.7	14.1	51.1	57.1	14.5	-	-	-		
LCS Chrome	-	60.8	42.2	58.5	14.5	51.0	58.5	14.0	-	-	-		
CP7869	-	59.6	41.9	58.0	14.1	49.9	57.4	14.1	-	-	-		
MS Iceman	-	56.7	42.1	58.9	14.8	49.6	59.0	14.1	-	-	-		
AP Bigfoot	-	58.7	39.3	59.0	14.5	49.2	58.0	14.1	-	-	-		
LCS Julep	-	58.8	40.2	60.4	14.6	48.9	59.7	14.2	-	-	-		
LCS Photon AX	-	58.7	38.8	59.3	14.5	48.0	59.4	13.9	-	-	-		
Kivari AX	-	-	49.2	57.6	13.0	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Viking 211	-	-	47.6	58.1	13.7	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Byrd CL Plus	-	-	46.0	57.4	13.6	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MS Maverick	-	-	45.9	58.6	14.0	-	-	-	-	-	-		
WB4422	-	-	44.6	59.0	14.7	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CP7266AX	-	-	40.3	57.6	14.0	-	-	-	-	-	-		
WB4510CLP	-	-	39.2	59.1	14.4	-	_	-	-	_	-		
Trial Average#	62.9	61.0	43.1	58.3	14.2	51.7	58.1	13.9	56.1	57.9	13.3		
LSD(0.05)†	4.3	4.7	3.6	0.8	0.5	3.3	0.7	0.6	2.6	0.5	0.4		
C.V.%‡	8.5	9.7	12	1.9	4.9	11.1	2.1	7.2	9.9	2	6.8		

[#] Trial averages may include values from experimental lines that are not reported.

[†] Value required (≥LSD) to determine if varieties are significantly different from one another.

[‡] C.V. is a measure of variability or experimental error, 15% or less is considered acceptable.

Note: Western trial sites include Lantry/Faith, Martin, Sturgis, and Wall.



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21st Century Genetics (TCG) Hard Red Spring Wheat (HRS) trials in 2022

2021 and 2022 were contrasting years. 2021 was characterized by very early heat, and season long droughty conditions. 2022 was characterized by late planting, Spring would never come, and more moderate growing condition. Despite the short season harvest went very well, perfect harvest conditions, and the yields were generally good, exceeding 85 bushels in many places. Quality was variable but generally good. There were no serious disease problems except BLS, it returned after an absence in droughty 2021.

TCG varieties performed very well in droughty 2021, and equally well in high yield 2022, especially our highest yielding varieties TCG-Spitfire and TCG-Wildcat. See Table 1- and 3-year Summary, Table 2.

TCG-Spitfire is our best performing HRS across environments year in and year out with an excellent combination

of yield and standability, with medium protein and TW and excellent tolerance to BLS. TCG-Spitfire is slightly susceptible to preharvest sprouting (PHS) so timely harvest is recommended to prevent low falling numbers.

TCG-Wildcat is much like TCG-Spitfire, but it has higher protein and TW, with earlier maturity and quicker dry down, slightly better standability and good tolerance to PHS. It has a good coping reaction to BLS. It yields right with TCG-Spitfire in most places with all the advantages. TCG-Wildcat is a certified seed only (CSO) variety. MS-S for scab so well-timed fungicide is a must.

TCG-Heartland is our highest quality variety based on protein and TW, it has good tolerance to PHS, with excellent standability and good yielding ability especially in the Northern Third of ND

and MN. TCG-Heartland is a certified seed only (CSO) variety.

TCG-Wildfire is an alkali tolerant choice for your tough alkali ground.

TCG-Badlands (new for 2024) a new alkali tolerant variety with better standability and yield than TCG-Wildfire. CSO variety. Test marketing in 2023.

TCG-Teddy (new for 2023) outstanding standability with big yield punch, when planted at high rates 1.8M. Good tolerance to BLS and preharvest sprouting, which preserves high falling numbers. CSO Variety.

T18C904 (new for 2024) this is an improved TCG-Spitfire type with better scab resistance than TCG-Spitfire, and better tolerance to preharvest Sprouting (PHS). T18C904 stands well and can produce big yields planted at normal populations (1.5M). Increased in 2023 for sale in 2024 as a CSO variety.



TCG-SPITFIRE

Top Yield, Standability and Drought Tolerance Region Wide

Medium Protein Good Tolerance to BLS

PVPA (94)

NEW CSO

TCG-WILDCAT

Widely Adapted Management Wheat

Excellent
Combination of Yield,
Standability, TW, and
Protein

Good Tolerance to Preharvest Sprouting

PVPA (94) and Patent Pending

cso

TCG-HEARTLAND

Excellent
Combination of
Standability, Protein,
TW and Yield Adapted
to well Drained, LightMedium Texture Soils

Tolerance to Preharvest Sprouting

PVPA (94) Patented

TCG-WILDFIRE

Good Yields with Consistent Protein on Tough Alkali Ground

PVPA (94)

NEW CSO

TCG-TEDDY

Outstanding Standability with Big Yield Punch

Good Tolerance to BLS and Preharvest Sprouting

Performs Best at Higher Seeding Rates

Patent Pending

Visit tcgwheat.com to find a TCG seed associate near you.

Table 1. 2022 TCG HRS Wheat trial results in 7 environments

			Site	Yield (bu)	/A)			Averag	ge across	7 sites	Average of 2-3 impacted sites	
		Minne	sota		N	orth Dakota		Yield	Protein	Test Wt	Lodging	BLS ³
Variety	Stephen ¹	Crookston ¹	Fisher ¹	Fisher	Thompson ¹	Casselton	Crystal ¹	bu/A	%	lbs/bu	Score ²	Score ²
TCG-Spitfire	85.0	90.1	90.9	108.3	103.6	80.1	77.1	90.7	14.2	59.6	1.5	2.8
LCS Trigger	90.3	86.5	93.8	84.3	97.2	86.5	83.1	88.8	12.5	60.8	2.7	2.5
TCG-Wildcat	80.8	95.3	86.8	98.2	92.0	84.5	80.2	88.3	15.3	60.9	0.8	2.8
MN-Rothsay	68.2	91.8	97.3	97.2	96.5	80.3	80.4	87.4	14.5	59.9	1.2	5.3
T18C904	68.2	90.1	98.9	103.2	89.1	80.8	75.9	86.6	14.8	60.5	0.3	4.3
Prosper	69.6	92.8	92.2	89.1	81.1	90.2	88.1	86.1	14.9	60.7	4.3	3.5
TCG-Teddy	71.8	97.9	95.2	96.7	84.9	76.6	77.8	85.9	14.9	59.3	0.0	2.3
WB-Mayville	69.0	94.4	95.2	89.5	86.5	83.1	69.4	83.9	15.5	60.7	0.5	3.0
SY-Valda	76.7	86.4	89.6	92.2	86.7	75.4	76.1	83.3	14.2	60.4	2.2	2.8
Shelly	63.0	89.4	96.4	85.0	85.8	79.5	72.6	81.7	15.7	60.9	0.5	4.5
TCG-Badlands	68.7	77.1	89.3	85.5	86.8	73.9	82.8	80.6	14.8	59.9	1.7	3.5
AP Murdock	80.7	87.0	76.3	72.7	89.0	76.7	79.7	80.3	14.6	59.7	3.8	3.5
Torgy	75.0	80.8	81.0	79.4	86.4	76.6	78.8	79.7	15.6	60.3	4.2	2.5
Driver	69.6	81.3	83.2	82.0	88.1	77.6	74.0	79.4	15.1	61.1	5.2	4.3
LCS Rebel	76.4	81.5	83.4	79.2	79.5	75.4	76.6	78.9	15.2	61.8	5.8	2.5
LCS Cannon	63.8	75.8	91.7	86.4	76.4	81.9	74.9	78.7	14.7	61.1	2.0	3.0
TCG-Heartland	65.0	78.2	88.4	88.1	80.9	77.2	71.3	78.4	16.1	60.9	0.7	3.8
TCG-Wildfire	73.9	75.4	90.0	82.0	78.7	74.2	72.0	78.0	14.9	60.3	3.0	3.5
Linkert	67.8	69.6	89.1	93.2	79.8	72.7	66.7	77.0	15.9	60.6	0.3	2.8
SY-Ingmar	79.9	70.3	81.2	79.4	74.1	73.8	71.0	75.7	15.7	60.8	3.3	2.5
Boost	77.9	78.6	70.0	69.9	81.4	71.2	75.1	15.1	59.5	5.3	2.0	
Bolles	49.9	86.5	72.7	79.6	74.6	74.2	70.7	72.6	16.8	60.2	4.0	4.0
Barlow	47.2	78.3	80.9	75.6	77.2	67.7	69.1	70.9	16.0	60.9	6.3	4.5
	¹ Sites trea	ated with fung	icide									

Table 2. Three year average performance of TCG varieties and checks across 6-7 sites

	Aver	age Yield (I	bu/A)		3 Y	ear Avera	ges
						Test	
	2020	2021	2022	Yield	Protein	Weight	Lodging
Variety				bu/a	%	lbs/bu	Score ^{2, 3}
TCG-Spitfire	68.3	58.9	90.7	72.7	14.1	59.4	0.8
T18C904	68.8	53.3	86.6	69.6	14.8	60.0	0.4
TCG-Wildcat	66.1	52.5	88.3	69.0	15.3	60.6	0.4
TCG-Teddy	67.1	53.3	85.9	68.7	15.0	59.4	0.0
LCS Trigger	62.4	54.8	88.8	68.7	12.7	60.0	3.6
SY-Valda	63.4	54.5	83.3	67.1	14.2	60.1	3.0
WB-Mayville	66.4	50.2	83.9	66.8	15.7	60.6	0.4
Prosper	55.0	56.0	86.1	65.7	14.8	59.8	4.4
LCS Rebel	63.9	51.5	78.9	64.7	15.3	61.5	6.0
TCG-Badlands	68.1	45.5	80.6	64.7	14.7	59.2	1.2
LCS Cannon	65.6	47.6	78.7	64.0	14.9	61.4	1.7
Shelly	59.9	46.2	81.7	62.6	15.5	60.6	2.0
TCG-Wildfire	64.0	45.5	78.0	62.5	15.0	59.6	2.1
TCG-Heartland	62.6	46.1	78.4	62.4	16.2	60.8	0.3
Boost	56.9	50.9	75.1	60.9	15.2	59.4	4.8
Linkert	57.3	46.7	77.0	60.3	16.0	60.7	0.2
SY-Ingmar	60.2	42.7	75.7	59.5	15.4	60.5	2.2
Barlow	50.8	43.9	70.9	55.2	15.8	61.1	5.8
Bolles	46.1	44.3	72.6	54.3	16.9	59.3	4.4
	¹ Bacterial Le ² Score from (af Streak 0-10 (0 = none,	10 = most)				

 $^{^{2}}$ Score from 0-10 (0 = none, 10 = most)

³ Bacterial Leaf Streak

Score from 0-10 (0 = none, 10 = most)
 Average of two affected years: 2020 and 2022

A program that 'works on every level': Certifying Agents assist producers in enrolling in the MAWQCP

The Minnesota Agricultural Water Quality Certification Program (MAWQCP) certifies farmers for managing the land within their operation in a way that protects water quality and improves soil health for today's and tomorrow's farmers.

Area Certification Specialists assist farmers through the certification process. Producers can get started by contacting their local Soil and Water Conservation District, their Area Certification Specialist or contact the Minnesota Department of Agriculture (www.mda.state. mn.us/mawqcp-contact-form) for follow up from program staff. After a farmer complete the program application, a Certifying Agent will work with you on the assessment process, which includes an online assessment tool and on-farm field verification. Lastly, compliance with existing laws and rules needs to be complete when the certification agreement is signed.

"Our specialists are the crucial part of the certification process," MAWQCP Project Manager Brad Jordahl Redlin said. "They love working with farmers and helping them every step of the way—finding financial assistance, handling the paperwork, identifying options—to ensure every certification serves the unique needs of each farm."

MAWQCP Endorsements

The MAWQCP currently has five Endorsements available to water quality certified producers: Climate Smart Farm, Soil Health, Integrated Pest Management, Wildlife and Irrigation Water Management. Many conservation practices targeting water quality have benefits for other conservation goals, and the Endorsements provide additional recognition to water quality certified producers who are going above and beyond to implement



various non-profit organizations, University of Minnesota, Soil and Water Conservation Districts, and federal and state agencies to develop the criteria for the Endorsements.

Endorsements are available to producers who are enrolled in the MAWQCP. Those who achieve an Endorsement will receive an additional sign for their farm and recognition for their conservation excellence.

Contact a MAWQCP Area Certification Specialist today!

Northwest: Glen Kajewski, East Polk SWCD, glen. kajewskieastpolk@gmail.com, 218-689-1502

North Central: Jim Lahn, East Otter Tail SWCD, james. lahn@eot.mnswcd.org, 218-346-4260 x122

Northeast: Ryan Clark, Carlton SWCD, ryan.clark@carltonswcd.org, 218-384-3891 x6

West Central: Grant Pearson, Stearns SWCD, grant. pearson@mn.nacdnet.net, 320-428-4374

South Central: Herman Bartsch, Cottonwood SWCD, hermanbartsch@outlook.com, 507-344-3210

Southwest: Danielle Evers, Pipestone SWCD, danielle. evers@co.pipestone.mn.us, 507-825-1199

Southeast: Mark Root, Olmsted SWCD, MSROOTMAWQCP@gmail.com, 507-226-5923

Metro: www.mda.state.mn.us/mawqcp-contact-form, 651-200-5307

"(The specialists) really did a great job," said Washington County farmer Fran Miron, who was MAWQCP-certified in 2020. "It's really a painless process."

The more than 1,275 producers currently certified in the program – now in its seventh year of implementation – cover over 925,000 certified acres and implement more than 2,550 new conservation practices. These practices are reducing over 43,000 tons of sediment of each year, 127,000 tons of soil and cutting nitrogen loss by nearly 50%. The MDA plans to celebrate certifying onemillion acres of farmland in Minnesota in early 2023.

"This program works on every level," Gov. Tim Walz said at the 2022 MN AG EXPO, "and it works because producers are at the center of it, producers help write it and producers help execute it."

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NDSU

North Dakota Hard Red Spring Wheat Variety Trial Results for 2022 and Selection Guide

Clair Keene, Andrew Green,
Andrew Friskop, Matt Breiland, Tim
Friesen, Zhaohui Liu and Shaobin
Zhong (NDSU Main Station); John
Rickertsen (Hettinger Research
Extension Center); Eric Eriksmoen
(North Central Research Extension
Center, Minot); Bryan Hanson
(Langdon Research Extension Center);
Glenn Martin (Dickinson Research
Extension Center); Gautam Pradhan
(Williston Research Extension
Center); Mike Ostlie (Carrington
Research Extension Center)

Hard red spring (HRS) wheat was planted on 5.4 million acres in 2022, down slightly from 5.5 million in 2021. The average yield of HRS wheat was 52 bushels/acre (bu/a), up substantially from 34 bu/a in 2021. Low 2021 yields were caused by wide-spread and severe drought. The 2022 growing season started with late planting after spring blizzards and heavy rains delayed field work for many across the state.

SY Valda was the most popular HRS wheat variety in 2022, occupying 11.0% of the planted acreage, followed by SY Ingmar (9.4%), AP Murdock (8.8%), WB9590 (8.8%), WB9719 (4.1%), Shelly (3.9%), ND Vitpro (3.0%), Elgin ND (3.0%), and Faller (2.9%). SY Valda, SY Ingmar, and AP Murdock were released by Syngenta/AgriPro. WB9590 and WB9719 were released by Westbred/Monsanto. Shelly is a University of Minnesota release and ND Vitpro, Elgin, and Faller are NDSU varieties.

Successful wheat production depends on numerous factors, including selecting the right variety for a particular area. The information included in this publication is meant to aid in selecting that variety or group of varieties. Characteristics to consider in selecting a variety may include yield

potential, protein content when grown with proper fertility, straw strength, plant height, response to problematic pests (diseases, insects, etc.) and maturity. Every growing season differs; therefore, when selecting a variety, we recommend using data that summarize several years and locations. Choose the variety that, on average, performs the best at multiple locations near your farm during several years.

Selecting varieties with good milling and baking quality also is important to maintain market recognition and avoid discounts. Hard red spring wheat from the northern Great Plains is known around the world for its excellent end-use quality.

Millers and bakers consider many factors in determining the quality and value of wheat they purchase. Several key parameters are: high test weight (for optimum milling yield and flour color), high falling number (greater than 300 seconds indicates minimal sprout damage), high protein content (the majority of HRS wheat export markets want at least 14% protein) and excellent protein quality (for superior bread-making quality as indicated by traditional strong gluten proteins, high baking absorption and large bread loaf volume).

Gluten strength, and milling and baking quality ratings are provided for individual varieties based on the results from the NDSU field plot variety trials in multiple locations in 2021. The wheat protein data often are higher than obtained in actual production fields but can be used to compare relative differences among varieties.

The agronomic data presented in this publication are from replicated research plots using experimental designs that enable the use of statistical analysis. These analyses enable the reader to determine, at a predetermined level of confidence, if the differences observed among varieties are reliable or if they might be due to error inherent in the experimental process.

The LSD (least significant difference) values beneath the columns in the tables are derived from these statistical analyses and apply only to the numbers in the column in which they appear. If the difference between two varieties exceeds the LSD value, it means that with 95% or 90% confidence (LSD probability 0.05 or 0.10), the higher-yielding variety has a significant yield advantage. When the difference between two varieties is less than the LSD value, no significant difference was found between those two varieties under those growing conditions.

NS is used to indicate no significant difference for that trait among any of the varieties at the 95% or 90% level of confidence. The CV stands for coefficient of variation and is expressed as a percentage. The CV is a measure of variability in the trial. Large CVs mean a large amount of variation could not be attributed to differences in the varieties. Yield is reported at 13.5% moisture, while protein content is reported at 12% moisture content.

Presentation of data for the entries tested does not imply approval or endorsement by the authors or agencies conducting the test. North Dakota State University approves the reproduction of any table in the publication only if no portion is deleted, appropriate footnotes are given and the order of the data is not rearranged. Additional data from county sites are available from each Research Extension Center at https://vt.ag.ndsu.edu/.



Table 1. North Dakota hard red spring wheat variety descriptions, agronomic traits, 2022.

							Reactio	n to Disease ⁵
	Agent or	Year	Height	Straw	Days to	Leaf	Tan	Bact. Leaf
Variety	Origin ¹	Released	(inches) ²	Strength ³	Head ⁴	Rust	Spot	Streak
AAC Brandon	Canada	2012	31	4	49	6	NA	6
AAC Starbuck	Canada	2018	32	4	49	6	NA	6
AAC Wheatland	Canada	2018	31	4	49	4	NA	7
AP Gunsmoke CL2	Syngenta/AgriPro	2021	30	6	48	3	4	8
AP Murdock	Syngenta/AgriPro	2019	28	4	49	5	4	6
AP Smith	Syngenta/AgriPro	2021	28	2	50	3	3	5
Ascend-SD	SD	2022	34	4	50	4	NA	5
Bolles	MN	2015	30	4	51	2	4	6
CAG-Justify	Champions Alliance Grp	2021	31	6	51	2	5	6
CAG-Reckless	Champions Alliance Grp	2021	32	5	49	2	6	6
CAG-Recoil	Champions Alliance Grp	2022	29	3	55	1	NA	3
CP3099A	Croplan	2020	32	5	52	3	4	6
CP3188	Croplan	2020	30	7	49	2	6	7
CP3530	Croplan	2015	33	7	50	5	6	6
Dagmar ⁷	MT	2019	30	6	47	7	4	7
Driver	SD	2019	31	4	50	1	7	7
Faller	ND	2007	32	6	50	7	7	5
Glenn	ND	2005	33	4	47	6	6	5
Lanning	MT	2017	30	3	50	7	4	8
LCS Ascent	Limagrain	2022	30	4	46	6	NA	6
LCS Buster	Limagrain	2020	32	5	53	4	4	4
LCS Cannon	Limagrain	2018	29	4	45	7	5	7
LCS Dual	Limagrain	2010	30	4	48	6	NA	7
LCS Hammer AX	Limagrain	2022	29	4	47	6	NA	7
LCS Rebel	Limagrain	2017	33	6	46	7	3	5
LCS Trigger	Limagrain	2017	33	5	54	1	4	4
MN- Rothsay	MN	2022	29	3	51	6	NA NA	6
MN-Torgy	MN	2020	31	4	50	3	3	4
MN-Washburn	MN	2019	30	3	51	1	6	6
MS Barracuda	Meridian Seeds	2019	28	4	45	NA	7	7
MS Charger	Meridian Seeds	2022	29	7	47	2	NA	7
MS Cobra	Meridian Seeds	2022	29	4	48	2	4	8
MS Ranchero	Meridian Seeds	2022	32	5	53	4	5	6
ND Frohberg	ND		33	5	49	5	8	5
ND Heron	ND ND	2020	31	6	46	7	NA	7
		2021		4				
ND VitPro	ND ND	2016	31		48	4	6	6
Shelly SK Rush	MN	2016	29	4	51	6	3	8 7
	Canada	2016	33		50	2	NA 4	
SY 611CL2	Syngenta/AgriPro	2019	28	3	48	6	4	6
SY Ingmar	Syngenta/AgriPro	2014	29	3	50	3	6	6
SY Longmire ⁷	Syngenta/AgriPro	2019	29	5	49	6	4	6
SY McCloud	Syngenta/AgriPro	2019	30	4	48	5	7	8
SY Valda	Syngenta/AgriPro	2015	29	5	49	2	7	6
TCG-Heartland	21st Century Genetics	2019	28	3	47	3	4	7
TCG-Spitfire	21st Century Genetics	2015	30	3	51	5	6	5
TCG-Wildcat	21st Century Genetics	2020	30	3	49	5	6	7
WB9590	WestBred	2017	27	3	48	3	8	8

Refers to agent or developer: MN = University of Minnesota; MT = Montana State University; ND = North Dakota State University; SD = South Dakota State University Canada = Agri-Food Canada. Bold varieties are those recently released, so data are limited and rating values may change.

² Height data averaged from multiple locations in 2022.

³ Straw Strength = 1 to 9 scale, with 1 the strongest and 9 the weakest. These values are based on recent data and may change as more data become available. ⁴ Days to Head = the number of days from planting to head emergence from the boot, averaged based on data from several locations in 2022.

 $^{^5}$ Disease reaction scores from 1 to 9, with 1 = resistant and 9 = very susceptible, NA = not available.

⁶ All wheat varieties are resistant to moderately resistant to stem rust when screened using Puccinia graminis f. sp. tritici races TPMK, TMLK, RTQQ, QFCQ and QTHJ. ⁷ Solid stemmed or semisolid stem, imparting resistance to sawfly.

Table 2. Yield of hard red spring wheat varieties grown at five locations in eastern North Dakota, 2020-2022.

	<u>Carri</u>	ngton	Cass	elton	Grand	<u>Forks</u>	Lang	gdon	Pro	sper	Ave	rage
Variety	2022	3 Yr.	2022	3 Yr.	2022	3 Yr.	2022	3 Yr. ¹	2022	2 Yr.	2022	3 Yr.
						(bt	ı/a)					
AAC Brandon	56.8		66.2		80.4		75.0		66.4		69.0	
AAC Starbuck	60.7		69.5		77.5		80.1		55.9		68.7	
AAC Wheatland	54.8		70.2		81.8		75.7		49.3		66.4	
AP Gunsmoke CL2	57.7	54.0	72.9		86.1		80.6		50.8	73.5	69.6	
AP Murdock	54.5	51.6	72.7	86.9	90.5	78.9	92.6	87.2	66.5	75.4	75.4	76.0
AP Smith	53.4	48.9	67.8	-	82.2	-	79.8		58.0	72.3	68.2	
Ascend-SD	60.3		72.2		94.4		89.9		78.4		79.1	
Bolles	46.1	45.7	74.4	77.0	83.1	69.7	71.0	70.5	42.0	61.7	63.3	64.9
CAG-Justify	60.7		74.7		78.8		92.6		50.3	70.9	71.4	
CAG-Reckless	53.3		74.6		82.7		82.3		64.1	78.1	71.4	
CAG-Recoil	53.2		62.3		95.1		85.5		75.3		74.3	
CP3099A	59.7		83.7		87.8		81.8		57.9	78.2	74.2	
CP3188	66.2		68.5		76.0		80.5		49.3	69.9	68.1	
CP3530	58.7	54.4	71.9	85.3	86.5	77.6	86.7	82.7	63.9	70.3	73.5	74.1
Dagmar	62.8	56.0	68.4	80.8	89.3	75.6	68.7		54.7	68.3	68.8	
Driver	58.3	56.6	77.5	86.7	87.5	78.9	81.9		51.6	73.6	71.4	
Faller	59.4	56.7	71.0	82.8	81.5	77.2	85.7	83.3	69.9	80.5	73.5	76.1
Glenn	47.3	45.8	58.7	70.3	74.8	65.6	67.6	72.0	52.9	56.1	60.3	62.0
Lanning	49.2	47.5	67.9	81.7	78.5	69.7	60.5		60.2	71.1	63.3	
LCS Ascent	51.4		79.9		90.5		85.0		57.1		72.8	
LCS Buster	57.6	50.3	80.6	92.4	86.4	79.5	86.4		65.6	76.4	75.3	
LCS Cannon	55.5	48.6	76.7	91.5	92.3	77.0	85.8	76.7	52.5		72.6	
LCS Dual	65.9		76.4		88.7		73.1		46.2		70.1	
LCS Hammer AX	63.2		76.7		87.8		79.5		63.6		74.2	
LCS Rebel	64.4	55.4	76.9	82.0	78.9	76.3	76.7	77.8	64.3	76.7	72.2	73.6
LCS Trigger	58.6	55.4	80.7	90.6	91.2	85.3	93.5	87.1	81.3	87.4	81.1	81.2
MN-Rothsay	51.0		70.1		92.2		77.1		60.4		70.2	
MN-Torgy	62.3	60.6	74.2	83.7	89.1	77.2	82.0	78.8	65.6	75.9	74.6	75.2
MN-Washburn	51.1	49.2	71.2	80.8	90.9	74.7	80.1	77.9	59.4	72.9	70.5	71.1
MS Barracuda	53.0	48.3	74.0	83.1	80.1	70.9	73.0	74.0	51.9	65.2	66.4	68.3
MS Charger	60.9		86.9		94.9		89.6		57.3		77.9	
MS Cobra	60.6		76.4		78.3		67.5		47.9	66.8	66.2	
MS Ranchero	55.6	55.4	66.2	82.4	80.2	75.3	76.1		50.4	62.3	65.7	
ND Frohberg	54.9	48.2	72.2	82.3	79.4	69.8	77.4	77.2	62.0	73.7	69.2	70.3
ND Heron	48.5	42.8	66.7		79.1		68.0	71.1	56.5		63.8	
ND VitPro	59.5	56.5	56.1	71.8	80.3	69.5	71.1	73.4	60.6	69.3	65.5	68.1
Shelly	65.0	59.0	78.3		86.1	73.5	76.0	71.9	46.5		70.4	
SK Rush	46.9		60.5		74.8		75.5		59.4		63.4	
SY 611CL2	57.3	48.8	67.1	81.4	82.2	72.9	81.6	80.9	58.5	76.2	69.3	72.0
SY Ingmar	50.4	46.6	66.5	77.9	81.9	72.6	75.3	77.8	50.1	67.5	64.8	68.5
SY Longmire	48.9		61.4	79.5	78.6	71.2	70.0	75.6	52.6	69.8	62.3	
SY McCloud	52.2	50.5	75.9	84.2	84.8	71.7	75.4	76.5	54.4	71.2	68.5	70.8
SY Valda	55.2	53.9	71.8	85.8	93.9	77.6	86.1	81.7	62.6	77.2	73.9	75.2
TCG-Heartland	45.0	44.3	70.9	79.0	88.1	72.0	68.4	69.9	48.9	65.1	64.3	66.1
TCG-Spitfire	58.2	55.2	71.8	81.4	96.4	82.8	82.5	80.3	72.0	85.7	76.2	77.1
TCG-Wildcat	54.8	49.1	79.6	83.7	90.9	78.4	76.1		60.0	74.8	72.3	
WB9590	56.7		78.9		97.4		74.4		50.3	68.5	71.5	
Mean	56.3	51.6	71.9	82.5	85.3	74.9	78.6	77.5	59.2	72.2	70.1	71.7
CV%	9.9		4.4		6.5		7.7		12.1		8.2	
LSD 0.05	7.8		5.8		6.2		8.4		8.1		7.1	
LSD 0.10	6.6		4.5		5.2		7.1		6.8		6.0	
Langdon 3-year avg. ii	ncludes 2019	, 2020 and 20	22.									



Table 3. Yield of hard red spring wheat varieties grown at four locations in western North Dakota, 2020-2022.

	Hett	inger	Mar	ıdan	Mi	<u>not</u>	Will	iston	Ave	rage
Variety	2022	3 Yr.	2022	3 Yr.	2022	3 Yr.	2022	3 Yr.	2022	3 Yr.
					(bι	ı/a)				
AAC Brandon	73.1		49.3		62.2		31.2		53.9	
AAC Starbuck	76.1		51.6		52.4		33.3		53.4	
AAC Wheatland	73.3		51.2		60.1		31.9		54.1	
AP Gunsmoke CL2	78.8	50.5	66.4	43.8	57.7		34.8		59.4	
AP Murdock	73.6	45.3	65.2	42.2	58.1	52.7	33.2	25.2	57.5	41.3
AP Smith	76.5	44.2	58.5	42.0	58.6		36.1		57.4	
Ascend-SD	74.4		65.7		61.8		37.9		60.0	
Bolles	70.3	43.1	56.5	38.5	61.5	55.4	31.6	24.3	55.0	40.3
CAG-Justify	82.4		67.2		66.7		33.8		62.5	
CAG-Reckless	75.2		57.9		56.3		36.1		56.4	
CAG-Recoil	76.4		66.6		66.9		37.7		61.9	
CP3099A	76.8		62.8		68.7		34.6		60.7	
CP3188	77.2		58.7		59.4		39.2		58.6	
CP3530	76.0	48.0	58.4	41.1	55.5	56.8	33.4		55.8	
Dagmar	82.6	51.7	57.7	39.0	60.9	53.7	30.7	26.9	58.0	42.8
Driver	76.9	50.4	57.0	43.7	63.0		32.1	26.6	57.3	
Faller	79.2	50.8	61.2	44.3	72.0	64.6	31.1	28.0	60.9	46.9
Glenn	71.2	45.3	54.6	38.6	56.6	50.5	27.0	25.5	52.4	40.0
Lanning	77.3	48.9	56.0	41.9	63.4	55.9	34.6	28.9	57.8	43.9
LCS Ascent	80.9		54.9		65.1		33.9		58.7	
LCS Buster	81.3	50.9	69.5	48.6	66.8		40.0	29.4	64.4	
LCS Cannon	79.6	50.7	56.6	38.7	59.2	52.9	28.1	24.0	55.9	41.6
LCS Dual	80.2		55.1		72.7		32.8		60.2	
LCS Hammer AX	77.6		62.8		60.4		36.8		59.4	
LCS Rebel	78.2	51.0	58.5	40.8	61.0	56.5	34.9	28.4	58.2	44.2
LCS Trigger	77.1	50.3	70.4	47.6	66.7	64.9	36.5	29.2	62.7	48.0
MN-Rothsay	74.2	45.1	63.5	44.8	70.1		36.8		61.1	
MN-Torgy	77.1	49.0	65.7	45.1	65.4	58.7	36.0	28.1	61.0	45.2
MN-Washburn	76.1	47.5	58.1	39.8	56.0	52.6	31.7	25.6	55.5	41.4
MS Barracuda	82.8	49.3	57.3	37.7	61.6	57.7	28.9	25.5	57.6	42.5
MS Charger	86.5		61.6		59.0		39.0		61.5	
MS Cobra	77.7		62.1		55.2		32.9		57.0	
MS Ranchero	78.2	51.0	64.3	46.8	52.1		33.3	27.0	57.0	
ND Frohberg	73.7	47.3	57.9	40.6	58.0	53.0	34.4	26.5	56.0	41.9
ND Heron	74.3	48.0	54.2	37.7	55.9		30.5		53.7	
ND VitPro	71.6	44.0	51.1	38.0	54.2	48.5	28.8	24.8	51.4	38.8
Shelly	78.9		60.9		63.8	56.8	32.1		58.9	
SK Rush	76.1		57.0		50.4		36.3		54.9	
SY 611CL2	81.4	50.3	60.7	41.7	56.5	57.4	36.4	29.6	58.7	44.8
SY Ingmar	65.1	42.0	54.3	38.6	53.5	48.8	36.8	28.6	52.4	39.5
SY Longmire	70.7	45.6	55.2	40.0	53.5	54.7	38.1	29.5	54.4	42.4
SY McCloud	76.9	47.9	59.8	39.6	66.7	53.7	34.6	26.3	59.5	41.9
SY Valda	74.8	48.1	60.8	44.6	57.4	51.4	35.4	26.9	57.1	42.7
TCG-Heartland	73.2	46.5	51.0	36.2	58.7	54.7	30.1	27.2	53.3	41.2
TCG-Spitfire	77.4	50.1	63.5	45.9	62.6	60.4	38.7	30.2	60.6	46.7
TCG-Wildcat	75.5	46.5	63.9	41.5	61.3		38.2	29.1	59.7	
WB9590	77.6		57.2		59.0		30.6		56.1	
Mean	76.6	47.8	59.4	41.6	60.9	55.3	34.5	27.3	57.7	42.8
CV%	3.1		6.5		8.7		7.1		6.4	
LSD 0.05	2.8		4.5		8.6		4.0		5.1	
LSD 0.10	2.2		3.5		7.2		3.3		4.3	



Table 4. Protein at 12% moisture of hard red spring wheat varieties grown at nine locations in North Dakota, 2022.

Variety	Carrington	Casselton	Grand Forks	Langdon	Prosper	Hettinger	Mandan	Minot	Williston	State Avg.
					(%	6)				
AAC Brandon	13.9	14.5	16.1	15.0	16.9	13.2	12.3	14.7	13.7	14.5
AAC Starbuck	13.7	15.3	16.5	15.3	17.3	14.1	13.2	14.1	14.7	14.9
AAC Wheatland	12.9	14.8	16.3	15.5	17.1	13.1	12.0	13.8	13.9	14.4
AP Gunsmoke CL2	12.0	14.3	15.5	14.8	17.0	12.6	11.4	13.3	15.0	14.0
AP Murdock	12.1	13.4	14.0	13.7	15.2	12.7	11.4	13.0	13.4	13.2
AP Smith	12.5	14.1	15.0	14.7	15.4	13.1	12.1	13.4	14.6	13.9
Ascend-SD	12.4	14.2	16.0	14.1	16.4	13.1	10.8	12.7	13.7	13.7
Bolles	14.1	15.9	16.5	15.8	17.4	13.6	13.4	13.9	16.0	15.2
CAG-Justify	11.1	13.5	14.8	13.1	15.7	12.2	10.6	12.0	13.5	12.9
CAG-Reckless	13.0	14.3	15.6	14.3	15.6	12.7	11.3	13.8	13.7	13.8
CAG-Recoil	12.6	13.5	14.4	14.4	15.4	13.2	11.2	12.6	13.6	13.4
CP3099A	11.6	12.6	13.8	12.5	14.6	11.7	10.8	12.1	12.2	12.4
CP3188	11.2	13.0	14.1	13.0	15.1	11.9	10.7	12.0	11.8	12.5
CP3530	12.7	14.5	15.1	14.7	16.2	13.3	11.4	14.3	14.3	14.1
Dagmar	13.1	14.5	15.8	15.6	16.4	12.4	11.5	14.8	15.9	14.4
Driver	12.0	13.9	15.0	13.9	15.7	12.5	11.7	13.4	14.2	13.6
Faller	11.7	13.3	14.9	13.6	15.2	12.2	11.1	12.1	13.3	13.0
Glenn	12.5	14.9	16.0	15.0	16.9	13.9	11.8	14.6	15.4	14.6
Lanning	12.6	14.6	16.3	15.3	16.7	13.4	12.0	13.1	13.2	14.1
LCS Ascent	11.5	13.4	13.8	13.6	15.4	12.0	11.0	13.5	13.6	13.1
LCS Buster	10.9	12.0	12.9	12.5	13.1	11.6	9.7	11.5	12.0	11.8
LCS Cannon	12.4	13.5	14.8	14.6	16.3	12.4	11.5	13.8	15.8	13.9
LCS Dual	12.3	13.2	15.0	13.9	16.2	12.0	11.1	13.1	13.2	13.3
LCS Hammer AX	12.0	13.9	14.3	14.4	15.5	12.2	11.4	13.7	13.6	13.4
LCS Rebel	12.4	14.5	15.4	14.6	16.5	12.5	12.7	14.0	14.0	14.1
LCS Trigger	11.0	12.1	13.0	12.1	13.1	11.3	9.4	11.4	12.6	11.8
MN-Rothsay	12.0	13.9	14.8	14.6	15.1	12.5	11.0	13.0	13.3	13.4
MN-Torgy	13.2	14.3	15.6	14.7	15.8	12.4	11.2	13.1	13.1	13.7
MN-Washburn	12.8	13.7	15.8	14.1	16.6	12.9	11.6	14.1	13.9	13.9
MS Barracuda	13.4	14.6	15.7	15.0	17.1	12.1	11.8	14.5	14.7	14.3
MS Charger	10.2	12.3	13.9	12.5	15.1	11.1	10.6	12.7	12.1	12.3
MS Cobra	11.9	14.3	15.6	15.0	17.0	13.1	12.2	14.2	14.2	14.2
MS Ranchero	11.9	13.7	14.9	14.2	15.7	12.6	10.4	13.5	13.3	13.4
ND Frohberg	12.7	13.5	15.4	14.2	16.0	13.5	11.9	13.9	14.9	14.0
ND Heron	11.8	14.8	15.9	15.1	16.8	13.4	11.8	14.6	15.5	14.4
ND VitPro	13.0	15.1	16.1	14.8	16.5	14.4	12.3	14.1	15.1	14.6
Shelly	12.3	13.3	14.9	14.1	15.2	12.6	10.7	12.9	13.1	13.2
SK Rush	12.8	15.0	16.0	14.9	16.6	13.2	11.6	13.9	14.2	14.2
SY 611CL2	11.9	14.1	15.3	14.6	16.3	13.0	11.7	13.7	13.6	13.8
SY Ingmar	13.3	14.5	15.6	15.0	15.9	14.2	12.6	14.4	15.1	14.5
SY Longmire	13.5	14.1	15.0	15.2	15.9	12.8	12.0	13.5	14.5	14.1
SY McCloud	14.6	14.4	15.7	15.0	16.1	13.9	12.4	14.5	14.6	14.6
SY Valda	11.3	13.2	15.0	14.1	15.4	12.9	11.0	13.4	12.9	13.2
TCG-Heartland	13.5	15.0	15.8	15.4	16.5	14.3	12.0	14.2	15.4	14.7
TCG-Spitfire	12.8	13.4	14.1	13.6	14.5	13.2	11.4	12.8	13.1	13.2
TCG-Wildcat	13.3	14.0	15.4	15.2	15.5	13.7	11.6	13.9	13.9	14.0
WB9590	12.0	14.5	15.3	15.0	16.8	13.5	11.8	13.8	14.9	14.2
Mean	12.4	14.0	15.2	14.3	15.9	12.8	11.5	13.4	13.9	13.7
CV%	7.7	1.3	2.0	2.8	2.1	3.5	4.0	4.8	4.4	3.3
LSD 0.05	1.3	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.0	1.0	0.4
LSD 0.10	1.1	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.4



Table 5. Yield of organic hard red spring wheat varieties grown at two locations in North Dakota, 2020-2022.

	Carri	ngton	Dickinson	<u>Average</u>
Variety	2022	3 Yr.	2022	2022
		(bu	/a)	
Barlow	16.3	17.3	58.4	37.3
Bolles	16.2	16.8	48.8	32.5
Ceres	11.5	15.3	52.9	32.2
Dagmar	16.7	20.1	66.8	41.7
Dapps	17.5	15.7	54.9	36.2
Driver	19.0		51.9	35.4
Elgin-ND	19.6	19.9	52.8	36.2
FBC Dylan	14.6	17.5	59.2	36.9
Faller	20.5	21.0	59.9	40.2
Glenn	15.5	17.5	56.3	35.9
Lang-MN	19.1	20.3	62.1	40.6
Lanning	16.0	20.5	61.7	38.9
Linkert	19.9		55.2	37.5
MN Rothsay	14.8			
MN Washburn	17.1	16.3	54.2	35.6
MN-Torgy	17.8		69.0	43.4
Mida	12.6	16.4	45.8	29.2
ND Frohberg	15.8	19.6	51.6	33.7
ND Heron	17.0		63.3	40.1
ND VitPro	17.5	16.8	62.2	39.8
Prosper	20.3		68.0	44.2
Red Fife	16.4	22.2	51.6	34.0
Shelly	17.2	17.5	59.6	38.4
Mean	16.9	18.3	57.5	37.3
CV%	9.6		14.1	
LSD 0.05	2.7		11.5	
LSD 0.10	2.2		9.6	



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Table 6. Quality data from 2018-2021. The Wheat Quality Index is a weighted average developed to summarize the relative milling and baking quality of lines in the trial. Data from across years are from 2018-2021 for all varieties which were tested in a minimum of two years (four locations per year) across North Dakota.

	Test	Vitreous	Wheat	Farinograph	Flour	Farinograph	Loaf	WQI
Variety	Weight ¹	Kernels ²	Protein ³	Absorption ⁴	Extraction ⁵	Stability ⁶	Volume ⁷	RANK ⁸
	lb/bu	%	12% m.b.	%	%	min	cm ³	
Bolles	61.3	80.1	16.8	65.4	64.6	22.8	980.9	1
WB9479	62.7	77.8	16.0	63.4	67.3	19.0	972.2	2
SY McCloud	63.1	75.7	15.4	67.0	67.0	11.2	978.2	3
Glenn	64.1	88.9	15.5	65.3	65.9	14.6	973.8	4
LCS Rebel	63.2	78.2	15.1	64.8	68.7	12.9	981.8	5
SY Longmire	62.4	77.2	15.1	65.1	67.5	12.4	1004.0	6
ND Frohberg	62.7	76.6	14.8	67.0	66.3	13.7	950.7	7
AAC Brandon	62.1	77.9	15.5	66.4	68.1	11.9	947.4	8
Dagmar	62.3	86.9	15.5	65.3	66.6	13.8	966.1	9
TCG-Heartland	63.1	75.6	15.5	64.3	67.9	15.0	946.5	10
ND VitPro	63.5	87.3	15.5	65.6	67.4	10.0	965.8	11
Lanning	61.4	83.3	15.4	64.3	66.4	11.3	1015.3	12
CP3530	61.7	68.8	14.7	64.8	68.3	11.3	995.4	13
SY Ingmar	62.7	78.7	15.2	63.7	67.7	13.3	974.5	14
MN-Rothsay	62.3	72.4	15.0	62.6	67.8	14.7	993.8	15
MN-Washburn	61.9	88.2	14.6	61.7	69.9	16.8	975.6	16
ND Hern	63.4	84.8	15.5	71.9	64.4	9.1	945.2	17
LCS Cannon	63.2	68.7	14.7	63.5	68.9	13.7	964.8	18
AP Murdock	61.7	62.3	14.8	65.1	67.6	13.6	949.5	19
Boost	61.4	80.6	15.2	65.7	66.8	10.2	953.3	20
WB9719	63.8	77.6	15.2	64.6	66.4	13.1	929.3	21
SY 611CL2	63.0	77.1	14.9	68.6	65.4	9.1	927.4	22
TCG-Spitfire	61.6	73.1	14.3	65.1	65.8	12.4	966.7	23
MS Ranchero	61.0	77.7	14.6	65.9	65.3	12.6	941.6	24
WB9590	62.4	76.4	15.5	63.9	67.3	13.8	915.4	25
MN-Torgy	62.5	70.3	15.1	62.9	66.2	15.3	938.4	26
TCG-Wildcat	62.9	78.4	14.9	64.5	67.3	8.9	946.9	27
Faller	61.7	69.9	14.4	64.6	68.4	10.3	931.7	28
Shelly	61.6	67.5	14.3	61.5	68.3	16.0	909.7	29
Driver	62.9	77.9	14.7	61.8	67.6	10.3	927.7	30
SY Valda	62.3	83.6	14.4	63.4	66.4	7.9	896.2	31
LCS Trigger	61.8	81.5	13.2	64.8	67.9	9.6	813.2	32
LCS Buster	60.1	68.0	13.2	58.6	68.9	15.1	864.3	33
Mean	62.4	77.2	15.0	64.6	67.2	12.9	949.8	17.0

¹ Test weight - Expressed in pounds (lbs) per bushel. A high test weight is desirable. A 58 lb test weight is required for a grade of US No. 1.

² Vitreous kernels - Expressed as a percentage of seeds having a vitreous-colored endosperm. A high percentage is desirable. US No. 1 DNS requires greater than 75% vitreous kernels.

³ Wheat Protein - Measured by NIR at a 12% moisture basis. A high protein is desirable for baking quality.

⁴ Farinograph Absorption - Measured by NIR at a 14% moisture basis. A measure of dough water absorption, expressed as percent. A high absorption is desirable.

⁵ Flour Extraction - Percentage of milled flour recovered from cleaned and tempered wheat. A high flour extraction percentage is desirable.

⁶ Farinograph Stability - A measure of dough strength expressed in minutes above the 500 Brabender unit line during mixing. A high stability is desirable.

⁷ Loaf Volume - The volume of the pup loaf of bread, expressed in cubic centimeters. A high volume is desirable.

⁸ Standardized means were used to calculate the Wheat Quality Index (WQI). The WQI is a weighted index calculated as: Test Weight (5%); Vitreous kernel (5%); Wheat Protein (10%); Flour Extraction (10%); Farinograph Absorption (23.3%); Farinograph Stability (23.3%) and Loaf Volume (23.3%). Adjusted means across locations were calculated for each trait using a mixed model. These means were standardized (mean=0 and standard deviation=1) to remove the effect of scale, which vary between traits.

Table 7. Quality data from 2021 from four locations across North Dakota. The Wheat Quality Index is a weighted average developed to summarize the relative milling and baking quality of lines in the trial. Data from 2021 are for all varieties which were tested in the 2022 trial. Data were collected from Carrington, Thompson, Hettinger, and Prosper, North Dakota.

	Test	Vitreous	Wheat	Farinograph	Flour	Farinograph	Loaf	WQI
Variety	Weight ¹	Kernels ²	Protein ³	Absorption ⁴	Extraction ⁵	Stability ⁶	Volume ⁷	RANK ⁸
, urrely	lb/bu	%	12% m.b.	%	%	min	cm ³	
CP3530	61.4	91.2	15.1	64.5	70.3	18.5	1046.1	1
MS Cobra	62.2	93.5	15.0	65.5	68.4	16.2	1064.5	2
SY Longmire	62.5	93.6	14.6	63.8	68.5	20.9	1043.9	3
SY McCloud	63.4	93.5	15.4	66.6	68.5	16.9	967.9	4
Lanning	61.6	93.6	15.1	63.5	69.3	18.3	1040.7	5
WB9479	62.9	92.7	15.9	63.2	68.1	23.1	971.2	6
Dagmar	62.4	93.7	15.3	64.8	66.8	20.5	970.1	7
MN-Washburn	62.3	94.3	14.6	61.0	70.0	25.1	999.4	8
TCG-Heartland	63.0	91.9	15.7	63.6	67.7	20.3	958.1	9
CAG-Reckless	62.5	91.0	15.0	64.5	65.8	19.5	997.2	10
LCS Rebel	63.2	94.0	15.1	63.5	68.8	18.8	961.4	11
AP smith	61.8	90.0	14.9	62.4	66.9	22.6	1003.7	12
LCS Cannon	63.6	88.7	14.6	62.3	68.9	21.4	967.9	13
TCG Spitfire	61.3	91.7	14.6	64.7	67.0	17.1	982.0	14
Glenn	64.1	94.0	15.2	64.5	66.0	19.5	927.7	15
ND VitPro	63.3	94.2	15.5	64.8	67.0	14.5	945.1	16
Bolles	61.4	90.8	16.6	64.6	64.7	22.9	903.8	17
AP Murdock	61.5	88.1	14.8	63.6	67.9	18.2	955.9	18
SY 611CL2	63.0	93.5	14.7	67.5	65.4	14.0	948.3	19
ND Frohberg	62.7	92.4	14.8	66.1	66.0	18.9	889.7	20
MN-Rothsay	62.8	90.0	14.8	61.9	67.9	17.7	991.8	21
SY Ingmar	62.7	94.2	15.0	62.8	67.4	19.3	940.7	22
WB9590	62.7	90.6	15.2	63.5	67.3	19.1	920.1	23
MN-Torgy	62.9	92.8	14.9	61.8	67.1	20.9	961.4	24
Ascend-SD	61.4	94.2	15.0	63.1	66.2	15.0	1003.6	25
MS Ranchero	61.9	92.6	14.3	65.2	66.0	16.6	925.5	26
AP Gunsmoke CL2	61.5	92.3	15.4	61.5	67.7	18.6	945.1	27
TCG-Wildcat	62.7	93.8	14.7	63.3	67.7	12.7	945.1	28
ND Heron	63.6	93.7	15.5	71.5	63.8	12.0	886.4	29
Driver	63.1	91.3	14.4	60.6	68.8	15.0	951.6	30
Faller	61.6	89.6	14.4	64.0	68.3	14.7	870.2	31
CP3188	61.0	86.0	13.7	59.5	68.4	24.0	906.0	32
CAG-Justify	59.4	93.5	14.1	62.1	68.6	12.9	908.2	33
SY Valda	62.5	93.9	14.6	62.8	66.1	12.0	869.1	34
CP3099A	59.2	89.5	13.2	60.6	67.2	17.7	936.4	35
LCS Trigger	61.3	92.8	13.6	62.9	67.1	15.2	835.4	36
LCS Buster	60.2	85.3	13.0	56.6	69.0	20.2	834.3	37
Mean	62.0	92.1	14.8	63.3	67.5	17.9	955.6	

See footnotes below Table 6.



North Dakota barley yields 2022

Clair Keene

Barley was seeded on 740,000 acres in North Dakota in 2022, up from 580,000 acres in 2021. The average state yield was estimated at 73 bushels per acre, up from 51 bushels per acre during the drought of 2021. In much of the state, barley along with other crops were seeded late after April blizzards and May rains delayed planting. Barley yields in eastern North Dakota were good with variety trials averaging 95.5, 85.1, and 102.5 busxhels per acre at Fargo, Carrington, and Langdon, respectively. In western North Dakota, trials at Glen Ullin, Hettinger, Minot, and Williston yielded 62.0, 99.4, 87.8, and 36.9 bushels per acre, respectively. AAC Synergy, ND Genesis, and Brewski were top yielders in eastern locations. In the west, ABI Cardinal was the highest yielding variety across all locations. CDC Austenson was only planted at Minot and Hettinger but was the highest yielding at both. No major issues with plump or protein were observed with trials averaging 92.4% plump and 11.0% protein in the east and 92% plump and 11.5% protein in the west.

Table 1. 2022 North Dakota barley variety descriptions.

					Rachilla					Reaction to Disease ⁶			
Variety	Use ¹	Origin ²	Year Released	Awn ³ Type	Hair ⁴ Length	Aleurone Color	Height (inch)	Days to Head	Straw ⁵ Strength	Stem Rust	Spot-form Net Blotch	Spot Blotch	Net Blotch
Six-rowed													
Tradition	M/F	BARI	2003	S	L	White	30	48	3	8	6	3	7
Two-rowed													
AAC Connect	M/F	Can.	2017	R	L	White	27	55	4	4	5	4	5
AAC Synergy	M/F	Syngenta	2015	R	L	White	29	55	4	4	3	4	4
ABI Cardinal	M/F	BARI	2019	R	S	White	28	56	4	NA	NA	4	6
Brewski	M	ND	2021	S	L	White	28	54	4	NA	NA	4	4
CDC Austenson	F	CDC	2009	R	S	White	29	57	2	NA	NA	2	2
CDC Churchill	M/F	CDC	2019	R	L	White	NA	NA	3	NA	3	3	NA
CDC Fraser	M/F	CDC	2016	R	L	White	27	56	2	NA	NA	4	4
Conlon ⁷	M/F	ND	1996	S	L	White	28	49	5	8	4	6	3
Explorer	M	Secobra	NA	R	L	White	24	55	3	NA	NA	8	4
ND Genesis	M/F	ND	2015	S	L	White	30	52	4	8	4	4	6
Pinnacle	M/F	ND	2006	S	L	White	29	50	3	8	8	5	6

Bolded varieties were tested for the first time this year, so some ratings may change as new data become available

Table 2. Yield and test weight of barley varieties at three locations in eastern North Dakota, 2020-2022.

		<u>Fargo</u>			<u>Carrington</u>			Langdon		Avg. eastern N.D.		
	Test	Yio	eld	Test	<u>Yield</u>		Test	Yi	eld	Test	Y	ield
Variety	Wt.	2022	3 Yr.	Wt.	2022	3 Yr.	Wt.	2022	3 Yr.	Wt.	2022	3 Yr.
	(lb/bu)	(bı	ı/a)	(lb/bu)	(b)	ı/a)	(lb/bu)	(bu	ı/a)	(lb/bu)	(b	u/a)
Six-rowed												
Tradition	48.5	105.8	117.1	48.5	81.9	73.6	50.0	98.5	98.8	49.0	95.4	96.5
Two-rowed												
AAC Connect	49.9	93.6	103.0	46.9	86.7	74.3	49.5	100.1	105.5	48.8	93.5	94.3
AAC Synergy	49.9	104.2	103.2	48.8	94.0	77.1	50.5	105.2	109.8	49.7	101.1	96.7
ABI Cardinal	51.2	94.2	102.7	48.1	85.3		50.6	103.3	98.3	50.0	94.3	
Brewski	49.5	99.0	100.1	46.7	87.8		50.1	108.6		48.8	98.5	
CDC Austenson				52.6	89.7							
CDC Fraser	49.2	91.1	97.5	47.2	81.4		49.4	105.2		48.6	92.6	
Conlon	50.5	82.6	92.8	48.4	78.6	67.1	51.1	100.0	88.7	50.0	87.1	82.9
Explorer	54.2	81.5	95.8	47.7	85.5	73.2	48.9	105.6	95.1	50.3	90.9	88.0
ND Genesis	50.9	111.0	111.7	46.4	87.0	71.6	48.8	100.4	107.5	48.7	99.5	96.9
Pinnacle	49.4	92.0	100.0	48.2	78.5	70.7	51.6	98.5	96.2	49.7	89.7	89.0
Mean	50.3	95.5	102.4	48.1	85.1	72.5	50.1	102.5	100.0	49.4	94.2	92.0
CV %		7.8		2.1	8.6		1.1	5.0		2.4	6.1	
LSD 0.05		11.8		1.4	10.5		0.8	7.6		NS	NS	
LSD 0.10		9.9		1.2	8.8		0.7	6.3		1.7	NS	

M = malting; F = feed.

² BARI = Busch Agricultural Resources Inc.; CDC = Crop Development Centre, University of Saskatchewan; ND = North Dakota State University

 $^{^{3}}$ R = rough; S = smooth.

⁴ L = long S = short.

⁵ Straw Strength scores from 1-9, with 1 = strongest and 9 = weakest.

⁶Disease reaction scores from 1-9, with 1 = resistant and 9 = very susceptible, NA - not available.

Lower DON accumulations than other varieties tested.

Table 3. Plump and protein of barley varieties at three locations in eastern North Dakota, 2022.

	<u>Fa</u>	rgo	Carr	<u>Carrington</u>		<u>Langdon</u>			Avg. eastern N.D.	
Variety	Plump	Protein	Plump	Protein		Plump	Protein		Plump	Protein
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)		(%)	(%)		(%)	(%)
Six-rowed										
Tradition	69.7	12.7	95	11.8		95	10.9		86.7	11.8
Two-rowed										
AAC Connect	81.1	12.0	90	11.1		95	10.3		88.6	11.1
AAC Synergy	87.1	12.3	96	10.9		97	10.4		93.3	11.2
ABI Cardinal	85.1	12.5	95	10.7		97	10.3		92.5	11.2
Brewski	91.6	11.2	96	11.0		96	10.1		94.7	10.8
CDC Austenson			92	10.8						
CDC Fraser	88.7	13.1	95	11.1		97	10.3		93.5	11.5
Conlon	90.2	12.6	96	11.7		98	10.5		94.9	11.6
Explorer	91.4	11.5	93	10.8		95	9.7		93.2	10.7
ND Genesis	92.1	10.2	95	10.1		95	9.7		93.9	10.0
Pinnacle	85.0	10.9	96	10.2		97	10.0		92.6	10.4
Mean	86.2	11.9	95	10.9		96	10.2		92.4	11.0
CV %			2.1	4.6		1.8	4.6			
LSD 0.05			2.8	0.7		2.4	0.7			
LSD 0.10			2.4	0.6		2.0	0.6			



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Table 4. Yield and test weight of barley varieties at four locations in western North Dakota, 2020-2022.

	(len Ullir	ı]	lettinger			Minot		7	Williston		Avg	western	N.D.
	Test	Yie	eld	Test	Yie	eld	Test	Yi	eld	Test	Yie	ld	Test	Yio	eld
Variety	Wt.	2022	3 Yr.	Wt.	2022	3 Yr.	Wt.	2022	3 Yr.	Wt.	2022	3 Yr.	Wt.	2022	3 Yr. ¹
	(lb/bu)	(bu	/a)	(lb/bu)	(bu	/a)	(lb/bu)	(bı	u/a)	(lb/bu)	(bu	/a)	(lb/bu)	(bu	ı/a)
Six-rowed															
Tradition	45.8	41.0	60.9	47.5	101.6	62.1	45.1	84.0	94.3	45.8	41.8	31.8	46.1	67.1	62.3
Two-rowed															
AAC Connect	44.4	62.1		47.0	94.6	61.3	45.8	90.0	104.6	45.4	41.2	31.0	45.6	72.0	
AAC Synergy	46.0	56.9	79.4	47.8	103.4	64.1	44.5	85.1	101.7	45.2	42.1	31.4	45.9	71.9	69.1
ABI Cardinal	47.1	68.3	-	47.7	93.9	62.9	47.7	95.6	102.8	46.0	47.3		47.1	76.3	
Brewski	45.4	74.0	-	47.1	105.1	70.0	45.6	82.5		43.9	37.1		45.5	74.7	
CDC Austenson		-	-	50.1	111.9	-	47.1	94.4		-	1				
CDC Fraser	45.8	63.8	-	46.9	101.2	-	46.0	86.4		45.5	37.7		46.0	72.3	
Conlon				48.5	95.2	55.2	47.5	90.1	93.1	46.9	27.2	28.5			
Explorer				46.6	105.3	67.6	47.5	93.0	103.4	46.7	41.6	35.0			
ND Genesis	45.4	67.6	80.8	47.9	95.6	66.9	44.9	86.4	105.1	44.2	37.6	32.4	45.6	71.8	71.3
Pinnacle				46.2	85.7	59.9	45.2	78.8	99.0	46.6	34.0	31.4			
Mean	45.7	62.0	73.7	47.6	99.4	63.3	46.1	87.8	100.5	45.6	36.9	31.6	46.0	72.3	67.6
CV%	1.3	8.3		1.6	5.2		1.6	4.9		1.4	8.5		1.7	8.5	
LSD 0.05	0.9	7.4		0.9	6.1		1.2	7.4		1.1	5.2		1.2	NS	
LSD 0.10	0.7	6.1	-	0.7	4.7	-	1.0	6.1		0.9	4.3		1.0	7.6	
Glen Ullin exclu	Glen Ullin excluded from three-year average.														

Table 5. Plump and protein of barley varieties at four locations in western North Dakota, 2022.

Table 5. Plump and protein of barley varieties at four locations in western North Dakota, 2022.

	Glen	Ullin	Hett	inger	Minot	Williston	Avg. west	tern N.D.
Variety	Plump	Protein	Plump	Protein	Protein	Protein	Plump	Protein
					(%)			
Six-rowed								
Tradition	95	11.7	91	13.9	12.3	11.4	93	12.3
Two-rowed								
AAC Connect	88	11.3	85	12.9	11.8	10.3	87	11.6
AAC Synergy	93	10.6	92	12.4	12.9	10.8	92	11.7
ABI Cardinal	95	11.2	90	12.4	11.9	9.9	93	11.4
Brewski	95	9.8	90	11.7	11.6	11.2	93	11.1
CDC Austenson			89	12.3	12.3			
CDC Fraser	96	11.5	91	12.4	12.9	11.3	94	12.0
Conlon			95	13.1	12.7	11.0		
Explorer			86	13.6	11.8	10.2		
ND Genesis	94	9.6	92	11.2	10.8	9.7	93	10.3
Pinnacle			85	11.7	10.7	9.5		
Mean	94	10.8	90	12.5	12.0	10.4	92	11.5
CV%	2.0	4.0	3.1	5.8	3.4	5.5		
LSD 0.05	3	0.6	3.2	0.8	0.6	0.9		
LSD 0.10	2	0.5	2.5	0.7	0.5	0.8		





NEW in '22

December 7th

Northern Canola Growers Association's

Annual Business Meeting

will include discussion on hail insurance rates in canola

3pm - 4pm

December 8th

New Tools for Flea Beetle Control in Canola -

Jan Knodel

11:15 am - 12pm

New Insights in Canola Diseases-Venkat Chapara

2:30 pm - 3:15pm

Be sure to visit the canola vendors at the show!





Preliminary Report 24 2022 Wheat, Barley, and Oats Variety Performance in Minnesota Preliminary Report

Preface

Jochum Wiersma

'Dumbfounded' and 'befuddled' are the two adjectives that come to mind when reviewing the 2022 growing season. While there are parallels to the 2012 and 2013 growing seasons, the 2021 and 2022 growing seasons were extremer in every way compared to the aforementioned pair nearly a decade ago. The spring was cold and wet. Many producers commented to me that they could not recall ever getting started this late and with such difficult seedbed conditions. By the middle of May, only 5% of the spring wheat acres had been seeded. Two weeks later only half the acres had been seeded, compared to 2021, when the half way mark was reached four weeks earlier. Planting continued well past the date for full crop insurance coverage and ultimately, only a very limited number of acres were not seeded.

The first half of June remained cooler than normal and allowed ample tillering for the earliest seeded wheat. The second half of June, however, broke with the first half of the month and set the trend for the remainder of the summer with average temperatures slightly to well above the climate normal. Relative humidity and dew points were higher too than they had been the past few seasons. The disease risk models in turn indicated moderate to high risk for not just tan spot but, more importantly, Fusarium head blight (FHB) just as the majority of the spring wheat crop reached anthesis.

Many, including me, were only hoping for something a bit better than last year's disappointing numbers while keeping their fingers crossed that incidence of FHB would be low enough to avoid discounts. That was until the first combines started rolling. Initial yield reports were astoundingly good, and concerns of discounts for low-test weight and/or presence of DON were unnecessary. The only surprises 2022 did yield were some reports of ergot in the earliest harvested spring wheat and barley and lodging in later seeded fields in the central Red River Valley due to Hessian fly.

USDA-NASS' initial spring wheat yield forecast for Minnesota on July 1 was 53 bu/acre or 13 bu/acre more than their 2021 forecast. USDA-NASS corrected their forecast upwards to 56 bu/acre one month later. In the September Small Grains Summary USDA-NASS reported Minnesota's average spring wheat yield to be 61 bu/acre or nearly 30% higher than the year before. The state's average barley yield increased year-over-year by the same percentage point to 72.0 bu/acre, while the state average for oat increased 2 bu/acre to 59 bu/acre. Acreage of all three commodities remain near historic lows with only 55,000, 140,000, and 1.2 million acres of barley, oats, and spring wheat harvested, respectively.

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Introduction

Successful small grain production begins with selection of the best varieties for a particular farm or field. For that reason, varieties are compared in trial plots on the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station (MAES) sites at St. Paul, Waseca, Lamberton, Morris, and Crookston. In addition to these five MAES locations, trials are also planted at the Magnusson Research Farm near Roseau and with a number of farmer cooperators. The cooperator plots are handled so factors affecting yield and performance are as close to uniform for all entries at each location as possible.

The MAES 2022 Wheat, Barley, and Oat Variety Performance in Minnesota Preliminary Report 24 is presented under authority granted by the Hatch Act of 1887 to the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station to conduct performance trials on farm crops and interpret data for the public.

The MAES and the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences (CFANS) grants permission to reproduce, print, and distribute the data in this publication - via the tables - only in their entirety, without rearrangement, manipulation, or reinterpretation. Permission is also granted to reproduce a maturity group sub-table provided the complete table headings and table notes are included. Use and reproduction of any material from this publication must credit the MAES and the CFANS as its source.

Variety Classifications

Varieties are listed in the tables alphabetically. Seed of tested varieties can be eligible for certification, and use of certified seed is encouraged. However, certification does not imply a recommendation. The intellectual property rights of the breeders or owners of the variety are listed as either PVP, PVP(pending), PVP(94), patent, or none. PVP protection means that the a variety is protected under the Plant Variety Protection Act for a period of 20 years, while PVP(94) means that the variety is protected for 20 years with the additional stipulation that seed of the variety can only be sold as registered and certified classes of seed. PVP(pending) indicates that the PVP application has been made and that you should consider the variety to have the same intellectual property rights as those provided by PVP(94). The designation of 'Patent' means that the variety is protected by a utility patent and that farm-saved seed may be prohibited by the patent holder. The designation 'None' means that the breeder or owner never requested any intellectual property protection or that legal protection has expired. Registered and certified seed is available from seed dealers or from growers listed in the 'Minnesota Crop Improvement Association 2022 Directory', available through the Minnesota Crop Improvement Association office in St. Paul or online at http://www.mncia.org

Interpretation of the Data

The presented data are the preliminary variety trial information for single (2022) and multiple year (2020-2022) comparisons in Minnesota. The yields are reported as a percentage of the location mean, with the overall mean (bu/acre) listed below. Two-year and especially oneyear data are less reliable and should be interpreted with caution. In contrast, averages across multiple environments, whether they are different years and/or locations, provide a more reliable estimate of mean performance and are more predictive of what you may expect from the variety the next growing season. The least significant difference or LSD is a statistical method to determine whether the observed yield difference between any two varieties is due to true, genetic differences between the varieties or due to experimental error. If the difference in yield between two varieties equals or exceeds the LSD value, the higher yielding one was indeed superior in yield. If the difference is less, the yield difference may have been due to chance rather than genetic differences, and we are unable to differentiate the two varieties. The 5% or 10% unit indicates that, with either 95% or 90% confidence, the observed difference is indeed a true difference in performance. Lowering this confidence level will allow more varieties to appear different from each other, but also increases the chances that false conclusions are drawn.



TOP PERFORMING VARIETIES

WHEAT

MN-Rothsay

MN-Torgy

MN-Washburn

Bolles

Linkert

Shelly

OATS

MN-Pearl

Deon

For varietal trial information visit: varietytrials.umn.edu

For a list of seed producers, visit the Minnesota Crop Improvement Association at www.mncia.org or call 1-800-510-6242.

The University of Minnesota is an equal opportunity educator and employer.

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MN-ROTHSAY WHEAT



Excellent yields

Very good straw strength

Above average protein

Good pre-harvest sprout rating

View Minnesota field crop variety trial results at varietytrials.umn.edu or check your state or local variety trials.

For a list of seed producers, visit the Minnesota Crop Improvement Association at www.mncia.org or call 1-800-510-6242.

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SPRING WHEAT

James Anderson, Jochum Wiersma, Susan Reynolds, Nathan Stuart, Houston Lindell, Ruth Dill-Macky, James Kolmer, Matt Rouse, and Yue Jin.

MN-Torgy jumped from fifth to first place in its third year of production with just over a fifth of Minnesota's 1.2 million acres of HRSW. WB9590 was a close second with a slight increase in overall acreage and the most widely grown variety in much of the Red River Valley. SY Valda maintained its third place ranking with 11% of the acreage.

First-time entrants in the 2022 trials were Ascend-SD, CAG Recoil, CPX39120, LCS Ascent, MN-Rothsay, MS Charger, and ND-Heron. Ascend-SD and MN-Rothsay were tested under number in prior years and their 2 and 3 year averages are reported, respectively as well. WestBred did not enter any HRSW varieties in the University of Minnesota variety trial system. WB9479, WB9590, however, were included in the testing in 2022 as they each occupied more than 5% of the acreage in 2021.

The results of the variety performance evaluations for spring wheat are summarized in Tables 1 through 7. The varietal characteristics are presented in Tables 1 through 3. Tables 4, 5, and 6 present the relative grain yield of tested varieties in 1, 2, and 3-year comparisons. Table 7 presents the grain yield when fungal pathogens are controlled to the maximum extent possible compared to the same trials without the use of fungicides. The average yield across the six southern testing locations was 60 bu/acre in 2022. This average compares to a southern average of 56 bu/acre in 2021 and a three-year average of 58 bu/acre. The eight northern locations averaged 77 bu/acre in 2022 compared to 72 bu/acre last year and 85 bu/acre for the three-year average. Newcomers Ascend-SD, CP3099A, CP3119A, and MS Charger were among the highest yielding varieties in single year comparisons in both the north and southern portions of the state. LCS Trigger once again held the top spot for grain yield in both single and the multiple year comparisons. Higher yielding cultivars tend to be lower in grain protein. Variety selection is one approach to avoid discounts for low protein, but N fertility management remains paramount to maximize grain yield and grain protein.

Varieties with a lodging score of 2 and 3 are considered exceptionally good and will only lodge in extreme cases, while varieties with a rating of 4 or 5 have adequate straw strength most years. Increasing seeding rates generally increases the risk of lodging for all but the strongest and shortest semi-dwarf HRSW varieties. Conversely, lower seeding rates will lower the risk of lodging, but commonly results in lower grain yield potential. Linkert remains superior for straw strength varieties amongst public releases while MS-Washburn and MN-Rothsay are the only public release with a lodging rating of 3. Private releases that have superior lodging ratings include AP Smith, CP3915, MS Barracuda, SY Longmire and all entries in the variety trials from 21st Century Genetics (TCG) and WestBred.

Varieties with disease ratings of 4 or lower are considered the best defense against a particular disease. Varieties that are rated 7 or higher are likely to suffer significant economic losses under even moderate disease pressure. The foliar disease rating represents the total complex of leaf diseases other than the rusts, and includes the Septoria complex and tan spot. Although varieties may differ from their response to each of those diseases, the rating does not differentiate among them. Therefore, the rating should be used as a general indication and only for varietal selection in areas where these diseases historically have been a problem or if the previous crop is wheat or barley. Control of leaf diseases with fungicides may be warranted, even for those varieties with an above average rating.

Bacterial leaf streak (BLS) cannot be controlled with fungicides. Selection of more resistant varieties is the only recommended practice at this time if you have a history of problems with this disease. CAG Reckless, CP3530, CP3915, Driver, Dyna-Gro Ballistic, Lang-MN, LCS Trigger, MN-Torgy, MN-Washburn, ND Frohberg, SY Longmire, and TCG-Spitfire provide the best resistance against BLS.

Lang-MN, LCS Buster, LCS Trigger, and MN-Torgy provide the best resistance against FHB while another fifteen varieties have a rating of 4 for FHB. Combined, this group of varieties includes some of the top yielders and varieties with higher grain protein.

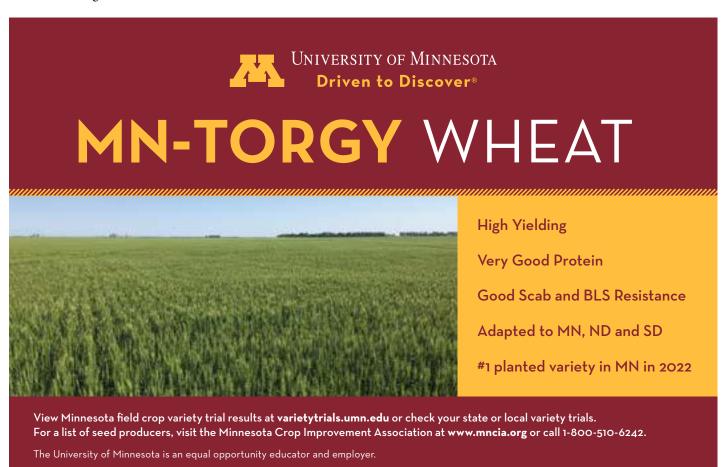
BARLEY

Kevin Smith, Ruth Dill-Macky, Jochum Wiersma, Brian Steffenson, Karen Beaubien and Ed Schiefelbein

The results of the variety performance evaluations for spring barley are summarized in Tables 8 through 12. The varietal characteristics and disease reactions are presented in Tables 8 and 9. Tables 10 through 12 present the relative grain yield of the tested varieties in single and multiple year comparisons. The average yield across the 13 testing locations was 101 bu/acre in 2022 (Table 12). This is up from a state average of 80 bu/A in 2021. The highest yields this year were recorded in Roseau with 132 bu/A (Table 10) while the lowest grain yields were recorded in St. Paul with 62 bu/A (Table 11).

Rasmusson was the highest yielding six-row variety and AAC Synergy, Brewski, and ND Genesis were the highest yielding two-row varieties based on the 2022 state average (Table 12). In general, the six-row varieties, except for Quest, had lower stem breakage (Table 8). In general, two-rows headed later than six-rows with the exception of Conlon which is the earliest maturity two-row variety tested.

Table 9 describes the reaction of this year's entries to five major diseases in the region. Disease reaction is based on data from at least two experiments (except spot blotch) and scored from 1–9; where 1 is most resistant and 9 is most susceptible. The varieties tested differed widely for resistance to spot blotch with most six-rows having good resistance (except Quest), while the two rows varied over the entire range of the rating scale 1-9. Net blotch can be an important disease and most varieties tested have good resistance with the exceptions of Brewski and Pinnacle. It is notable that Pinnacle is highly susceptible to net blotch. Conlon continues to be the variety with the best resistance to Fusarium head blight expressed as lower concentrations of vomitoxin or DON. All the varieties tested are generally susceptible (ratings from 3-6) to the QCCJ race of stem rust which has not been identified as a threat in the Midwest yet. All listed varieties carry stem rust resistance to the predominate Puccinia graminis f. sp. tritici race (MCCF). Most varieties possess pre-heading resistance to stem rust; thus, they will not likely incur much damage unless the disease epidemic is severe. Bacterial Leaf Streak (BLS) cannot be controlled by fungicides and there are some modest differences (ratings from 3-6) in resistance among the tested varieties.





OATS

Kevin P. Smith, Ruth Dill-Macky, Dimitri von Ruckert, Karen Beaubien, Jochum Wiersma

Entries in the state oat variety trial were evaluated in 9 locations. In addition, entries were evaluated for disease resistance to crown rust, barley yellow dwarf virus (BYDV), and smut in dedicated, inoculated nurseries. The results of the variety evaluations are summarized in Tables 13 to 17. The origin and agronomic characteristics of the tested oat varieties are listed in Table 13. Maturity, height, and test weight data are presented as statewide averages from 2020-2022 except where noted. Lodging data is also a statewide average from the same period, but only from locations where lodging was present. Maturity, height, and lodging are important considerations for variety selection based on the intended location and expected end use of the crop.

Crown rust continues to be a major limiting factor to oat production in Minnesota that must be managed to achieve optimal yield. Buckthorn (Rhamnus cathartica L.), the alternate host of crown rust is widespread in Minnesota, allowing for a persistent and particularly aggressive pathogen population. Rust in all yield trials was managed through treatment with a propiconazole-based fungicide when the flag leaf was fully extended (Feekes 9) to evaluate the yield potential with little to no disease. Crown rust and other disease resistance ratings are listed in Table 14. All disease scores were converted to a 1-9 scale. A score of 1 is very resistant and a score of 9 is very susceptible. The most economical way of controlling crown rust is through resistant varieties; however, application of fungicide to a variety with rating of 4 or greater is prudent if crown rust is present in the lower canopy at Feekes 9. MN-Pearl, SD Buffalo and Warrior appear to be the best varieties for crown rust resistance.

Other important diseases include BYDV and smut which were evaluated in inoculated nurseries at the University of Illinois and the University of Minnesota, respectively. We observed little difference among the tested varieties for resistance to BYDV (ratings from 3-4). Most varieties tested had good resistance to smut with the exceptions of SD Buffalo and ND Heart. A seed treatment and certified seed should be used to manage smut. Choose the varieties with the lowest disease ratings in an organic production system and plant as early as possible to reduce the risk of yield losses caused by these diseases.

For grain production, lodging and grain quality traits should be considered when choosing a variety (Table 13). Oat varieties with high protein and low oil are preferred in the food market. High test weight, as a proxy for milling yield, is very important in both the food and feed markets. Contact your local elevator or buyer and ask whether they prefer particular varieties.

Tables 15 through 17 present the relative grain yield of the tested varieties in single and multiple year comparisons. For 2022, the highest yields were in Roseau and the lowest yields in Waseca. WIX10305-4 followed by SD Buffalo and Hayden were the top yielding varieties in statewide averages for 2022. These same three varieties performed well in both the northern and southern regions in 2021. Some varieties perform differently in the north and south. For example, in 2022 MN-Pearl was the highest yielding variety in the north but yielded lower in the south. In general, earlier maturing varieties perform better in southern Minnesota because flowering can occur when it is cooler. Similarly, later performing varieties tend to perform better in northern Minnesota.



Table 1. Origin and agronomic characteristics of hard red spring wheat varieties in Minnesota in single-year (2022) and multiple-year comparisons.

			Desired Stand	Days to	Height	Straw
Entry	Origin ¹	Legal Status	(Plants/Acre) ²	Heading ³	Inches ³	Strength ⁴
AP Gunsmoke CL2 ⁵	2021 AgriPro/Syngenta	PVP (94)	1.3	49.0	26.5	5
AP Murdock	2020 AgriPro/Syngenta	PVP (94)	1.3	48.8	25.0	5
AP Smith	2021 AgriPro/Syngenta	PVP (94)	1.3	51.7	24.3	2
Ascend-SD	2021 SDSU	PVP (94) pending	1.3	50.0	29.4	5–6
Bolles	2015 MN	PVP (94)	1.3	51.3	28.1	4
CAG Justify	2021 Champions Alliance Group	PVP (94)	1.2	51.1	27.5	5
CAG Reckless	2021 Champions Alliance Group	PVP (94)	1.3	49.8	28.2	5
CAG Recoil	2022 Champions Alliance Group	PVP (94) pending	1.3	55.2	27.2	3-4
CP3099A	2020 CROPLAN	PVP (94) pending	1.3	53.8	28.6	4–5
CP3119A	2021 CROPLAN	PVP (94) pending	1.3	54.8	27.9	2–3
CP3188	2020 CROPLAN	PVP (94) pending	1.3	50.2	28.3	5
CP3530	2015 CROPLAN	Patented	1.3	50.8	29.5	5
CP3915	2019 CROPLAN	PVP (94) pending	1.3	49.9	26.4	3
CPX39120	2023 CROPLAN	PVP (94) pending	1.3	57.6	29.5	5
Driver	2020 SDSU	PVP (94)	1.3	50.5	28.9	4
Dyna-Gro Ambush	2016 Dyna-Gro	PVP (94)	1.5	50.6	27.8	5
Dyna-Gro Ballistic	2018 Dyna-Gro	PVP (94)	1.5	48.2	27.4	5
Dyna-Gro Commander	2019 Dyna-Gro	PVP (94)	1.5	48.5	26.7	4
Lang-MN	2017 MN	PVP (94)	1.3	50.9	27.8	4
LCS Ascent	2022 Limagrain Cereal Seeds	PVP (94)	1.4	47.3	27.9	5
LCS Buster	2020 Limagrain Cereal Seeds	PVP (94)	1.3	52.8	27.5	4–5
LCS Cannon	2018 Limagrain Cereal Seeds	PVP (94)	1.4	46.8	27.8	4
LCS Dual	2021 Limagrain Cereal Seeds	PVP (94)	1.4	48.3	28.1	3-4
LCS Trigger	2016 Limagrain Cereal Seeds	PVP (94)	1.3	53.3	27.4	5
Linkert	2013 MN	PVP (94)	1.3	49.5	25.8	2
MN-Rothsay	2022 MN	PVP (94) pending	1.3	51.4	25.4	3
MN-Torgy	2020 MN	PVP (94)	1.3	50.7	26.1	4
MN-Washburn	2019 MN	PVP (94)	1.3	50.8	26.8	3
MS Barracuda	2018 Meridian Seeds	PVP (94)	1.3	46.8	26.6	3
MS Charger	2023 Meridian Seeds	PVP (94) pending	1.3	48.2	26.7	4–5
MS Cobra	2022 Meridian Seeds	PVP (94)	1.3	48.6	26.7	3-4
MS Ranchero	2020 Meridian Seeds	PVP (94)	1.3	53.3	28.5	6
ND Frohberg	2020 NDSU	PVP (94)	1.3	49.5	28.7	5
ND Heron	2021 NDSU	PVP (94) pending	1.3	47.7	28.7	5–6
Prosper	2011 NDSU	PVP (94)	1.3	50.8	27.5	6
Shelly _	2016 MN	PVP (94)	1.3	50.9	25.7	5
SY 611 CL2 ⁵	2019 AgriPro/Syngenta	PVP (94)	1.3	48.6	24.9	4
SY Longmire ⁶	2019 AgriPro/Syngenta	PVP (94)	1.3	50.0	26.3	3
SY McCloud	2019 AgriPro/Syngenta	PVP (94)	1.3	49.3	26.6	4
SY Valda	2015 AgriPro/Syngenta	PVP (94)	1.3	50.4	25.2	5
TCG-Heartland	2019 21st Century Genetics	PVP (94), Patent pending	1.6	47.8	24.4	3
TCG-Spitfire	2016 21st Century Genetics	PVP (94)	1.5	51.7	27.5	3
TCG-Wildcat	2020 21st Century Genetics	PVP (94), Patent pending	1.5	50.3	26.5	3
WB9479	2017 WestBred	Patented, PVP (94)	1.3	48.6	24.7	3
WB9590	2017 WestBred	Patented, PVP (94)	1.3	48.6	23.9	3

Mear

¹ Abbreviations: MN = Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station; NDSU = North Dakota State University Research Foundation; SDSU = South Dakota

 $^{^{2}}$ Our standard seeding rate is designed to achieve a desired stand of 1.3 million plants/acre, assuming a 20% stand loss and adjusting for the germination

³ 2022 data

⁴ 1-9 scale in which 1 is the strongest straw and 9 is the weakest. Based on 2014-2022 data. The rating of newer entries may change by as much as one rating point as more data are collected.

 $^{^{\}rm 5}\,$ AP Gunsmoke CL2 and SY 611 CL2 have tolerance to Beyond® herbicide.

⁶ SY Longmire has solid stems.

Table 2. Grain quality of hard red spring wheat varieties in Minnesota in single-year (2022) and multiple-year comparisons.

	Test Weig	ht (lb/Bu)	Protei	n (%)¹	Baking	
Entry	2022	2 yr	2022	2 yr	Quality ²	Sprouting
AP Gunsmoke CL2	58.7	59.7	15.7	15.3	5	3
P Murdock	59.4	60.2	14.2	14.5	5	1
P Smith	58.8	60.2	15.5	15.2	3	4
scend-SD	59.1	60.3	15.2	14.8	_	4
olles	58.9	60.1	16.8	16.7	1	1
AG Justify	58.2	58.7	13.8	13.9	_	3
AG Reckless	59.9	61.1	15.1	15.0	_	4
AG Recoil	59.2	-	14.6	-	_	1
P3099A	57.0	58.1	13.1	13.0	6	1
P3119A	54.5	55.8	13.9	13.6	_	3
P3188	57.3	58.5	13.8	13.6	-	1
P3530	59.5	60.1	15.2	15.1	3	1
P3915	59.0	60.6	15.2	15.1	4	1
PX39120	52.6	-	13.9	-	_	2
river	60.5	61.8	14.8	14.4	6	3
yna-Gro Ambush	58.6	60.5	14.4	14.6	2	3
yna-Gro Ballistic	60.2	60.6	14.9	14.5	5	3
yna-Gro Commander	59.1	60.6	15.2	15.0	6	1
ang-MN	59.9	60.8	15.2	15.1	3	1
.CS Ascent	59.8	-	14.6	_	-	2
CS Buster	56.8	57.9	12.6	12.7	7	4
CS Cannon	60.8	62.1	14.8	14.7	4	3
CS Dual	59.2	-	14.6	-	_	2
CS Trigger	59.4	60.2	13.1	13.3	7	2
inkert	60.0	61.3	15.6	15.7	1	1
IN-Rothsay	59.5	60.7	14.8	14.8	5	2
IN-Torgy	59.5	61.0	15.1	15.2	4	1
1N-Washburn	58.8	60.2	14.8	14.6	3	1
1S Barracuda	58.6	60.4	15.9	15.4	4	3
1S Charger	58.9	-	13.6	-	-	1
IS Cobra	58.9	60.6	15.1	14.9	_	4
1S Ranchero	56.9	59.0	15.0	14.5	6	4
ID Frohberg	59.8	61.0	15.0	14.9	3	4
ID Heron	60.5	-	15.3	-	_	1
rosper	59.4	60.2	14.1	14.2	5	1
Shelly	58.9	60.6	14.7	14.4	5	1
SY 611 CL2	59.1	60.7	15.1	14.9	6	2
SY Longmire	58.0	60.0	15.8	15.3	3	3
SY McCloud	60.7	61.8	15.4	15.5	3	2
Y Valda	59.1	60.5	14.7	14.4	6	2
CG-Heartland	59.2	60.9	15.6	15.5	2	1
CG-Spitfire	58.2	59.5	14.3	14.2	3	4
CG-Wildcat	60.0	61.1	15.2	15.0	4	1
VB9479	58.6	60.3	16.1	15.9	2	1
VB9590	58.8	60.4	15.7	15.5	4	1
Mean	58.8	60.1	14.9	14.8		
lo. Environments	6	17	6	17		

¹ 12% moisture basis.

 $^{^2}$ 2014-2021 crop years, where applicable 3 1-9 scale in which 1 is best and 9 is worst. Values of 1-2 should be considered as resistant.

Table 3. Disease reactions of hard red spring wheat varieties in Minnesota in multiple-year comparisons.

Fatas	Leaf	Stripe	Stem	Bacterial	Other Leaf	Co-l-
Entry	Rust	Rust ²	Rust ³	Leaf Streak ⁴	Diseases ⁵	Scab
AP Gunsmoke CL2	3	-	1	8	7	5
AP Murdock	3	-	1	4	6	7
AP Smith	6	-	1	4	5	6
Ascend-SD	3	-	1	2-3	6	4
Bolles	2	1	2	4	4	5
CAG Justify	3	-	2	4–5	4	4
CAG Reckless	1	-	1	3	5	4
CAG Recoil	2	_	2	2-3	5	-
CP3099A	6	_	8	6-7	4	5-6
CP3119A	5	_	2	6-7	4	5-6
CP3188	1	_	6	6-7	6	5
CP3530	7	3	1	3	6	4
CP3915	1		1	2	5	4
CPX39120	7	_	6	4–5	3	-
Driver	3		1	3	4	4
Dyna-Gro Ambush	4	_	2	4	4	4
		_				
Dyna-Gro Ballistic	4	-	3	3	4	5
Dyna-Gro Commander	2	-	1	4	6	5
Lang-MN	1	-	2	3	4	3
LCS Ascent	4	-	1-2	6–7	5	_
LCS Buster	3	-	1	4	3	3
LCS Cannon	4	-	2	5	7	5
LCS Dual	3	-	1-2	5	4	-
LCS Trigger	1	_	2	2	3	3
Linkert	3	1	1	5	5	5
MN-Rothsay	4	-	2	4	3	4
MN-Torgy MN-Washburn	3	2	1 1	3 3	4 4	3 4
MS Barracuda	6	_	2	7	5	5
MS Charger	-	-	2	5	6	-
MS Cobra	2	-	1	4-5	4	5
MS Ranchero	3	-	1	6	3	4
ND Frohberg	3	-	1	3	5	5
ND Heron Prosper	5 6	_ 5	1–2 2	5 4	4 5	_ 5
Shelly	5	1	2	6	4	4
SY 611 CL2	4	-	5	4	4	4
SY Longmire	5	-	1	3	5	7
SY McCloud	3	_	1	6	6	4
SY Valda	4	2	1	4	5 6	4
TCG-Heartland TCG-Spitfire	3 4	_	2 2	5 3	5 5	6 6
TCG-Wildcat	3	_	3	6	7	7
WB9479	6	_	2	6	6	7
WB9590	6	-	2	6	6	7

 $^{^{1}\,}$ 1-9 scale where 1=most resistant, 9=most susceptible.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Based on natural infections in 2015 at Kimball, Lamberton, and Waseca.

³ Stem rust levels have been very low in production fields in recent years, even on susceptible varieties.

 $^{^4}$ Bacterial leaf streak symptoms are highly variable from one environment to the next. The rating of entries may change as more data is collected.

⁵ Combined rating of tan spot and septoria.

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Table 4. Relative grain yield of hard red spring wheat varieties in northern Minnesota locations in single-year

rable 4. Nelative gra	_	rooksto		u spi	_	rgus Fa		III II	or tire	Hallock		.u 100	10113	Oklee	igic-y	Jui
Entry	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr		2022	2 Yr	3 Yr		2022	2 Yr	3 Yr		2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	
AP Gunsmoke CL2	95	100	102		102	101	101		99	100	101		102	105	110	
AP Murdock	108	102	103		89	89	92		90	91	94		103	94	102	
AP Smith	101	100	100		91	98	98		92	96	94		120	110	105	
Ascend-SD	101	97	_		111	109	-		99	101	- -		91	100	-	l .
Bolles	96	94	94	l	91	96	94		90	89	91		89	90	91	
CAG Justify	96	94	- 54		99	105	-		115	112	- 91		96	101	- 31	I
CAG Reckless	91	100	_		95	103	_		101	103	_		93	98	_	
CAG Recoil	106	-	_		101	-	_		97	-	_		93	90	_	
CP3099A			ı -				ı -			113	-				-	
	119	107	_		115	118	_		114		_		122 119	131	_	
CP3119A	93	100	_		100	108			109 91	104	_			117	_	
CP3188	105	108		ı	90	99	-	l	_	96		l	98	102		
CP3530	97	88	90		94	97	97		109	101	105		96	93	96	
CP3915	97	93	96		96	96	98		98	102	99		100	97	94	1
CPX39120	66	-	-	ı	106	-	-	ı	95	-	-	ı	105	_	_	
Driver	105	103	102		107	108	107		102	102	107		108	114	112	
Dyna-Gro Ambush	92	102	103		103	105	103		110	103	104		112	101	103	
Dyna-Gro Ballistic	99	98	101		103	105	106		100	101	102		94	105	105	
Dyna-Gro Commander	102	103	100		87	93	96		97	97	99		100	98	99	
Lang-MN	105	104	103		102	98	99		102	100	101		92	91	93	l –
LCS Ascent	97	-	_		95		_		105	_			104	_	_	
LCS Buster	113	104	104		110	109	112		112	109	110		107	109	116	
LCS Cannon	97	93	95		96	94	96		87	94	93		99	100	102	
LCS Dual	102	-	_		102		-	ı	105	_			84	_		
LCS Trigger	111	106	108		107	102	108		117	109	116		119	110	114	
Linkert	100	104	100		84	88	91		88	95	96		88	83	87	
MN-Rothsay	106	111	110		98	100	103		114	107	106		107	107	107	
MN-Torgy	105	105	105		99	99	102		106	102	100		82	88	95	
MN-Washburn	101	97	97		113	102	101		99	100	100		80	88	92	
MS Barracuda	97	91	92		97	96	96		90	96	96		92	101	102	
MS Charger	116		-		108	-	-		106	-	-		109	-	-	
MS Cobra	102	101	_		90	100	-		99	100	_		99	94	_	
MS Ranchero	86	101	101		110	104	101		111	106	107		94	97	100	
ND Frohberg	88	100	98		94	95	99		97	93	92		86	95	97	
ND Heron	94		-		96	_	-		94	_	_	ı	99	-		
Prosper	92	93	98		115	113	112		106	104	105		109	106	108	
Shelly	102	100	102		105	107	108		109	106	108		99	100	103	
SY 611 CL2	98	96	98		107	110	108		93	99	97		108	105	108	
SY Longmire	94	93	95		92	97	97		98	97	96		93	96	95	
SY McCloud	106	107	102		99	98	99		92	97	100		94	97	99	
SY Valda	91	92	96		106	101	103		108	107	108		105	107	105	
TCG-Heartland	94	97	98		93	93	96		89	91	90		91	93	94	
TCG-Spitfire	108	103	105		101	109	109		96	100	98		101	97	100	
TCG-Wildcat	108	100	101		88	97	99		99	99	99		99	100	99	
WB9479	100	99	103		89	90	92		97	94	97		93	95	99	
WB9590	100	99	104		105	104	103		102	98	105		106	98	101	
Mean (Bu/Acre)	96.1	76.9	74.6		83.9	79.1	80.1		82.3	77.3	72.8		71.8	70.8	73.5	
LSD (0.10)	9.0	9.5	6.2		14.6	6.4	4.3		20.0	6.0	5.1		18.9	7.5	5.7	



(2022) and multiple-year comparisons (2020-2022).

	Perley			Ros	seau	ı		Stephe	n	St	rathco	na
2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	202	2 2	Yr	3 Yr	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr
82	94	93	10	1 1	.01	101	94	97	98	102	104	101
117	108	108	10	3 9	99	102	110	100	106	113	105	111
102	101	99	91		93	97	99	100	102	93	98	95
101	99	-	11	3 1	.07	_	117	111	-	120	109	-
89	96	97	91	. 9	95	95	100	94	94	87	88	88
102	104	-	12) 1	.10	-	105	104	-	115	108	-
97	100	-	10	5 1	.05	_	104	105	-	104	104	-
113	-	-	86		-	-	98	-	-	95	-	-
103	103	-	12	1 1	.15	-	106	111	-	115	107	-
79	85	-	10	1 1	.12	-	89	105	-	111	105	-
95	101	-	10	7 1	.06	-	98	103	-	106	105	_
102	99	100	11	7 1	.11	106	107	106	104	112	107	109
105	103	101	99	9	95	103	103	96	98	117	110	102
84	-	-	74		-	-	70	-	-	96	-	-
106	107	108	11	5 1	.08	105	99	100	103	102	103	100
94	98	101	10	3 1	.03	100	112	101	104	107	105	106
87	92	96	95	; 9	98	106	107	105	107	104	102	100
106	104	101	99	1	.01	101	98	97	101	102	105	105
94	95	95	99	9	93	97	98	100	97	95	94	102
91	-	-	11)	_	-	105	_	-	105	-	-
107	108	111	99	1	.00	109	107	107	110	100	99	104
104	104	107	10	9 1	.09	104	104	105	102	104	106	105
102	-	-	97		-	-	99	-	-	98	-	-
125	115	118	11	5 1	.05	110	110	108	110	114	107	110
89	89	89	91		89	90	93	96	92	91	94	90
105	107	106	10	3 1	.04	105	109	104	105	100	100	102
103	103	101	10	3 9	97	100	116	108	111	93	96	99
103	101	100	93	9	98	90	106	98	99	101	97	90
94	97	93	10) 1	.02	98	93	92	93	92	100	103
101	-	-	11)	-	_	97	-	-	109	-	_
93	98	-	97	1	.01	-	95	94	_	94	97	_
90	95	97	96	1	.01	105	87	88	97	109	105	113
88	92	92	10.	5 1	.02	99	84	88	88	89	95	96
86	_	-	11	1	-	-	94	-	-	93	-	-
94	101	101	98	1	.02	105	109	110	111	104	99	99
102	97	96	11.	5 1	.07	102	105	103	101	107	105	108
113	106	104	10		.04	105	103	98	101	97	99	98
97	98	98	84	. 9	90	90	96	100	100	103	101	92
99	97	97	10		.04	103	92	91	88	95	97	99
113	105	106	10		.05	103	107	107	111	97	99	102
94	87	94	77	' 9	90	92	93	89	96	80	88	88
111	113	111	91		94	97	106	105	103	92	97	98
100	103	103	10		.04	107	105	98	104	105	107	106
96	98	94	91		92	92	96	92	96	105	104	104
95	97	100	10	2 1	.01	103	97	92	93	104	102	105
96.9	91.1	83.1	80.		6.0	86.0	89.5	79.8	77.1	83.8	72.3	71.3
 7.9	7.4	5.9	10.	b /	7.2	6.2	11.4	7.0	5.6	19.3	9.1	7.1

Table 5. Relative grain yield of hard red spring wheat varieties in southern Minnesota locations in single-year (2022) and multiple-year comparisons (2020-2022).

2022).		Becker		Benson ¹	Le	Cent	er	La	mbert	on		Morris			St. Pa	ul	-	Was	eca ²
Entry	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	2 Yr	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	_	2022	2 Yr
AP Gunsmoke CL2	106	105	105	100	98	103	104	114	110	99	118	111	109	108	98	97		101	103
AP Murdock	95	99	99	93	102	98	102	100	99	101	115	103	104	80	94	100		110	113
AP Smith	102	98	98	104	98	100	99	99	101	101	94	99	104	96	100	97		103	101
Ascend-SD	121	115	-	-	104	103	-	111	108	-	133	124	-	97	99	-		123	-
Bolles	95	88	89	100	90	90	89	88	89	94	95	98	98	88	94	95		96	95
CAG Justify	104	97	-	-	105	97	-	114	107	-	133	130	-	110	108	-		115	-
CAG Reckless	112	118	-	_	96	96	-	109	104	-	118	110	-	113	111	_		99	_
CAG Recoil	75	-	-	_	107	-	_	93	-	-	106	-	-	87	-	-		104	-
CP3099A	94	98	-	_	110	101	-	116	118	-	96	115	-	93	92	-		112	-
CP3119A	90	104	-	_	114	110	_	90	100	-	76	100	-	92	91	_		101	_
CP3188	99	103	-	_	103	106	-	90	106	-	114	119	-	97	102	-		98	_
CP3530	98	97	97	107	107	108	107	101	100	100	107	101	100	108	105	103		108	101
CP3915	101	104	105	94	94	95	96	106	103	105	89	93	96	116	97	92		85	87
CPX39120	63	-	-	-	121	-	-	106	-	-	84	-	-	75	-	-		74	-
Driver	107	106	106	103	103	102	100	107	113	112	111	108	108	122	112	107		96	103
Dyna-Gro Ambush	109	102	102	104	106	108	107	111	103	100	110	88	96	104	110	109		112	112
Dyna-Gro Ballistic	92	101	101	105	99	101	103	105	101	104	105	106	106	113	99	101		104	104
Dyna-Gro Commander	96	103	103	112	96	101	102	90	93	96	107	104	109	110	113	110		112	117
Lang-MN	95	97	97	95	93	96	96	92	94	94	99	99	101	102	108	104		106	104
LCS Ascent	115	-	-	-	101	-	-	99	-	-	112	-	_	117	_	_		97	_
LCS Buster	106	114	115	105	108	104	105	104	103	108	99	97	104	100	105	103		111	116
LCS Cannon	123	114	114	101	98	104	107	106	104	104	116	93	101	137	126	123		111	113
LCS Dual	118	-	-	-	97	-	-	106	_	-	107	-	-	99	-	-		120	-
LCS Trigger	98	105	106	118	109	112	112	110	114	117	112	118	124	100	110	107		116	123
Linkert	104	102	102	97	89	94	93	97	95	94	96	93	93	109	105	102		90	87
MN-Rothsay	101	105	105	107	93	97	98	87	89	95	94	98	104	89	97	99		111	104
MN-Torgy	107	107	107	102	101	103	105	106	101	105	92	98	102	64	87	92		105	100
MN-Washburn	97	96	96	93	99	99	102	103	100	101	100	105	102	101	101	96		84	97
MS Barracuda	113	105	105	95	98	103	105	94	97	99	92	82	85	126	121	116		99	103
MS Charger	124	-	-	-	107	-	-	113	-	-	113	-	-	121	-	-		116	-
MS Cobra	110	105	-	_	98	101	-	103	102	-	87	94	-	116	115	-		104	-
MS Ranchero	83	87	87	102	91	96	95	81	89	91	68	79	87	78	90	99		78	92
ND Frohberg	103	102	103	104	89	95	96	97	97	98	104	103	105	111	106	104		105	105
ND Heron	109	-	-	-	90	-	-	93	-	-	95	-	-	121	-	-		98	-
Prosper	97	103	104	105	102	103	105	105	101	107	118	119	115	96	92	97		92	96
Shelly	91	94	94	107	97	101	104	110	106	104	96	103	107	107	112	105		95	96
SY 611 CL2	116	111	112	98	96	96	93	97	99	97	99	96	95	103	96	97		106	97
SY Longmire	78	90	90	94	95	96	95	89	98	103	89	101	99	98	81	83		77	76
SY McCloud	107	97	97	93	100	102	100	101	100	94	96	89	90	104	98	100		78	84
SY Valda	101	98	99	102	110	108	107	100	102	101	102	100	101	115	108	103		106	107
TCG-Heartland	101	97	97	95	98	98	98	88	93	94	86	87	87	107	99	99		105	104
TCG-Spitfire	112	110	111	109	113	110	107	111	115	119	108	106	114	110	102	100		108	100
TCG-Wildcat	115	112	112	96	103	103	104	104	109	109	123	114	111	92	100	100		104	102
WB9479	100	96	96	92	94	98	98	99	93	92	93	89	90	105	99	97		102	102
WB9590	107	98	99	98	99	100	103	88	96	99	98	92	94	112	104	105		100	103
Mean (Bu/Acre)	58.8	50.5	50.4	72.7	82.7	76.8	77.0	60.3	60.1	60.8	57.0	55.8	52.6	52.4	50.5	58.8		38.1	42.2
LSD (0.10)	18.9	10.9	7.6	6.6	11.8	6.0	3.6	12.8	7.0	5.9	18.4	13.2	8.6	15.8	12.2	7.8		13.9	6.7
F2D (0.10)	10.9	10.9	7.0	0.0	11.8	0.0	3.0	12.8	7.0	5.9	16.4	13.2	0.0	15.8	12.2	7.0		13.9	0./

^{1 2022} was abandoned due to early season flooding. 2 year datat is 2020-2021 2 2021 Waseca was discarded due to excessive within trial variation. 2 year is the mean of 2020 and 2022.

Table 6. Relative grain yield of hard red spring wheat varieties in Minnesota in single-year (2022) and multiple-year comparisons (2020-2022).

year (2022) and mu	rupic-j	State	mpan	30113 (2020-2	North				South	
Entry	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	•	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr	•	2022	2 Yr	3 Yr
AP Gunsmoke CL2	100	101	101		97	100	101		107	104	102
AP Murdock	103	98	102		104	99	102		100	98	101
AP Smith	98	100	99		98	99	99		98	100	100
Ascend-SD	109	106	_		107	104	_		114	110	-
Bolles	92	93	93		92	93	93		92	93	94
CAG Justify	108	106	-	•	106	105	-		113	108	-
CAG Reckless	102	103	_		99	102	_		107	105	_
CAG Recoil	98	-	_		99	-	_		96	-	_
CP3099A	111	110	_		114	113	_		104	106	_
CP3119A	98	104	_		99	104	_		95	102	-
CP3188	99	104	_		99	102	_		100	107	_
CP3530	104	101	102		104	100	101		105	103	103
CP3915	101	98	98		102	99	99		99	97	96
CPX39120	88	_	-	-	86	_	_		91	_	_
Driver	106	106	105		105	105	105		108	107	105
Dyna-Gro Ambush	105	102	103		104	102	103		108	103	104
Dyna-Gro Ballistic	100	101	103		99	100	103		102	101	104
Dyna-Gro Commander	100	101	102		99	100	100		101	104	106
Lang-MN	98	97	98		98	97	98		97	98	98
LCS Ascent	103	-	_		101	-	-		107	_	_
LCS Buster	106	105	109		107	106	109		105	105	107
LCS Cannon	105	103	103		100	101	100		114	108	109
LCS Dual	102	-	_		99	-	-		107	-	-
LCS Trigger	112	109	113		115	108	112		107	112	115
Linkert	93	94	93		91	92	92		97	96	96
MN-Rothsay	102	103	104		106	105	105		95	98	101
MN-Torgy	100	100	102		101	100	102		96	100	102
MN-Washburn	99	98	97		100	98	96		98	99	99
MS Barracuda	97	98	98		94	97	97		103	100	101
MS Charger	110	-	-		107	_	_		115	-	-
MS Cobra	98	99	_		96	98	-		102	102	-
MS Ranchero	92	96	99		97	99	102		81	90	94
ND Frohberg	94	97	97		91	95	95		100	101	102
ND Heron	97	_	_		96	_	_		100	-	_
Prosper	103	103	105		103	103	105		102	103	105
Shelly	103	103	103		105	103	103		100	102	103
SY 611 CL2	103	102	101		103	102	102		102	100	98
SY Longmire	93	95	94		95	96	95		89	93	93
SY McCloud	98	98	97		98	99	98		99	96	95
SY Valda	104	103	104		104	103	104		106	103	103
TCG-Heartland	92	92	94		89	91	94		97	95	96
TCG-Spitfire	104	105	105		101	103	103		111	109	109
TCG-Wildcat	103	103	103		102	101	102		107	106	105
WB9479	97	95	96		96	95	97		98	95	95
WB9590	101	99	101		101	99	102		100	98	100
Many (Dec/Are 3	72.0	60.0	60.0		05.6	70.0	77.0		F0 2	F7 ^	FO 0
Mean (Bu/Acre) LSD (0.10)	73.9 3.1	69.8 2.2	69.9 1.6		85.6 3.6	79.2 2.6	77.3 2.0		58.2 5.3	57.2 3.7	59.9 2.6
No. Environments	3.1 14	2.2	42		3.0 8	2.6 16	2.0		5.5 6	12	18
No. Environments	14	28	42		8	16	24		6	12	18



			Nor							uth					Sta			
Ft	202		2-y		3-y			22		/ear		ear		7		ear		/ear
intry	Conv	Int	Conv	Int	Conv	Int 00.4	Conv	Int										
P Gunsmoke CL2	86.6	103.3	81.6	93.4	81.4	90.4	68.0	71.9	64.2	71.2	58.8	64.8	77.3	87.6	72.9	82.3	70.1	77.6
P Murdock	93.4	108.4	81.6	89.8	82.6	90.4	62.8	65.3	58.7	63.4	58.1	60.6	78.1	86.8	70.1	76.6	70.3	75.5
P Smith	85.2	97.7	78.4	85.7	78.9	82.8	56.5	65.0	58.1	66.5	57.8	61.4	70.8	81.3	68.2	76.1	68.4	72.1
scend-SD olles	94.4	104.2	83.5	95.5	76.0	01.1	71.4	75.3	67.3	72.9	- -	F0.2	82.9	89.7	75.4	84.2	CF 2	70.1
	82.7	95.5	76.8	85.2	76.0	81.1	53.8	60.1	54.1	60.7	54.4	59.2	68.2 83.5	77.8	65.4	72.9	65.2	70.1
AG Justify	94.8	108.5	83.3	98.6	-	_	72.2	68.4	68.5 62.2	69.3	-	_		88.4	75.9	84.0	_	_
AG Reckless AG Recoil	86.4 86.0	94.1 95.3	83.5	88.0	-	_	66.4 58.3	68.1 61.2	62.2	64.6	-	-	76.4 72.2	81.1 78.2	72.8	76.3	_	_
P3099A			90.5	102.2	-	_		68.7			-	_	84.2				_	_
P3119A	106.1 85.6	116.2 104.2	86.4	102.2	-	_	62.3 49.0	58.4	67.4 58.1	78.1 68.0	-	_	67.3	92.4 81.3	79.0 72.3	90.2 85.3	_	_
P3188				97.9	_	_					_	_	76.7				_	-
	93.7	106.6	87.1		70.0		59.7	66.3	65.2	70.0	-			86.5	76.1	84.0	67.0	74.4
P3530	93.7	103.3	81.5	89.6	78.9	88.3	60.9	59.9	58.4	62.2	56.7	60.4	77.3	81.6	70.0	75.9	67.8	74.4
P3915	86.6	103.1	76.7	92.2	80.4	90.3	57.2	64.9	56.9	66.3	57.2	62.8	71.9	84.0	66.8	79.3	68.8	76.6
PX39120 river	61.2 97.1	92.4 103.1	85.8	95.6	83.1	88.1	55.8 63.8	62.7 68.1	64.1	66.9	62.4	62.8	58.5 80.5	77.6 85.6	75.0	81.2	72.8	75.5
yna-Gro Ambush	85.6	101.0	83.3	89.7	81.4	85.3	64.6	72.9	55.4	68.6 67.2	55.8	64.0	75.1 73.7	86.9	69.3	79.2 80.3	68.6	74.6
lyna-Gro Ballistic	85.9	99.5	79.8	93.4	83.0	89.3	61.4	67.5	59.9		59.7	66.0		83.5	69.8		71.4	77.6
yna-Gro Commander	88.8	101.0 98.5	83.0	92.0	80.8	87.1	57.9	63.3	57.2	64.1	58.0	61.8	73.3	82.2	70.1	78.1	69.4	74.5
ang-MN	90.3		80.0	85.9	79.9	83.9	55.9	62.8	55.7	63.9	55.0	61.3	73.1 76.5	80.6	67.9	74.9	67.5	72.6
CS Ascent CS Buster	91.3 94.2	104.8 107.6	83.3	97.7	85.5	94.0	61.7 59.6	71.9 69.0	58.2	73.8	60.4	70.2	76.5	88.3 88.3	70.8	85.7	73.0	82.1
CS Cannon	90.5	102.8	82.8	92.6	80.1	87.9	65.1	69.0	57.1	70.8	58.1	66.2	77.8	86.4	70.0	81.7	69.1	77.1
CS Dual			02.0	92.0	00.1	67.9			37.1	70.6	50.1	-			70.0	- 01.7	09.1	//.1
CS Trigger	88.5 100.4	98.8 111.2	85.8	97.0	87.9	92.9	62.6 65.2	67.8 75.6	67.0	76.4	67.8	74.8	75.6 82.8	83.3 93.4	76.4	86.7	77.9	83.9
inkert	84.9	93.4	78.4	81.5	76.2	80.8	56.4	64.1	54.7			60.5	70.6		66.5	73.4	64.7	70.7
IN-Rothsay	94.6	106.8	87.3	92.8	86.2	89.0	52.9	60.8	54.1	65.2 64.7	53.1 56.4	61.0	73.7	78.8 83.8	70.7	78.8	71.3	75.0
IN-Rottisay IN-Torgy	92.3	101.6	82.1	87.6	82.3	85.4	58.2	66.1	57.5	66.4	58.9	61.9	75.2	83.8	69.8	77.0	70.6	73.7
IN-Torgy IN-Washburn	86.4	100.0	79.4	87.3	75.1	88.3	59.4	67.3	59.4	66.7	57.7	61.9	72.9	83.6	69.4	77.0	66.4	75.1
		104.0												83.6				
1S Barracuda 1S Charger	87.1	104.0	78.9	92.0	76.4	85.0	54.6 66.3	63.2 73.0	51.9	62.3	52.6	58.4	70.9 83.3	90.9	65.4	77.1	64.5	71.7
4S Cobra	100.3 88.3	98.0	82.1	89.2	_	_	55.9	62.5	56.7	64.6	_	_	72.1	80.2	69.4	76.9	_	_
IS Ranchero	79.9	85.2	82.2	83.4	82.8	81.5	44.0	60.8	48.9	62.3	50.6	56.9	62.0	73.0	65.5	72.9	66.7	69.2
				85.8														
ID Frohberg	84.5 90.0	90.7	82.1	85.8	79.3	81.7	58.7	65.6 65.4	57.9	63.8	57.9	61.0	71.6 72.5	78.2 80.0	70.0	74.8	68.6	71.4
ID Heron		94.6					55.1											
rosper	84.0	105.2	79.6	94.4	81.5 81.9	91.6 92.6	65.1	71.7	63.5	71.7 69.0	62.6	68.3 63.0	74.6 78.1	88.4	71.6	83.0 81.8	72.1 70.9	80.0
helly	95.4 90.6	106.7 102.1	84.5 81.5	94.7 90.9	81.9	92.6 88.3	60.8 57.4	64.6 64.3	60.6 56.7	65.0	59.9	60.7	74.0	85.6	72.5 69.1	77.9	68.3	77.8 74.5
Y 611 CL2											54.8			83.2				
Y Longmire Y McCloud	79.4	92.0	74.5	84.4	74.1	82.9	52.1	52.5	57.8	60.8	57.4	59.0	65.8	72.3	66.1	72.6	65.7	70.9
	92.0	100.8	85.8	86.9	82.2	83.9	58.0	65.4	54.8	64.5	52.4	58.7	75.0	83.1	70.3	75.7	67.3	71.3
Y Valda CG-Heartland	85.1	102.1 92.8	80.4 75.7	93.1 84.1	79.8	90.2 83.6	59.2 51.2	72.3 61.2	58.7 52.2	72.1 65.1	57.2 51.4	66.0 58.9	72.1 63.7	87.2 77.0	69.6	82.6 74.6	68.5	78.1 71.2
	76.2				76.4													
CG-Spitfire	88.3	103.5	80.1	94.7	80.8	92.9	64.3	69.6	64.1	72.3	66.5	70.6	76.3	86.5	72.1	83.5	73.7	81.8
CG-Wildcat	95.9	107.6	83.5	94.6	83.5	91.5	66.4	75.4	64.8	69.2	62.3	65.3	81.1	91.5	74.1	81.9	72.9	78.4
VB9479	84.9	97.1	77.5	85.2	77.8	82.6	56.3	64.4	52.8	63.6	51.8	58.5	70.6	80.8	65.2	74.4	64.8	70.6
/B9590	89.1	105.4	81.8	94.2	83.2	91.9	54.5	66.4	54.6	63.4	54.9	60.8	71.8	85.9	68.2	78.8	69.0	76.4
lean (Bu/Acre)	88.4	100.5	81.4	90.6	80.3	86.7	58.7	65.7	58.0	66.5	56.8	62.1	73.6	83.1	69.7	78.5	68.5	74.4
SD (0.10)	6.2	5.3	4.8	4.1	3.5	3.4	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.9	2.8	2.9	3.9	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.3	2.2
lo. Environments	2	2	4	4	6	6	2	2	4	4	6	6	4	4	8	8	12	12



SMALL GRAINS



NEW!

MN-ROTHSAY WHEAT

Excellent yields

Very good straw strength

Above average protein

Good pre-harvest sprout rating

MN-TORGY WHEAT

High yielding
Very good protein
Good Scab and BLS resistance
Well adapted to MN, ND and SD

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MN-Washburn — Disease resistance
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OATS

Deon — Proven high yield MN-Pearl — High yielding, white oat

BARLEY

Lacey — Yield and quality Quest — Scab resistant Rasmusson — High yield



WINTER BARLEY

MN-Equinox — Plant in fall or spring

View Minnesota field crop variety trial results at varietytrials.umn.edu or check your state or local variety trials.

For a list of seed producers, visit the Minnesota Crop Improvement Association at www.mncia.org or call 1-800-510-6242.

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Table 8. Agronomic characteristics of malting barley varieties, 2020-2022.

Variety	Origin ¹	Year of Release	PVP status	Heading (DAP)	Height (inches)	Stem Breakage (%)						
2-row												
AAC Connect	AAFC	2017	Yes	58	25	8						
AAC Synergy	AAFC	2012	Yes	59	26	6						
ABI Cardinal	ABI	2021	Yes	59	25	16						
Brewski	ND	2019	NA	58	26	14						
Conlon	ND	1996	Yes	54	26	43						
ND Genesis	ND	2015	Yes	57	28	18						
Pinnacle	ND	2007	Yes	56	26	24						
6-row												
Lacey	MN	2000	Yes	55	27	0						
Quest	MN	2010	Yes	55	29	47						
Rasmusson	MN	2008	Yes	54	26	2						
Robust	MN	1984	Expired	55	29	5						
Tradition	ABI	2003	Yes	54	27	0						
No. of Environn	nents			8	8	7						
¹ Agriculture an	Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (AAFC), Anheuser-Busch InBev (ABI), North Dakota State University (ND), University of Minnesota (MN)											

Table 9. Disease reactions of barley varieties in multiple year comparisons.

				<u> </u>	
Variety	DON ^{1, 2}	Spot Blotch ^{1,3}	Net Blotch ^{1,4}	Stem Rust ^{1,5}	Bacterial Leaf Streak ¹
2-row					
AAC Connect	5	1	1	4	3
AAC Synergy	8	2	1	5	3
ABI Cardinal	7	5	2	5	5
Brewski	6	3	6	4	4
Conlon	3	9	2	3	6
ND Genesis	5	3	2	6	5
Pinnacle	5	6	9	6	6
6-row					
Lacey	7	1	2	4	5
Quest	5	6	2	4	6
Rasmusson	9	1	2	5	5
Robust	7	1	2	4	5
Tradition	4	2	1	5	6
No. of environments	4	1	2	3	3

¹Trait measured on a scale from 0-9 where 0=resistant and 9=susceptible.

²Deoxynivalenol (DON) is the mycotoxin produced by the Fusarium head blight pathogen

³Data is for 2020 only

⁴Data for 2020 and 2022 only.

⁵Data is for stem rust pathogen QCCJ. All lines were resistant to stem rust pathogen MCCF in years tested.

Table 10. Relative grain yield (percent of the mean of the trial) of barley varieties in northern Minnesota locations in single-year (2022) and multiple year comparisons (2020-2022).

	Croo	kston	Halle	ock	Ok	lee	Pe	rley	Ro	seau	Ste	phen	Strathcona
Variety	2022	2 yr ¹	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr	2022	2 yr ¹	2022	3 yr	2 yr ²
2-row													
AAC Connect	102	103	107	109	92	95	101	105	99	98	113	103	131
AAC Synergy	107	103	107	106	102	103	113	105	97	99	120	113	125
ABI Cardinal	79	94	104	109	105	101	105	100	96	100	108	98	126
Brewski	109	106	106	106	112	111	98	96	108	107	110	99	76
Conlon	87	85	94	95	91	91	86	89	97	100	82	100	67
ND Genesis	116	112	109	99	98	104	104	110	107	106	116	106	89
Pinnacle	91	99	91	96	108	105	99	105	112	112	97	104	110
6-row													
Lacey	98	99	88	86	92	97	89	93	98	99	80	95	97
Quest	106	101	95	89	105	99	100	96	90	86	89	93	101
Rasmusson	111	108	97	103	102	99	102	98	104	106	96	90	111
Robust	96	95	98	95	93	91	97	95	96	90	96	100	79
Tradition	96	94	104	107	100	104	104	108	97	95	94	99	88
Mean (bu/acre)	102	95	120	106	108	97	122	110	132	103	103	99	74
LSD(0.05)	20.7	19.1	11.1	14	17.1	11.5	11.2	14.6	14.4	10.5	10.9	19.7	51.5

¹Trial data is from 2022 and 2021 only

Table 11. Relative grain yield (percent of the mean of the trial) of barley varieties in southern Minnesota locations in single-year (2022) and multiple year comparisons (2020-2022).

	Bed	ker	Ferg	us Falls	Lambe	rton	Le Ce	enter	New	Ulm	Roche	ester	St. P	aul
Variety	2022	2 yr ¹	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr
2-row														
AAC Connect	103	99	103	104	95	98	109	104	101	104	97	91	96	105
AAC Synergy	102	110	100	100	99	104	89	95	108	95	109	103	103	110
ABI Cardinal	107	111	88	99	99	96	99	95	97	97	76	78	100	104
Brewski	106	118	95	104	99	108	100	99	93	96	104	95	111	121
Conlon	87	81	85	88	76	79	91	94	103	94	76	81	63	69
ND Genesis	88	94	116	105	108	101	93	102	82	98	106	103	102	103
Pinnacle	99	105	107	103	101	97	103	105	100	102	103	106	95	106
6-row														
Lacey	84	86	97	96	103	106	98	99	102	106	109	110	111	102
Quest	112	113	102	97	113	101	104	104	105	101	107	105	92	89
Rasmusson	121	111	113	107	104	111	104	103	105	108	113	118	118	107
Robust	81	76	87	91	96	95	95	92	100	95	99	102	99	88
Tradition	109	96	107	104	108	106	115	109	104	103	100	107	109	98
Mean	96	65	125	107	70	66	103	93	82	84	82	91	62	69
(bu/acre)	96	05	125	107	70	00	103	93	82	δ4	82	91	62	69
LSD (0.050	14.3	20.8	12.9	14.7	9.7	13.1	16.5	10.6	16.1	16.8	13.1	16.8	12	13.7
¹ Trial data is fro	m 2022 ar	nd 2021 onl	lv								•	•		

²Trial data is from 2021 and 2020 only



Table 12. Relative grain yield (percent of the mean of the trial) of barley varieties in a single-year (2022) and multiple year comparisons (2020-2022).

		State			North			South	
Variety	2022	2 yr	3 yr	2022	2 yr	3 yr	2022	2 yr	3 yr
2-row									
AAC Connect	102	103	103	102	104	105	101	103	101
AAC Synergy	104	102	104	107	105	107	101	98	101
ABI Cardinal	97	99	100	100	101	103	95	95	96
Brewski	104	102	103	107	102	102	100	102	104
Conlon	87	90	88	90	93	91	85	87	85
ND Genesis	104	105	103	108	107	104	100	102	102
Pinnacle	101	103	104	100	103	104	102	104	103
6-row									
Lacey	95	98	98	91	95	94	99	101	101
Quest	101	99	98	97	95	94	105	105	101
Rasmusson	106	106	105	102	102	101	111	109	109
Robust	95	93	93	96	94	93	93	91	92
Tradition	103	101	102	99	98	101	107	103	104
Mean (bu/acre)	101	90	90	113	101	99	90	79	83
LSD(0.05)	6.3	4.5	4.7	8.8	6.1	7.5	8	6.2	5.5
No. of environments	13	27	38	6	13	18	7	14	20

Table 13. Origin and agronomic characteristics of oat varieties in Minnesota in multiple-year comparisons (2020-2022).

Variety	Origin	Year of Release	Legal Status	Seed Color	Days to Heading (days)		Straw Strength ⁴ (1-9)	Test Weight (lbs/bu)	Grain Protein ^{5,6(%)}		Grain Beta- glucan ^{5,6} (%)
Antigo	WI	2017	PVP(94)	Yellow	53.7	29.2	2	36.6	14.5	7.3	4.3
CS Camden ¹	Meridian Seeds	2013	PVP(94)	White	59.8	30	2.1	31.6	12.4	6.6	4.4
Deon	MN	2014	PVP(94)	Yellow	59.9	32.8	2.9	35	12.2	7.1	3.8
Esker 2020	WI	2020	PVP(94)	Yellow	55.4	29.9	2.2	32.4	12.6	6.2	4.2
George ²	WI	2021	Pending	Yellow	62.6	33.8	4	32	-	-	-
Hayden	SD	2015	PVP(94)	White	58.6	32.2	2.9	34.8	11.9	7.3	4.5
MN Pearl	MN	2018	PVP(94)	White	57.8	31.5	4.2	35	11.2	7.4	4.1
ND Heart	ND	2020	PVP(94)	White	57.9	32	3.5	34.2	13.9	6.7	5
Reins	IL	2016	PVP(94)	White	54.1	24.2	0.9	35.7	13.8	6.3	4.2
Rushmore	SD	2020	PVP(94)	White	56	31	2	36.4	13.2	6.2	4.1
Saddle	SD	2018	PVP(94)	White	53.5	27.9	1	33.5	13.5	5.9	4
SD Buffalo	SD	2021	NA	White	56.5	31.7	2.3	34.8	12.6	7.2	4.5
Shelby 427	SD	2011	PVP(94)	White	55.1	31.8	2.2	35.7	12.5	7.2	4.1
Streaker ³	SD	2016	PVP(94)	Hulless	56.1	31.1	4.2	44	13.3	7.4	4.2
Sumo	SD	2017	PVP(94)	White	51.6	29.7	2	35	14.5	6	3.8
Warrior	SD	2019	PVP(94)	White	56.6	29.5	1.4	35	12.8	6.5	4.1
WIX10305-4	WI	2022	NA	Yellow	59.8	29.3	1.4	32	14.6	6.8	4.4

¹ Line developed by Lantmannen Seed in Sweden.

²Line tested in 2021 and 2022

³Hulless oat

⁴1-9 scale where 1=most resistant, 9=most susceptible

⁵12% Grain moisture

⁶Trait measured for 3 locations in 2020

Table 14. Disease characteristics of oat varieties.

	Crown Rust2	Loose Smut3	BYDV⁴
Variety	(1-9)	(1-9)	(1-9)
Antigo	4	3	4
CS Camden	5	2	4
Deon	5	1	4
Esker 2020	4	1	3
George ¹	4	3	-
Hayden	5	12	3
MN Pearl	3	1	4
ND Heart ¹	4	6	4
Reins	5	1	4
Rushmore	4	2	4
Saddle	4	1	4
SD Buffalo	3	2	-
Shelby 427	5	1	4
Streaker	4	3	4
Sumo	4	2	4
Warrior	3	2	4
WIX10305-4	4	2	-

¹Line tested in 2021 and 2022

²Tested in 2020, 2021, and 2022 with a mixed race population of crown rust; 1 = most resistant, 9 = most susceptible. Data is from 2020 and 2022 only; 2021 trial failed due to drought

³Tested in 2020 and 2021; 1 = most resistant, 9 = most susceptible. Data based on 2020 trial; 2021 trial had very low

disease pressure due to drought

⁴Tested in 2021; 1 = most resistant, 9 = most susceptible

Table 15. Relative grain yield of oat varieties in northern Minnesota locations in single-year (2022) and multiple-year comparisons (2020-2022).

Crook	ston		Fergu	s Falls ⁴		Rosea	au		Stephen		
2022	3 yr		2022	2 yr		2022	3 yr		2022	3 yr	
				(%	6 of m	ean)			=		
88	91		61	81		82	76		94	87	
104	112		112	112		115	104		118	116	
109	107		107	100		112	118		98	108	
107	108		90	91		112	103		96	97	
88	-		104	-		94	-		98	-	
110	113		116	113		111	113		106	107	
114	113		124	118		114	113		106	113	
97	102		94	98		87	92		82	94	
98	93		84	92		94	95		105	97	
104	103		102	107		113	116		112	115	
100	93		93	92		101	102		111	101	
113	109		113	111		111	113		113	112	
88	93		81	93		86	89		97	98	
76	73		89	91		77	76		72	72	
80	78		97	80		84	88		97	87	
113	107		135	121		97	105		90	98	
110	106		97	100		110	98		105	99	
187	157		135	124		189	136		177	149	
29.8	20.2		27.4	24.8		28.5	21.7		30.6	24.1	
	888 104 109 107 888 110 114 97 98 104 100 113 88 76 80 113 110	88 91 104 112 109 107 107 108 88 - 110 113 114 113 97 102 98 93 104 103 100 93 113 109 88 93 76 73 80 78 113 107 110 106 187 157	88 91 104 112 109 107 108 88 - 110 113 114 113 97 102 98 93 104 103 100 93 113 109 88 93 76 73 80 78 113 107 110 106 187 157	88 91 61 104 112 112 109 107 107 107 108 90 88 - 104 110 113 116 114 113 124 97 102 94 98 93 84 104 103 102 100 93 93 113 109 113 88 93 81 76 73 89 80 78 97 113 107 135 110 106 97 187 157 135	2022 3 yr 2022 2 yr 88 91 61 81 104 112 112 112 109 107 107 100 107 108 90 91 88 - 104 - 110 113 116 113 114 113 124 118 97 102 94 98 98 93 84 92 104 103 102 107 100 93 93 92 113 109 113 111 88 93 81 93 76 73 89 91 80 78 97 80 113 107 135 121 110 106 97 100 187 157 135 124	2022 3 yr 2022 2 yr	2022 3 yr 2022 2 yr 2022 88 91 61 81 82 104 112 112 112 115 109 107 107 100 112 107 108 90 91 112 88 - 104 - 94 110 113 116 113 111 114 113 124 118 114 97 102 94 98 87 98 93 84 92 94 104 103 102 107 113 100 93 93 92 101 113 109 113 111 111 88 93 81 93 86 76 73 89 91 77 80 78 97 80 84 113 107 135 121	2022 3 yr 2022 2 yr 2022 3 yr 88 91 61 81 82 76 104 112 112 115 104 109 107 107 100 112 118 107 108 90 91 112 103 88 - 104 - 94 - 110 113 116 113 111 113 114 113 124 118 114 113 97 102 94 98 87 92 98 93 84 92 94 95 104 103 102 107 113 116 100 93 93 92 101 102 113 109 113 111 111 113 88 93 81 93 86 89 76 73 89 </td <td>2022 3 yr 2022 2 yr 2022 3 yr </td> <td>2022 3 yr 2022 2 yr 2022 3 yr 2022 88 91 61 81 82 76 94 104 112 112 112 115 104 118 109 107 107 100 112 118 98 107 108 90 91 112 103 96 88 - 104 - 94 - 98 110 113 116 113 111 113 106 114 113 124 118 114 113 106 97 102 94 98 87 92 82 98 93 84 92 94 95 105 104 103 102 107 113 116 112 100 93 93 92 101 102 111 113 109 113</td>	2022 3 yr 2022 2 yr 2022 3 yr	2022 3 yr 2022 2 yr 2022 3 yr 2022 88 91 61 81 82 76 94 104 112 112 112 115 104 118 109 107 107 100 112 118 98 107 108 90 91 112 103 96 88 - 104 - 94 - 98 110 113 116 113 111 113 106 114 113 124 118 114 113 106 97 102 94 98 87 92 82 98 93 84 92 94 95 105 104 103 102 107 113 116 112 100 93 93 92 101 102 111 113 109 113	

¹Line tested in 2021 and 2022 only

Hulless oa

³A large LSD suggests large variability from year to year for the specific location



Table 16. Relative grain yield of oat varieties in southern Minnesota locations in single-year (2022) and multiple-year comparisons (2020-2022).

	Bec	ker³	Lamb	erton	Le Ce	enter	Roch	ester	St. Paul ⁴	Was	eca
Variety	2022	2 yr	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr	2022	3 yr	2020	2022	3 yr
Antigo	110	97	89	91	101	101	86	98	85	78	85
CS Camden	124	118	106	100	105	104	84	85	101	121	120
Deon	86	90	118	114	104	105	115	111	111	93	107
Esker 2020	105	108	109	111	104	97	115	103	102	111	109
George ¹	90	100	103	п	86		112		ii.	103	=
Hayden	107	111	116	103	113	113	108	112	120	92	105
MN Pearl	90	95	97	108	97	101	103	102	130	104	119
ND Heart	87	90	101	99	99	98	83	91	92	106	88
Reins	102	97	87	93	95	97	69	86	103	88	97
Rushmore	87	92	95	103	103	109	107	111	100	114	110
Saddle	110	102	94	89	98	100	104	103	98	89	79
SD Buffalo	114	109	103	112	101	103	128	117	106	100	109
Shelby 427	93	100	91	86	96	103	104	106	105	81	91
Streaker ²	65	67	75	73	81	81	69	73	78	82	82
Sumo	98	97	93	102	94	91	91	93	81	75	89
Warrior	118	112	100	108	104	97	99	100	114	104	98
WIX10305-4	114	114	121	109	121	100	124	107	75	157	114
Mean (bu/acre)	100	91	125	114	136	130	149	137	126	80	82
LSD (0.05) ⁵	21.4	19.9	19.4	21.1	27.4	16.9	28.4	22.2	13	16.7	19.8

¹Line tested in 2021 and 2022 only

²Hulless oat

³Location was tested in 2021 and 2022

⁴Location was tested in 2020 only

⁵A large LSD suggests large variability from year to year for the specific location

Table 17. Relative grain yield of oat varieties in Minnesota in single-year (2022) and multiple-year comparisons (2020-2022).

		North			South			State	
	2022	2 yr	3 yr	2022	2 yr	3 yr	2022	2 yr	3 yr
Variety				 	(% of mean)				
Antigo	82	83	84	93	94	94	87	88	89
CS Camden	112	111	111	105	104	102	109	108	107
Deon	107	110	108	105	107	107	106	108	108
Esker 2020	102	101	100	109	106	105	105	104	102
George ¹	95	98	-	99	96	-	97	97	-
Hayden	111	110	112	108	111	110	110	110	111
MN Pearl	114	114	114	98	102	107	107	108	111
ND Heart	90	94	97	94	93	94	92	94	95
Reins	96	91	94	87	91	94	92	91	94
Rushmore	108	107	110	101	102	106	105	105	108
Saddle	102	98	97	99	95	96	100	97	96
SD Buffalo	113	111	111	110	109	110	111	110	110
Shelby 427	89	92	93	94	99	98	91	95	96
Streaker ²	78	77	77	74	76	76	76	76	77
Sumo	89	88	83	91	92	93	90	90	88
Warrior	107	108	107	104	103	103	106	105	105
WIX10305-4	106	108	101	125	117	105	115	112	103
Mean (bu/acre)	172	141	141	118	106	113	142	122	126
LSD (0.05)	20.3	13.3	11.1	16.1	10.4	9.2	13.4	8.5	7.3
# of environments	4	8	12	5	10	15	9	18	27

¹Line tested in 2021 and 2022 only

²Hulless oat

Do you know what's in your



The Minnesota Soybean Research & Promotion Council, which oversees the investments of soybean checkoff dollars, invites you to join us at this year's Prairie Grains Conference on Dec. 7-8, 2022. Hear the latest updates in soybean research, and attend a breakout session on new research considerations in soilborne pathogen management.

Soybean Research Reporting Sessions - December 8, 2022

Time Title/Presenter

7:15 a.m. P&K in a Long-Term Wheat and Soybean Crop Rotation. Dave Grafstrom

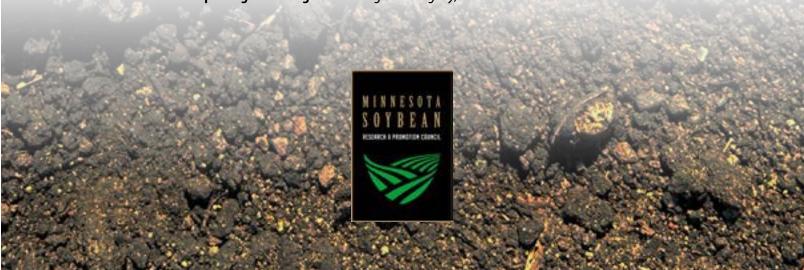
7:35 a.m. An Abundance of MN Soybean Research: Disease, Pest, and Crop Management. *Angie Peltier* 8:00 a.m. Evaluating soybean varieties to identify genetic and architectural sources of resistance against

white mold. *Megan McCaghey and Ashish Ranjan*

8:25 a.m. Soybean Weed Management Research update. David Kee

Soybean Breakout Session - December 8, 2022

11:15 a.m. Soybean architecture, environmental drivers of disease, and new research considerations in soilborne pathogen management. *Megan McCaghey, Ph.D.*





Syngenta Data, 2020-2022

Three-Year Northeast Summary, Northern Plains



Ranked by Three-Year Yield Average

•				•							
	Υ	ield bu/a	0	Protein %		onomic eturn¹		Agrono	omics and E)isease	
Variety	3-yr Avg	2-yr Avg	2022	3-yr Avg	\$/Bu	Gross \$/A	Heading 1-9	Height 1-9	Lodging 1-9	BLS 1-9	FHB 1-9
SY Valda	77.2	78.7	79.4	14.1	8.90	\$687.60	5	5	5	4	4
MN-Torgy	77.2	76.4	77.6	15.3	9.49	\$732.30	6	6	4	3	NA
Faller	77.1	75.6	73.8	14.3	9.01	\$694.90	6	6	7	3	3
SY 611 CL ²	76.5	77.5	77.1	15.0	9.32	\$713.00	5	4	4	4	3
Shelly	75.3	77.9	79.4	14.0	8.85	\$666.50	6	5	6	5	4
AP Murdock	74.6	73.5	76.0	14.7	9.19	\$684.90	4	4	4	4	4
AP Smith	73.1	74.6	78.4	14.9	9.31	\$680.00	6	4	2	3	4
LCS Cannon	72.8	73.9	74.7	15.0	9.36	\$691.80	2	4	4	4	3
SY Ingmar	72.1	74.0	76.6	15.5	9.57	\$690.30	5	5	3	3	3
SY McCloud	70.3	74.2	75.7	15.9	9.79	\$688.20	4	5	4	5	4
AP Gunsmoke CL ²	69.8	72.7	71.2	14.9	9.27	\$647.20	5	5	4	5	4
SY Longmire	69.7	73.5	74.9	14.9	9.31	\$648.50	5	5	5	4	5
SY Soren	66.3	68.2	68.1	15.9	9.79	\$648.70	4	4	3	5	4
ND VitPro	65.4	65.6	65.9	15.4	9.56	\$626.70	4	5	6	3	4

2020 Locations: Cando, Glyndon, McVille, Park River, ND; and Crookston, MN; 2021 Locations: Crookston and Glyndon, MN; 2022 Locations: McVille, Thompson, and Park River, ND; Warren, MN

Three-Year West Summary, Northern Plains Ranked by Three-Year Yield Average

	Yi	eld bu/ac		Protein %	Economi	ic Return¹		Agrono	omics and D	isease	
Variety	3-yr Avg	2-yr Avg	2022	3-yr Avg	\$/Bu	Gross \$/A	Heading 1-9	Height 1-9	Lodging 1-9	BLS 1-9	FHB 1-9
Faller	75.5	65.1	86.1	14.1	8.90	\$672.40	6	6	7	3	3
Shelly	72.5	66.2	88.5	14.5	9.11	\$660.30	6	5	6	5	4
SY Valda	71.4	63.7	84.7	14.8	9.25	\$660.10	5	5	5	4	4
AP Gunsmoke CL ²	67.9	63.2	81.5	15.3	9.50	\$644.50	5	5	4	5	4
SY 611 CL ²	67.3	61.8	81.1	15.3	9.48	\$637.70	5	4	4	4	3
AP Smith	66.9	60.9	79.7	15.3	9.48	\$634.00	6	4	2	3	4
Vida	66.7	61.2	79.2	15.0	9.35	\$624.30	6	6	4	5	5
SY McCloud	65.5	59.9	77.2	15.8	9.75	\$639.00	4	5	4	5	4
AP Murdock	65.5	59.6	78.7	15.0	9.36	\$613.20	4	4	4	4	4
SY Ingmar	65.3	58.4	75.7	15.6	9.65	\$630.20	5	5	3	3	3
SY Rockford	65.2	63.5	83.0	15.4	9.56	\$623.60	6	6	4	7	3
Lanning	64.8	59.8	77.9	15.3	9.48	\$614.20	4	5	4	5	5
SY Longmire	64.3	58.4	75.1	15.1	9.41	\$604.70	5	5	5	4	5
Reeder	63.5	56.9	72.5	15.6	9.62	\$611.10	4	6	5	4	
LCS Cannon	62.7	57.6	75.7	15.3	9.49	\$594.40	2	4	4	4	3
Glenn	61.8	56.7	75.0	15.5	9.60	\$593.60	3	6	7	4	3
ND VitPro	60.4	54.7	71.5	16.1	9.84	\$594.40	4	5	6	3	4

2020 Locations: New Leipzig, Coleharbor, and Kenmare, ND; 2021 Locations: New Leipzig, Velva, ND; 2022 Locations: Berthold, New Leipzig, and Velva, ND

Numerical ratings: Heading: 1= early; Height: 1 = short; Lodging: 1 = no lodging; Disease 1 = tolerant

These agronomic assessments are made by Syngenta scientists and reflect each variety's relative performance within these characteristics through the 2022 crop year. Specific conditions may cause variations within those characteristics. These relative protection values are based on current pest and disease populations. These have been known to shift periodically and may cause changes in specific evaluations. Resistance to many other diseases and pests is sensitive to environmental conditions, plant development stages and the presence and intensity of other diseases which may result in specific evaluation inconsistencies. This chart is updated annually to reflect the most current trends.

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¹ Economic return calculated using October local cash grain price of \$8.84 for 14% protein and 10-year average MGE protein discount/premium up to 16% protein (Mendota Wheat & Milling Associates, 2022).



Syngenta Data, 2020-2022

AgriPro AgriPro

Three-Year South Dakota Summary, Northern Plains Ranked by Three-Year Yield Average

	Y	i eld bu/ac		Protein %	Economi	ic Return¹		Agrono	mics and I	Disease	
Variety	3-yr Avg	2-yr Avg	2022	3-yr Avg	\$/Bu	Gross \$/A	Heading 1-9	Height 1-9	Lodging 1-9	BLS 1-9	FHB 1-9
LCS Trigger	55.7	51.8	57.1	14.0	8.85	\$493.1	6	6	6	3	2
SY Valda	52.4	48.7	52.9	15.3	9.48	\$496.8	5	5	5	4	4
CP3530	51.6	49.4	50.1	15.2	9.44	\$486.9	6	6	6	4	3
AP Gunsmoke CL ²	49.1	47.4	49.0	15.8	9.75	\$478.6	5	5	3	5	4
AP Murdock	48.9	46.6	53.1	15.4	9.54	\$466.2	4	4	4	4	4
AP Revolution	48.7	47.6	53.2	15.9	9.77	\$475.6	4	4	4	3	3
Prevail	48.2	46.5	52.2	15.4	9.52	\$458.3	4	6	5	5	4

Numerical ratings: Heading: 1= early; Height: 1 = short; Lodging: 1 = no lodging; Disease 1 = tolerant

2020 Locations: Agar, Northville, and Selby, SD; 2021 Locations: Northville and Selby, SD; 2022 Locations: Agar, Northville, Selby, and Webster, SD

These agronomic assessments are made by Syngenta scientists and reflect each variety's relative performance within these characteristics through the 2022 crop year. Specific conditions may cause variations within those characteristics. These relative protection values are based on current pest and disease populations. These have been known to shift periodically and may cause changes in specific evaluations. Resistance to many other diseases and pests is sensitive to environmental conditions, plant development stages and the presence and intensity of other diseases which may result in specific evaluation inconsistencies. This chart is updated annually to reflect the most current trends.

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¹ Economic return calculated using October local cash grain price of \$8.84 for 14% protein and 10-year average MGE protein discount/premium up to 16% protein (Mendota Wheat & Milling Associates, 2022).

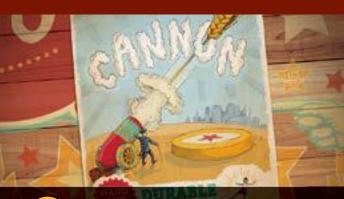
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ACROSS THE PRAIRIE

By Prairie Grains Magazine staff

Grand Farm Innovation Facility breaks ground



As harvest season nears its end, North Dakota is welcoming its newest home for ag innovation. In October, ground broke on the Grand Farm Innovation Facility near Casselton. Focusing on creating tomorrow's agricultural technologies, the facility will host agricultural technology entrepreneurs and researchers to advance autonomous agriculture and other technology.

Established by the non-profit Emerging Prairie, funds for the project have been generated from both private and public sectors.

The state Commerce Department awarded Grand Farm a \$10 million matching grant that will be matched by donations to reach \$20 million for the project. Attendees of the groundbreaking ceremony, where a remote-controlled Bobcat machine was used instead of a shovel, included Gov. Doug Burgum, U.S. Sen. John Hoeven, former Gov. Jack Dalrymple and former U.S. Secretary of Ag and former Gov. Ed Schafer. Building construction will be completed in 2023.

Updated website helps growers find farms, land

An online tool from the Minnesota Department of Agriculture (MDA) to connect current farmers considering retirement with beginning farmers looking for land has undergone a major upgrade.

Minnesota FarmLink, a listing service for Minnesota farms and land parcels for sale or rent, now offers users the ability to post, edit and delete their own listings. Visitors to the site also now have the opportunity to browse the listings without logging in to an account.

In addition to listings of farms and land parcels for sale or rent, FarmLink also has categories for Beginning/Emerging Farmers looking to work alongside a current farm owner on future ownership transition, current farmers looking for successors, job seekers and job postings, and mentorship/internship postings and seekers.



More information about FarmLink is available at mda.state.mn.us/. Specific questions regarding FarmLink should be directed to Jim Ostlie at 320-842-6910 or email Jim.Ostlie@state.mn.us.

Two USDA programs open for 2023 crop year enrollment

Enrollment for USDA's Agriculture Risk Coverage (ARC) and Price Loss Coverage (PLC) programs for the 2023 crop year is now open; producers have until March 15, 2023, to register. More than \$255 million has been issued to producers with 2021 crops that triggered payments through ARC or PLC.

Producers can elect coverage and enroll in ARC-County (ARC-CO) or PLC, which provide crop by crop protection, or ARC-Individual (ARC-IC), which protects the entire farm. If producers fail to submit their election by the March 15, 2023, deadline, their election remains the same as their 2022 election.

ARC and PLC are part of a broader safety net provided by USDA, which also include crop insurance and marketing assistance loans. As a reminder, ARC and PLC elections and enrollments can impact eligibility for some crop insurance products.

For more information on ARC and PLC, visit the ARC and PLC webpage or contact your local USDA Service Center.

US wheat production slightly higher than 2021

Despite winter wheat production impacted by drought or near-drought conditions in the southern and southwestern U.S. Plains and spring wheat production impacted by planting delays in the northern U.S. Plains, domestic wheat production is slightly higher than 2021 at 1.65 billion bushels from a harvested area of 37.2 million acres. Though there were reductions in planting area for all wheat types, better yields balanced overall production numbers.

Spring wheat raked in 482.9 million bushels compared to 151.34 million in 2021 and averaged 46.2 bushels per acre. Because of a lower rate of abandonment compared to last year, the negative effects of a decline in planted area were minimized.

Winter wheat, all types, totaled 1.104 billion bushels, down 124 million from last year, with an average yield of 47 bushels per acre. Harvested area was down 2 million acres, likely due to abandonment because of weather problems.

Wheat ranks third among U.S. field crops in planted acreage and production – behind corn and soybeans – and wheat area has increased in the last two years with elevated prices incentivizing growers to plant additional wheat.



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Visit mnwheat.org to join today.

